

http://zoobank.org/urn:lsid:zoobank.org:pub:397C484D-DBA5-4654-A6BC-7B0B352E1BD2

## Article

### Second record of *Erythraeus (Zaracarus) coleopterus* (Acari: Erythraeidae) from Iran with new morphological data

Javad Noei<sup>1</sup>, Mostafa Maroufpoor<sup>2\*</sup>, Fardin Faizi<sup>3</sup> and Hadi Ostovan<sup>4</sup>

1. Department of Plant Protection, Faculty of Agriculture, University of Birjand, Birjand, Iran; E-mail: noei.javad@birjand.ac.ir

2. Department of Plant Protection, Faculty of Agriculture, University of Kurdistan, Sanandaj, Iran; E-mail: M.Maroufpoor@uok.ac.ir

3. Department of Plant Protection, Faculty of Agriculture, University of Tehran, Karaj, Iran; E-mail: ffaizi@ut.ac.ir

4. Department of Entomology, Shiraz Branch, Islamic Azad University, Shiraz, Iran; E-mail: ostovan2001@yahoo.com

\* Corresponding author

#### ABSTRACT

*Erythraeus (Zaracarus) coleopterus* Mortazavi, Hajiqanbar & Saboori, 2012 (Acari: Parasitengona: Erythraeidae) was described based on a single specimen from Kerman province, southeastern Iran, associated with a scarabaeid beetle, *Cyphonoxia* sp. (Coleoptera: Scarabaeidae). This species reports for the second time from stored grain (off host) in Saqqez and Baneh cities, Kurdistan province, western Iran and presents new morphological data. Finding some specimens help us to augment and correct the original description of *E. (Z.) coleopterus*. A key to world larval species group of *Erythraeus (Zaracarus)* is presented which is modified and corrected from Mahmoudi *et al.* (2014).

**KEY WORDS:** Erythraeinae; key; Kurdistan; larva; Parasitengona.

**PAPER INFO.:** Received: 7 March 2017, Accepted: 4 April 2017, Published: 15 April 2017

#### INTRODUCTION

Among the family Erythraeidae, the subfamily Erythraeinae Robineau-Desvoidy comprises 26 genera and 6 subgenera, which the subgenus *Erythraeus (Zaracarus)* is based on larval form only and includes 29 species (Mąkol and Wohltmann 2012, 2013; Mahmoudi *et al.* 2014; Haitlinger and Šundić 2015). Diagnostic characters for *Erythraeus (Zaracarus)* were presented by Southcott (1995), Fain and Ripka (1998) and Khanjani *et al.* (2010). Only 9 species of larval *Erythraeus (Zaracarus)* have been described from Iran hitherto (Mahmoudi *et al.* 2014).

Up to now, only one species, *E. (Z.) kurdistanensis* Khanjani & Ueckermann, 2005 was collected from Kurdistan province. In this paper, we report *E. (Z.) coleopterus* as the second larval species from this province collected from stored grain (off host) and present new morphological data.

#### MATERIAL AND METHODS

Eight specimens were extracted by a Berlese funnel, cleared in Nesbitt's fluid and mounted on microscope slides using Hoyer's medium (Walter and Krantz 2009). Figures were drawn and

measurements (given in micrometers) were made using a BX51 phase contrast Olympus microscope (Japan) equipped with a drawing tube. The terminology and abbreviations are followed from Saboori *et al.* (2009).

**Genus *Erythraeus* Latreille**  
**Subgenus *Erythraeus* (*Zaracarus*) Southcott**

***Erythraeus* (*Zaracarus*) *coleopterus* Mortazavi, Hajiqanbar & Saboori, 2012**

*Diagnosis of larva* – AL with thin bases, fn BFe 3-3-3, fn Ti 14-15-15, fn Ta I-III 25–26, 23, 24.

*Material examined*

One specimen (ARS-20160707-1a) collected from stored grain (off host), Iran, Kurdistan province, Baneh city, Kani Sur village, 36° 03.34' N, 45° 44.46' E, 1484 m a.s.l., 27 June 2015, coll. F. Faizi; 3 specimens (ARS-20160707-1d, 1f, 1g), same data as first specimen (1a) except collected on 28 June 2015 in Saqqez city, Sarab village, 36° 22.31' N, 46° 12.49' E, 1538 m a.s.l., 3 specimens (ARS-20160707-1b, 1c and 1h), same data as first specimen except collected on 28 June 2015 in Saqqez city (Saqqez-Bukan Road), 36° 17.09' N, 46° 15.13' E, 1521 m a.s.l., one specimen (ARS-20160707-1e), same data as first specimen except collected on 28 June 2015 in Saqqez city (Saqqez-Bukan Road), 36° 18.20' N, 46° 15.20' E, 1565 m a.s.l.

*Material deposition*

Four specimens (ARS-20160707-1a, 1b, 1c, 1d) are deposited in the Acarological collection, Jalal Afshar Zoological Museum, Faculty of Agriculture, University of Tehran, Karaj, Iran and four specimens (ARS-20160707-1e, 1f, 1g, 1h) in the Acarological Collection, Acarological Society of Iran, Karaj, Iran.

