

Replantation of Amputated Penile Shaft

Dear Editor,

I read with interest the reported case of successful penile replantation published in the recent issue of *The IJOEM*.¹ Although, the authors have stated that the procedure was successful with good urine flow and cosmetic result, it would have been better if they had performed a color Doppler sonography to show the patency of the arteries and also a Rigiscan tech to prove potency of the patient.^{2,3}

Conflicts of Interest: None declared.

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References

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2. Jarow JP. Penile revascularization for arterial occlusive disease. *Atlas Urol Clin North Am* 2002;**10**:127-40.
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Author's Reply

Dear Editor,

I read the comments of Dr. Khorshidi regarding our recent report in *The IJOEM*.¹ Color Doppler ultrasonography is used for evaluation of vascular causes of erectile dysfunction and Rigiscan tech is a functional study for evaluation of normal erection during sleep which needs hospitalization of the patient for 24–48 hours. Our patient had no history of erectile dysfunction; physical examination revealed normal penile tissues without any evidence of post-operative ischemia, so we found none of these modalities necessary to perform.

Conflicts of Interest: None declared.

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Reference

1. Salehipour M, Ariafar A. Successful replantation of amputated penile shaft following industrial injury. *The International Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine* 2010;**1**:198-200.