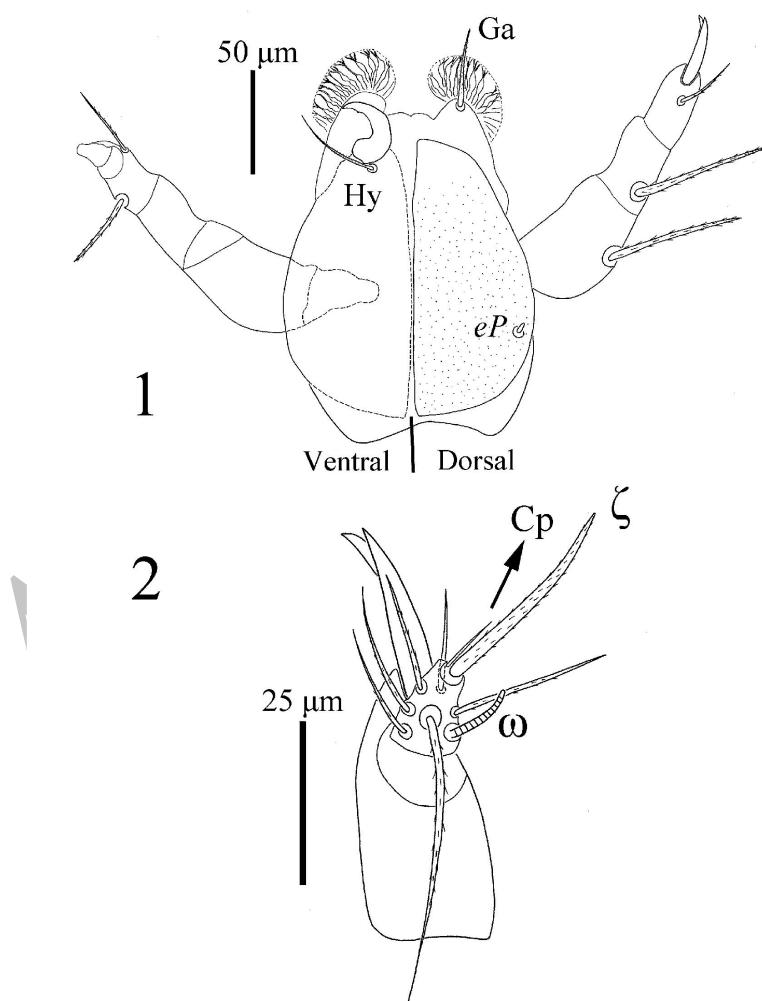
*Remarks*

The subgenus of *Erythraeus* (*Zaracarus*) divided in two species groups: one group has AL without swelling near bases which 6 species have basifemoral setal formula 3-3-3, including *E.* (*Z.*) *kastaniensis* Haitlinger, 2006, *E.* (*Z.*) *passidonicus* Haitlinger, 2006, *E.* (*Z.*) *soleimanii* Khanjani, Miromayedi, Rezai-Nahad & Fayaz, 2010, *E.* (*Z.*) *bibadakiensis* Haitlinger, 2011, *E.* (*Z.*) *coleopterus* Mortazavi, Hajiqanbar & Saboori, 2012 and *E.* (*Z.*) *hafezi* Saboori, Hakimitabar & Mahmoudi, 2014 (Haitlinger 2006a, 2011; Khanjani *et al.* 2010; Mortazavi *et al.* 2012; Mahmoudi *et al.* 2014) and 5 species including, *E.* (*Z.*) *tehranicus* Haitlinger & Saboori, 1996, *E.* (*Z.*) *didonae* Haitlinger, 2000, *E.* (*Z.*) *kharrazii* Saboori, 2000, *E.* (*Z.*) *monrealicus* Haitlinger, 2012, and *E.* (*Z.*) *tuzicus* Haitlinger & Šundić, 2015 have basifemoral setal formula 2-2-2 (Haitlinger and Saboori 1996; Haitlinger 2000, 2012; Saboori 2000; Haitlinger and Šundić 2015).

The other group has AL with swelling near bases which 1 species including *E.* (*Z.*) *plumatus* Tseng *et al.*, 1976 has basifemoral setal formula 3-3-2 (Tseng *et al.* 1976; Beron 2008; Mąkol & Wohltmann 2012), 12 species including, *E.* (*Z.*) *eleonorae* Haitlinger, 1987, *E.* (*Z.*) *lancifer* Southcott, 1995, *E.* (*Z.*) *fabiola* Haitlinger, 1997, *E.* (*Z.*) *budapestensis* Fain & Ripka, 1998, *E.* (*Z.*) *rajabii* Saboori, 2000, *E.* (*Z.*) *longipedus* Saboori & Nowzari, 2001, *E.* (*Z.*) *aydinicus* Saboori, Cakmak & Nouri-Gonbalani, 2004, *E.* (*Z.*) *sibuljinicus* Haitlinger, 2004, *E.* (*Z.*) *jinkaensis* Haitlinger, 2006, *E.* (*Z.*) *ruizporterae* Mayoral & Barranco, 2008, *E.* (*Z.*) *perpusillus* Kamran, Afzal, Raza, Irfanullah, Bashir & Ahmad, 2009 and *E.* (*Z.*) *adrianicus* Haitlinger, 2012 have basifemoral setal formula 3-3-3 (Haitlinger 1987, 1997, 2004, 2006b, 2012; Southcott 1995; Fain & Ripka 1998; Saboori 2000; Saboori & Nowzari 2001; Saboori *et al.* 2004; Mayoral & Barranco 2008; Kamran *et al.* 2009) and 5 species including, *E.* (*Z.*) *preciosus* Goldarazena & Zhang, 1998, *E.* (*Z.*) *iranicus* Saboori & Akrami,

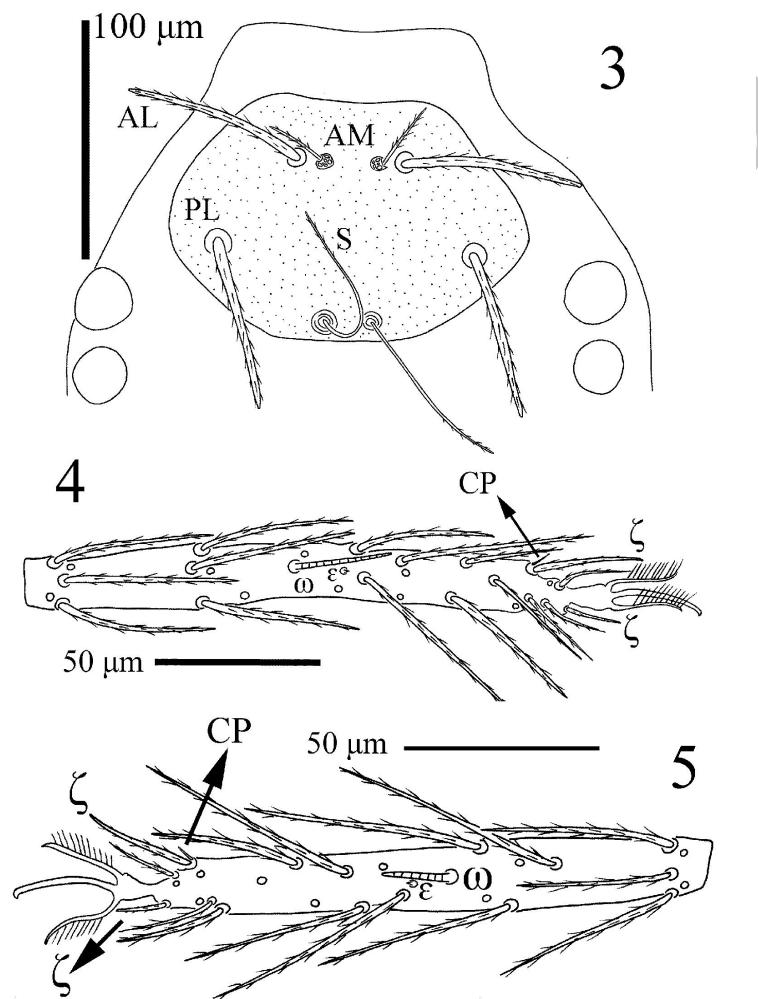
2001, *E. (Z.) ueckermannii* Saboori, Nowzari & Bagheri-Zenouz, 2004, *E. (Z.) kurdistanensis* Khanjani & Ueckermann, 2005 and *E. (Z.) arminouensis* Haitlinger & Łupicki, 2011 have basifemoral setal formula 2-2-2 (Goldarazena and Zhang 1998; Saboori and Akrami 2001; Saboori *et al.* 2004; Khanjani and Ueckermann 2005; Haitlinger & Łupicki 2011).

Finding some specimens help us to augment and correct the original description of *E. (Z.) coleopterus*. We re-examined the type of *E. (Z.) coleopterus* and compared with Kurdistan specimens. The corrected characters are as follows: fn Ta I–III 25–26, 23, 24, presence of companion seta (Cp) with tectal eupathidia on Ta I and II (Figs. 4–5), presence of Cp on palptarsus and fPp = 0-B-B-BBB<sub>2</sub>-5BNo $\zeta$ Cp (Figs. 1–2). The specimens collected in Kurdistan province fit the data for the species given by Mortazavi *et al.* (2012) except for the length of AL setae (70–85 vs. 119 in type specimen), PW (95–107 vs. 119) and the shape of posterior border of dorsal scutum (straight vs. concave) (Fig. 3, Table 1), which these differences are interpreted as within the range of species variability. Furthermore, Mortazavi *et al.* (2012) have mentioned which the "subcapitulum with smooth hypostomal setae and galeal setae" in the text, which is typographical error and based on their figure (Fig. 3, page 113) and our study these setae have minute barbs (Fig. 1).



**Figures 1–2.** *Erythraeus (Z.) coleopterus* Mortazavi, Hajiqanbar & Saboori, 2012 (larva, Kurdistan specimens) – 1. Dorsal (right) and ventral (left) view of gnathosoma; 2. Ventral view of palpal tarsus.

In the key to species of the subgenus *Erythraeus* (*Zaracarus*) of the world (larva) presented by Mahmoudi *et al.* (2014), *E. (Z.) eleonorae* is missed. They set *E. (Z.) kastaniensis*, *E. (Z.) soleimanii*, *E. (Z.) bibadakiensis*, *E. (Z.) coleopterus* and *E. (Z.) monrealicus* in the group AL with swelling near bases whereas these species belong to the species group of the subgenus *Erythraeus* (*Zaracarus*) with AL with thin bases (Haitlinger 2006a, 2011, 2012; Khanjani *et al.* 2010; Mortazavi *et al.* 2012). Thus, the corrected key of larval species of this subgenus is presented here. We added *E. (Z.) tuzicus* in the identification key which was described after Mahmoudi *et al.* (2014). Also, Mahmoudi *et al.* (2014) mentioned in their paper a range for *E. (Z.) passidonicus* whereas this species was described based on single specimen.



**Figures 3–5.** *Erythraeus (Z.) coleopterus* Mortazavi, Hajiqanbar & Saboori, 2012 (larva, Kurdistan specimens) – 3. Scutum; 4. Tarsus I; 5. Tarsus II

Leg setal formula in type and Kurdistan specimens are as follows: Leg I: Ta – 1 $\omega$ , 1 $\varepsilon$ , 2 $\zeta$ , 1Cp, 25–26n [24n in type specimen only on the right side, 26n in two Kurdistan specimens (ARS-20160707-1c, 1g)] (Fig. 4); Ti – 2 $\varphi$ , 1Cp, 1 $\kappa$ , 14n; Ge – 1 $\sigma$ , 1 $\kappa$ , 8n; TFe – 5n; BFe – 3n; Tr – 1n. Leg II: Ta – 1 $\omega$ , 1 $\varepsilon$ , 2 $\zeta$ , 1Cp, 23n [22n in two Kurdistan specimens only on the right side (ARS-20160707-1a, 1h) and 24n in one Kurdistan specimen (ARS-20160707-1f) only on the right side] (Fig. 5); Ti – 2 $\varphi$ , 15n; Ge – 8n, 1 $\kappa$ ; TFe – 5n; BFe – 3n; Tr – 1n. Leg III: Ta – 1 $\zeta$ , 24n [22n in one

Kurdistan specimen (ARS-20160707-1h) only on the left side]; Ti –1φ, 15n; Ge – 8n; TFe – 5n; BFe – 3n; Tr – 1n.

IP = 2870–3188 in Kurdistan specimens (3003 in type specimen).

Metric data is given in Table 1.

**Table 1.** Metric data for *Erythraeus (Zaracarus) coleopterus* larvae.

| Character | from Kurdistan (present study) |      |       |     |      |         |     |     | Mortazavi<br>et al. 2012 |     |
|-----------|--------------------------------|------|-------|-----|------|---------|-----|-----|--------------------------|-----|
|           | 1a                             | 1b   | 1c    | 1d  | 1e   | 1f      | 1g  | 1h  |                          |     |
| IL        | 350                            | 340  | 347   | 327 | 357  | 367     | 342 | 367 | 327–367                  | 408 |
| IW        | 245                            | 240  | 252   | 250 | 255  | 262     | 265 | 280 | 240–280                  | 303 |
| SD        | 102                            | 97   | 97    | 94  | 95   | 95      | 95  | 90  | 90–102                   | 93  |
| W         | 152                            | 151  | 151   | 145 | 144  | 157     | 137 | 151 | 137–157                  | 147 |
| AW        | 45                             | 45   | 40    | 40  | 41   | 45      | 40  | 42  | 40–45                    | 40  |
| PW        | 107                            | 105  | 102   | 100 | 97   | 104     | 95  | 105 | 95–107                   | 119 |
| AA        | 27                             | 26   | 25    | 21  | 21   | 25      | 21  | 25  | 21–27                    | 20  |
| SB        | 19                             | 17   | 15    | 15  | 15   | 17      | 16  | 17  | 15–19                    | 16  |
| ISD       | 67                             | 64   | 66    | 62  | 70   | 62      | 65  | 62  | 62–70                    | 60  |
| AP        | 47                             | 50   | 52    | 44  | 44   | 52      | 42  | 52  | 44–52                    | 53  |
| AL        | 75                             | 85   | 82    | 75  | 80   | 80      | 70  | 74  | 70–85                    | 119 |
| PL        | 72/70                          | 67   | 70    | 64  | 65   | 65      | 65  | 60  | 60–72                    | 79  |
| AM        | 27                             | 27   | 29    | 27  | 26   | 30      | 27  | 25  | 25–30                    | 25  |
| S         | 77                             | 80   | 87    | 84  | 77   | 75      | 70  | 75  | 70–87                    | 79  |
| DS Min.   | 57                             | 52   | 60    | 47  | 55   | 52      | 55  | 55  | 47–60                    | 60  |
| DS Max.   | 62                             | 75   | 75    | 67  | 70   | 77      | 62  | 65  | 62–77                    | 71  |
| PDS Min.  | 65                             | 75   | 57    | 50  | 55   | 47      | 42  | 50  | 42–65                    | 50  |
| PDS Max.  | 65                             | 75   | 57    | 50  | 55   | 47      | 52  | 60  | 47–65                    | 62  |
| 1a        | 46                             | 50   | 45/50 | 40  | 45   | 50      | 37  | 42  | 37–50                    | 50  |
| 3a        | 30                             | 35   | 32    | ?   | 30   | 35      | 30  | 32  | 30–35                    | 42  |
| 1b        | 110/100                        | 110  | 102   | 92  | 97   | 110/101 | 92  | 100 | 92–110                   | 108 |
| 2b        | 37                             | 40   | 35    | 35  | 35   | 40      | 36  | 35  | 35–40                    | 39  |
| 3b        | 45                             | 51   | 57    | 50  | 47   | 55      | 42  | 45  | 42–57                    | 61  |
| GL        | 165                            | 162  | 162   | 145 | 157  | 165     | 162 | 160 | 145–165                  | 138 |
| PSFd      | 65                             | 62   | 62    | 59  | 62   | 69      | 60  | 57  | 57–69                    | 64  |
| PSGd      | 62                             | 65   | 67    | 61  | 62   | 61      | 57  | 57  | 57–67                    | 67  |
| Ga        | 35                             | 37   | 35    | 32  | 30   | 32      | 35  | 32  | 30–37                    | 37  |
| Hy        | 42                             | 45   | 42    | 45  | 45   | 52      | 45  | 42  | 42–52                    | 46  |
| Ta I (L)  | 170                            | 167  | 160   | 155 | 162  | 170     | 157 | 155 | 155–170                  | 184 |
| Ta I (H)  | 20                             | 20   | 20    | 20  | 20   | 20      | 20  | 20  | 20                       | 19  |
| Ti I      | 265                            | 265  | 260   | 242 | 252  | 257     | 252 | 252 | 242–265                  | 226 |
| Ge I      | 182                            | 192  | 190   | 170 | 185  | 187     | 182 | 177 | 170–192                  | 163 |
| TFe I     | 130                            | 132  | 135   | 115 | 135  | 127     | 125 | 127 | 115–135                  | 121 |
| BFe I     | 142                            | 152  | 147   | 137 | 130  | 137     | 140 | 137 | 130–152                  | 111 |
| Tr I      | 72                             | 75   | 75    | 67  | 74   | 75      | 65  | 70  | 65–75                    | 68  |
| Cx I      | 75                             | 72   | 75    | 66  | 67   | 77      | 70  | 75  | 66–77                    | 76  |
| Leg I     | 1036                           | 1055 | 1042  | 952 | 1005 | 1030    | 991 | 993 | 952–1055                 | 949 |
| Ta II (L) | 150                            | 147  | 140   | 137 | 142  | 150     | 137 | 125 | 125–150                  | 163 |
| Ta II (H) | 19                             | 20   | 20    | 20  | 20   | 20      | 20  | 20  | 19–20                    | 14  |
| Ti II     | 250                            | 247  | 240   | 227 | 237  | 237     | 237 | 237 | 227–250                  | 205 |
| Ge II     | 142                            | 150  | 147   | 131 | 140  | 142     | 145 | 140 | 131–150                  | 137 |
| TFe II    | 120                            | 120  | 115   | 102 | 122  | 110     | 117 | 109 | 102–122                  | 105 |
| BFe II    | 127                            | 127  | 130   | 115 | 119  | 125     | 120 | 125 | 115–130                  | 116 |
| Tr II     | 72                             | 72   | 62    | 62  | 70   | 70      | 67  | 65  | 62–72                    | 63  |
| Cx II     | 90                             | 85   | 85    | 80  | 95   | 95      | 75  | 90  | 75–95                    | 84  |
| Leg II    | 951                            | 948  | 919   | 854 | 925  | 929     | 898 | 891 | 854–951                  | 873 |

**Table 1.** Continued.

| Character        | from Kurdistan (present study) |      |      |      |      |      |      |      | Mortazavi<br>et al. 2012 |      |
|------------------|--------------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|--------------------------|------|
|                  | 1a                             | 1b   | 1c   | 1d   | 1e   | 1f   | 1g   | 1h   |                          |      |
| Ta III (L)       | 170                            | 172  | 162  | 150  | 160  | 167  | 160  | 147  | 147–172                  | 200  |
| Ta III (H)       | 15                             | 15   | 15   | 15   | 15   | 15   | 15   | 15   | 15                       | 15   |
| Ti III           | 365                            | 370  | 352  | 332  | 350  | 362  | 347  | 352  | 332–370                  | 358  |
| Ge III           | 177                            | 182  | 180  | 160  | 175  | 182  | 177  | 174  | 160–182                  | 189  |
| TFe III          | 155                            | 157  | 155  | 135  | 155  | 157  | 152  | 157  | 135–157                  | 137  |
| BFe III          | 162                            | 152  | 157  | 135  | 142  | 160  | 150  | 150  | 135–162                  | 142  |
| Tr III           | 70                             | 72   | 72   | 65   | 67   | 72   | 65   | 67   | 65–72                    | 63   |
| Cx III           | 85                             | 80   | 85   | 87   | 95   | 90   | 80   | 87   | 80–95                    | 92   |
| Leg III          | 1184                           | 1185 | 1163 | 1064 | 1144 | 1190 | 1131 | 1134 | 1064–1190                | 1181 |
| IP               | 3171                           | 3188 | 3124 | 2870 | 3074 | 3149 | 3020 | 3018 | 2870–3188                | 3003 |
| fD               | 40                             | 46   | 43   | 42   | 40   | 46   | ?    | 44   | 40–46                    | 42   |
| fV               | 12                             | 12   | 12   | 12   | 12   | 12   | 13   | 12   | 12–13                    | 15   |
| NDV              | 52                             | 58   | 55   | 54   | 52   | 58   | ?    | 56   | 52–58                    | 57   |
| Anterior<br>eye  | 27                             | 27   | 25   | 22   | 25   | 22   | 22   | 22   | 22–27                    | 18   |
| Posterior<br>eye | 24                             | 25   | 20   | 20   | 24   | 20   | 22   | 20   | 20–25                    | 16   |
| PaFe             | 60                             | 55   | 67   | 57   | 55   | 55   | 61   | 62   | 55–67                    | —    |
| PaGe             | 35                             | 37   | 35   | 30   | 32   | 36   | 35   | 34   | 30–37                    | —    |
| PaTi             | 40                             | 42   | 40   | 37   | 40   | 40   | 35   | 37   | 35–42                    | —    |
| PaTa             | 12                             | 12   | 12   | 12   | 12   | 12   | 12   | 12   | 12                       | —    |
| PaTi claw        | 35                             | 35   | 31   | 29   | 32   | 32   | 30   | 30   | 29–35                    | —    |

**Key to species of the subgenus *Erythraeus* (*Zaracarus*) of the world (larva) [modified from Mahmoudi et al. (2014) with corrections]**

1. fn BFe 3-3-3 or 3-3-2 ..... 2
- fn BFe 2-2-2 ..... 18
2. BFe 3-3-2 ..... *E. (Z.) plumatus* Beron, 2008
- BFe 3-3-3 ..... 3
3. Ti III  $\leq$  242 ..... *E. (Z.) jinkaensis* Haitlinger, 2006
- Ti III  $\geq$  271 ..... 4
4. Ti III  $\geq$  420 ..... 5
- Ti III  $\leq$  370 ..... 8
5. Ti III  $\leq$  424 ..... 6
- Ti III  $\geq$  439 ..... 7
6. Ti III 420, Ti II with 14 normal setae ..... *E. (Z.) fabiolae* Haitlinger, 1997
- Ti III 424, Ti II with 15 normal setae ..... *E. (Z.) longipedus* Saboori & Nowzari, 2001
7. Ti III 439–511, Ti II and III with 14 normal setae, AL with swelling near bases ..... *E. (Z.) adrianicus* Haitlinger, 2012
- Ti III 470–484, Ti II and III with 15 normal setae, AL without swelling near bases ..... *E. (Z.) hafezi* Saboori, Hakimitabar & Mahmoudi, 2014
8. Ti III 271–278, Ti III with 16 normal setae ..... *E. (Z.) perpusillus* Kamran et al., 2009
- Ti III  $\geq$  346, Ti III with less than 16 setae ..... 9
9. NDV 68, fD 54 ..... *E. (Z.) kastaniensis* Haitlinger, 2006
- NDV  $\leq$  61, fD  $\leq$  42 ..... 10
10. AL without swelling near bases ..... 11

|   |  |
|---|--|
| – AL with swelling near bases .....                                   | 14   |
| 11. fn Ti 14-14-14 .....  | 12   |
| – fn Ti 14-15-15 or 14-15-14 .....                                    | 13   |
| 12. W 160, AW 48, PW 122, scutum convex posteriorly .....             | <i>E. (Z.) bibadakiensis</i> Haitlinger, 2011                      |
| – W 120–146, AW 26–34, PW 94–100, scutum straight posteriorly .....   | <i>E. (Z.) passidonicus</i> Haitlinger, 2006*                      |
| 13. Ti III with 15 normal setae, W 137–147, AW 40–45 .....            | <i>E. (Z.) coleopterus</i> Mortazavi, Hajiqanbar & Saboori, 2012** |
| – Ti III with 14 normal setae, W 170–203, AW 53–58 .....              | <i>E. (Z.) soleimanii</i> Khanjani <i>et al.</i> , 2010            |
| 14. Ti II with 14 normal setae .....                                  | <i>E. (Z.) sibuljinicus</i> Haitlinger, 2004                       |
| – Ti II with 15 normal setae .....                                    | 15   |
| 15. fn Ti 13-15-12 .....  | <i>E. (Z.) rajabii</i> Saboori, 2000                               |
| – fn Ti 14-15-15 .....  | 16   |
| 16. Ta I 144–164, Ta II 128–144, Ta III 140–164 .....                 | <i>E. (Z.) lancifer</i> Southcott, 1995                            |
| – Ta I $\geq$ 170, Ta II $\geq$ 163, Ta III $\geq$ 181 .....          | 17   |
| 17. W 138–146, ISD 61–66, AL 165–167 .....                            | <i>E. (Z.) aydinicus</i> Saboori <i>et al.</i> , 2004              |
| – W 160–163, ISD 75, AL 145–150 .....                                 | <i>E. (Z.) ruzporterae</i> Mayoral & Barranco, 2008                |
| 18. NDV 60–80, fD 44–58 .....   | <i>E. (Z.) tuzicus</i> Haitlinger & Šundić, 2015                   |
| – NDV $\leq$ 56, fD $\leq$ 39 .....                                   | 19   |
| 19. AL without swelling near bases .....                              | 20   |
| – AL with swelling near bases .....                                   | 23   |
| 20. fn Ti 14-14-15, Ti III 180, Ti II 122 .....                       | <i>E. (Z.) tehranicus</i> Haitlinger & Saboori, 1996               |
| – fn Ti otherwise, Ti III $\geq$ 215, Ti II $\geq$ 135 .....          | 21   |
| 21. Ti II & III with 14 normal .....                                  | 22   |
| – Ti II & III with 15 normal setae .....                              | <i>E. (Z.) didonae</i> Haitlinger, 2000                            |
| 22. Ti III 215, AL 110–124, <i>Ia</i> 55 .....                        | <i>E. (Z.) kharrazi</i> Saboori, 2000                              |
| – Ti III 256–268, AL 168–182, <i>Ia</i> 82–98 .....                   | <i>E. (Z.) monrealicus</i> Haitlinger, 2012                        |
| 23. Ti II with 14 normal setae .....                                  | <i>E. (Z.) arminouensis</i> Haitlinger & Lupicki 2011              |
| – Ti II with 15 normal setae .....                                    | 24   |
| 24. Ti III with 16 normal setae .....                                 | 25   |
| – Ti III with 14 or 15 normal setae .....                             | 26   |
| 25. Ti I with 14 normal setae, SD 123–154, W 186–216, ISD 64–80 ..... | <i>E. (Z.) eleonorae</i> Haitlinger, 1987                          |
| – Ti I with 15 normal setae, SD 94–104, W 134–162, ISD 42–48 .....    | <i>E. (Z.) budapestensis</i> Fain & Ripka, 1998***                 |
| 26. Ti III with 14 normal setae .....                                 | 27   |
| – Ti III with 15 normal setae .....                                   | 28   |
| 27. ISD 50, Ge III 121, Ta III 124, <i>Ib</i> 91 .....                | <i>E. (Z.) iranicus</i> Saboori & Akrami, 2001                     |
| – ISD 27–48, Ge III 72–111, Ta III 90–114, <i>Ib</i> 65–74 .....      | <i>E. (Z.) preciosus</i> Goldarazena & Zhang, 1998                 |
| 28. Ti III 290–297, SD 106–115, W 166, PW 140–150 .....               | <i>E. (Z.) kurdistaniensis</i> Khanjani & Ueckermann, 2005         |
| – Ti III 199, SD 87, W 133, PW 102 .....                              | <i>E. (Z.) ueckermanni</i> Saboori <i>et al.</i> , 2004            |

\* Measurements are based on *E. (Z.) passidonicus* from Greece (Haitlinger 2006a) and Turkey (Haitlinger 2010).

\*\* Measurements are based on Mortazavi *et al.* (2012) and present study.

\*\*\* Measurements are based on *E. (Z.) budapestensis* from Hungary (Fain and Ripka 1998) and Crotia (Haitlinger 2004).

## ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

We thank Prof. Alireza Saboori (Jalal Afshar Zoological Museum, Department of Plant Protection, Faculty of Agriculture, University of Tehran, Karaj, Iran) for his kind help in this study and also appreciate for valuable comments which improved the manuscript English considerably. This project is supported by grants from Department of Plant Protection, Faculty of Agriculture, University of Kurdistan (4/10237).

## REFERENCES

- Beron, P. (2008) *Acarorum Catalogus I. Acariformes: Calyptostomatoidea (Calyptostomatidae), Erythraeoidea (Smarididae, Erythraeidae)*. Pensoft Publishers and the National Museum of Natural History, Sofia. Bulgarian Academy of Sciences, Sofia, 272 pp.
- Fain, A., & Ripka, G. (1998) A new larval Erythraeidae (Acari) from Hungary. *International Journal of Acarology*, 24(1): 41–44.
- Goldarazena, A. & Zhang, Z.-Q. (1998) New *Erythraeus* larvae (Acari: Erythraeidae) ectoparasitic on Aphidoidea (Homoptera) and Anthocoridae (Heteroptera). *Systematic and Applied Acarology*, 3: 149–158.
- Haitlinger, R. (1987) The genus *Erythraeus* Latreille, 1806 (Acari, Prostigmata, Erythraeidae) in Poland (larvae). *Polskie Pismo Entomologiczne*, 57: 725–734.
- Haitlinger, R. (2000) New larval mites (Acari: Prostigmata: Erythraeidae, Microtrombidiidae, Trombidiidae) from Turkey, Peru and Poland. *Wiadomości Parazytologiczne*, 46: 379–396.
- Haitlinger, R. (2004) New records of mites (Acari: Prostigmata: Erythraeidae, Trombidiidae, Eutrombidiidae) from Croatia, with descriptions of three new species. *Natura Croatica*, 13(2): 143–160.
- Haitlinger, R. (2006a) New records of mites (Acari: Prostigmata: Erythraeidae, Trombidiidae) from Samos, Greece, with description of six new species. *Systematic and Applied Acarology*, 11: 107–123.
- Haitlinger, R. (2006b) Four new species of Erythraeidae (Acari: Prostigmata) and the first record of *Charletonia braunsi* (Oudemans, 1910) and *C. brunni* (Oudemans, 1910) from Ethiopia. *Revista Iberica de Aracnologia*, 12: 79–90.
- Haitlinger, R. (2010) New records of mites (Acari: Prostigmata: Erythraeidae, Trombidiidae) from Turkey, with descriptions of four new species. *Zeszyty Naukowe Uniwersytetu Przyrodniczego we Wrocławiu, Biologia i Hodowla Zwierząt*, 60: 49–61.
- Haitlinger, R. (2011) A new genus and four new species of erythraeid mites from Indonesia, with new records of the family (Acari: Prostigmata: Erythraeidae). *Revista Ibérica de Aracnología*, 19: 47–54.
- Haitlinger, R. (2012) Two new species of *Erythraeus* (*Zaracarus*) Latreille, 1806 (Acari: Prostigmata: Erythraeidae) from Sicily. *Biologia*, 67(1): 137–142.
- Haitlinger, R. & Łupicki, D. (2011) A new species of *Erythraeus* (*Zaracarus*) (Acari: Prostigmata: Erythraeidae) from Cyprus. *Acarologia*, 51(4): 405–409.
- Haitlinger, R. & Saboori, A. (1996) Seven new larval mites (Acari, Prostigmata: Erythraeidae) from Iran. *Miscellanea Zoologica*, 19: 117–131.
- Haitlinger, R. & Šundić, M. (2015) *Erythraeus* (*Zaracarus*) *tuzicus* n. sp. from Montenegro and redescription of *Erythraeus* (*Zaracarus*) *eleonorae* Haitlinger, 1987 (Acari: Prostigmata, Erythraeidae). *Acarologia*, 55: 189–200.
- Kamran, M., Afzal, M., Raza, A.M., Irfanullah, M., Bashir M.H. & Ahmad, S. (2009) Discovery of a new larval erythraeid mite (Acari: Erythraeidae: Erythraeinae) From Punjab, Pakistan. *Pakistan Journal of Zoology*, 41(5): 357–361.

- Khanjani, M., Mirmoayedi, A.N., Rezai-Nahad, A. & Asali Fayaz, B. (2010) Two new larval species of *Erythraeus* (*Zaracarus*) (Acari: Erythraeidae) from western Iran. *Zootaxa*, 2537: 19–32.
- Khanjani, M. & Ueckermann, E.A. (2005) A new larval species of *Erythraeus* (*Zaracarus*) (Acari: Erythraeidae) from west Iran. *International Journal of Acarology*, 31: 123–128.
- Mahmoudi, F., Saboori, A. & Hakimitabar, M. (2014) A new species of larval *Erythraeus* (*Zaracarus*) (Acari: Trombidiformes: Erythraeidae) from Iran, with a key to the world species of the subgenus. *Systematic and Applied Acarology*, 19: 79–86.
- Mąkol, J. & Wohltmann, A. (2012) An annotated checklist of terrestrial Parasitengona (Actinotrichida: Prostigmata) of the world, excluding Trombiculidae and Walchiidae. *Annales Zoologici*, 62: 359–562.
- Mąkol, J. & Wohltmann, A. (2013) Corrections and additions to the checklist of terrestrial Parasitengona (Actinotrichida: Prostigmata) of the world, excluding Trombiculidae and Walchiidae. *Annales Zoologici*, 61: 15–27.
- Mayoral, J.G. & Barranco, P. (2008) A new species of the genus *Erythraeus* Latreille, 1806 (Acari: Erythraeidae) from the Gypsum Karst of Sorbas in the south of Spain. *Revista Iberica de Aracnologia*, 16: 113–117.
- Mortazavi, A., Hajiqanbar, H. & Saboori, A. (2012) A new larval species of *Erythraeus* (*Zaracarus*) (Acari: Erythraeidae) from southeastern Iran. *Persian Journal of Acarology*, 1(2): 109–117.
- Saboori A. (2000) Two new larval erythraeine mites (Acari: Erythraeidae) from Iran. *Systematic and Applied Acarology*, 5: 125–130.
- Saboori, A. & Akrami, M.A. (2001) A new species of *Erythraeus* larva (Acari: Erythraeidae) from Iran. *Persian Journal of Acarology*, 6: 159–163.
- Saboori, A., Cakmak, I. & Nouri-Gonbalani, G. (2004) A new species of larval *Erythraeus* (*Zaracarus*) (Acari: Erythraeidae) from Turkey. *International Journal of Acarology*, 30(2): 131–136.
- Saboori, A., Nowzari, J. & Bagheri-Zenouz, E. (2004) A new larval *Erythraeus* (Acari: Erythraeidae) from Iran. *Glasnik Republickog Zavoda za Zaštitu Prirode, Podgorica*, 27–28: 77–84.
- Saboori, A., Khaustov, A., Hakimitabar, M. & Hajiqanbar, H. (2009) A new genus and species of larval Erythraeinae (Acari: Prostigmata: Erythraeidae) from Ukraine and the taxonomic state of *Zhangiella*. *Zootaxa*, 2203: 22–30.
- Saboori, A. & Nowzari, J. (2001) A new larval erythraeine mite (Acari: Erythraeidae) from Iran. *International Journal of Acarology*, 27(3): 229–233.
- Southcott, R.V. (1995) A new larval erythraeine mite (Acarina: Erythraeidae) from Spain. *Acarologia*, 36(3): 223–228.
- Tseng, Y.S., Yang, S.L. & Pan, Y.S. (1976) Two new erythraeid mites from Taiwan (Acarina: Prostigmata). *Report of Taiwan Sugar Research Institute*, 74: 63–74.
- Walter, D.E. & Krantz G.W. (2009) Collecting, rearing, and preparing specimens. In: Krantz G.W. & Walter D.E. (Eds), *A manual of Acarology*. 3rd edition. Texas Tech University Press, Texas, pp. 83–96.

---

#### COPYRIGHT

 Noei et al. Persian Journal of Acarology is under free license. This open-access article is distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons-BY-NC-ND which permits unrestricted non-commercial use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original author and source are credited.

---

## دومین گزارش کنه *Erythraeus (Zaracarus) coleopterus* (Acari: Erythraeidae) از ایران همراه با داده‌های جدید ریخت‌شناسی

جواد نوعی<sup>۱</sup>، مصطفی معروف پور<sup>۲\*</sup>، فردین فیضی<sup>۳</sup> و هادی استوان<sup>۴</sup>

۱. گروه گیاه‌پژوهشکی، دانشکده کشاورزی، دانشگاه بیرجند، بیرجند، ایران؛ رایانامه: noei.javad@birjand.ac.ir
۲. گروه گیاه‌پژوهشکی، دانشکده کشاورزی، دانشگاه کردستان، سنتاچ، ایران؛ رایانامه: M.Maroufpoor@uok.ac.ir
۳. گروه گیاه‌پژوهشکی، پردیس کشاورزی و منابع طبیعی، دانشگاه تهران، کرج، ایران؛ رایانامه: f.faiizi@ut.ac.ir
۴. گروه حشره‌شناسی، دانشگاه آزاد اسلامی واحد شیراز، شیراز، ایران؛ رایانامه: ostovan2001@yahoo.com

\* نویسنده مسئول

### چکیده

*Erythraeus (Zaracarus) coleopterus* Mortazavi, Hajiqanbar & Saboori, 2012 (Acari: Parasitengona: Erythraeidae) بر اساس یک نمونه از استان کرمان، جنوب شرقی ایران، در ارتباط با سوسکی اسکارابئید (*Cyphonoxia* sp.) از خانواده Scarabaeidae و راسته سخت‌بالپوشان (Coleoptera) توصیف شد. این گونه برای دومین بار از ایران و از انبار برنج (بدون میزان) در غرب ایران، استان کردستان، شهرهای بانه و سقز با داده‌های جدید ریخت‌شناسی گزارش می‌شود. پیدا کردن نمونه‌های اضافی افزون بر نمونه‌های تایپ، کمک می‌کند تا توصیف اصلی کنه *E. (Z.) coleopterus* تکمیل و تصحیح شود. کلید شناسایی برای گونه‌های لارو زیرجنس *Erythraeus (Zaracarus)* ارائه می‌شود که کلید تغییر یافته و اصلاح شده محمودی و همکاران (۲۰۱۴) است.

**واژگان کلیدی:** Erythraeinae; کلید؛ کردستان؛ لارو؛ پارازیت‌نگوナ.

**اطلاعات مقاله:** تاریخ دریافت: ۱۳۹۵/۱۰/۱۸، تاریخ پذیرش: ۱۳۹۶/۱/۱۵، تاریخ چاپ: ۱۳۹۶/۱/۲۶