
*

(// : // :)

Archive of SID

E-mail: amin_adibi@yahoo.com

- Packaging
 - Design Of Experiments
- Entropy Method
- Mathematical Programming
 - Multi-objective Decision Making

() Heard .

() UV

() Dushmantha .

()

()
pH ()

Lab

()

()

() Bülow .

()

(L) (D) (R) (V) ()
 () () (G) ()

(G) (μm)	(R) (μm)	(V) ()	
	/		
	/		+

											() ()	
											(μm)	
/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	(μm)
/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	(μm)

											() ()	
											(μm)	
/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	(μm)
/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	(μm)

R

G V

G V R

D L

(MRS)

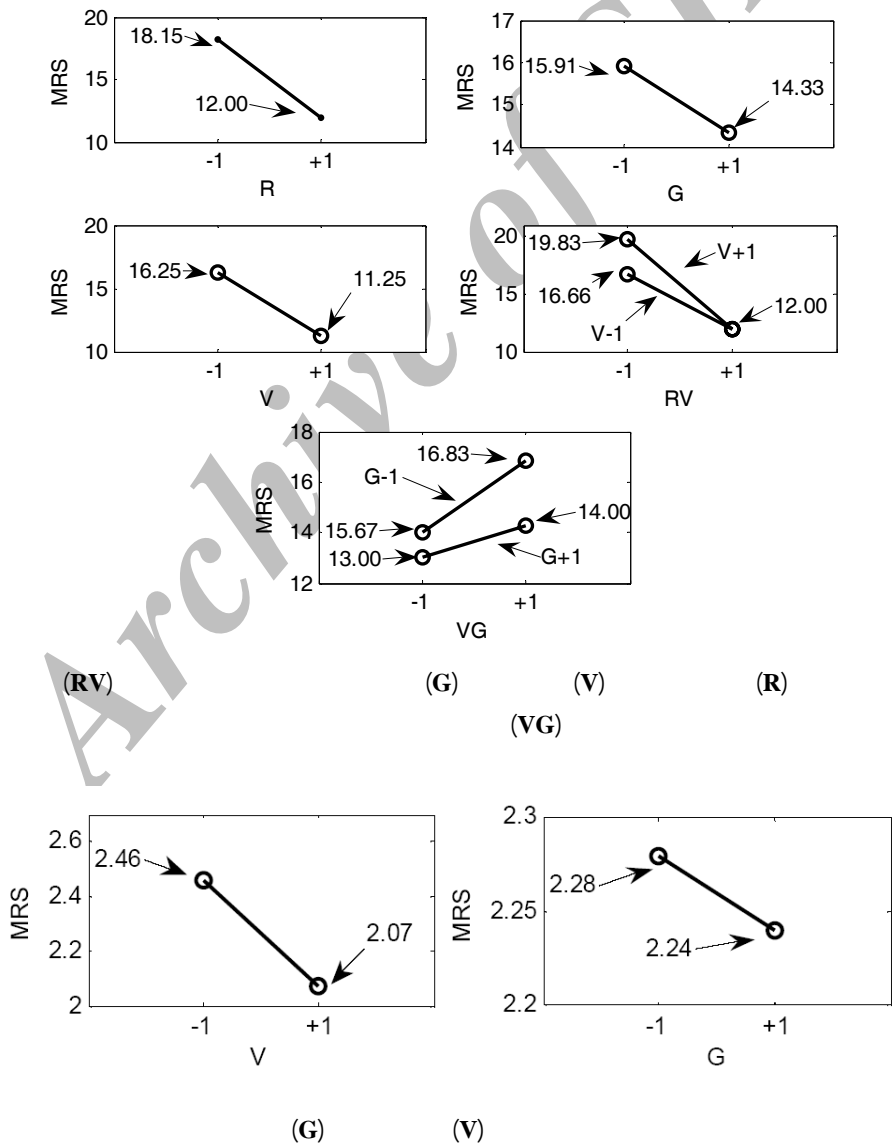
RG

$\alpha = 0.01$

- Mean response surface

...

p-value		p-value	
/	/	/	R
/	/	/	V
/	/	/	G
/	/	/	RV
/	/	/	RG
/	/	/	VG
/	/	/	RVG



()

(Contrast)
()

					+			r
						+		v
					+	+		rv
							+	g
					+		+	rg
						+	+	vg
					+	+	+	rvg
RVG	VG	RG	RV	G	V	R		
-	+	+	+	-	-			
+	+	-	-	-	-	+		r
+	-	+	-	-	+	-		v
-	-	-	+	-	+	+		rv
-	-	+	+	+	-	-		g
+	-	-	-	+	-	+		rg
+	+	+	-	+	+	-		vg
-	+	-	+	+	+	+		rvg
/	/		/	/	/	/		
/	/		/	/	/	/		

...

/	/	/	/					
/	/	/	/	+				r
/	/	/	/			+		v
/	/	/	/	+		+		rv
/	/	/	/				+	g
/	/	/	/	+			+	rg
/	/	/	/			+	+	vg
/	/	/	/	+		+	+	rvg
RVG	VG	RG	RV	G	V	R		
-	+	+	+	-	-			
+	+	-	-	-	-	+		r
+	-	+	-	-	+	-		v
-	-	-	+	-	+	+		rv
-	-	+	+	+	-	-		g
+	-	-	-	+	-	+		rg
+	+	+	-	+	+	-		vg
-	+	-	+	+	+	+		rvg
/	/	/	/	/	/	/		
				/	/			
				/	/			

$$L = \sum_{j=1}^n \left(\frac{r_j}{m} \ln \frac{r_j}{m} \right) \quad (1)$$

$$D = \sum_{j=1}^n \left(\frac{r_j}{m} \ln \frac{r_j}{m} \right) \quad (2)$$

$$E_j = -k \sum_{i=1}^m r_{ij} \ln r_{ij} \quad ; j = 1, 2, \dots, n \quad (3)$$

$$k = \frac{1}{\ln m} \quad (4)$$

$$r_{ij} = \frac{o_{ij}}{\sum_{i=1}^m o_{ij}} \quad ; j = 1, 2, \dots, n \quad (5)$$

$$(w_j) \quad j$$

()

:

()

$$w_j = \frac{(1-E_j)}{\sum_{j=1}^n (1-E_j)} ; j = 1, 2, \dots, n \quad ()$$

:()

D L

$$/ \quad (w_L)$$

$$. \quad / \quad (w_D)$$

$$\text{Max L} = / - / R + / V / G / RV + / VG + / RVG$$

$$\text{Max D} = / / V / G$$

$$R = y_1 - y_2$$

$$V = y_3 - y_4$$

$$G = y_5 - y_6$$

$$y_1 + y_2 \geq 1$$

$$y_3 + y_4 \geq 1$$

$$y_5 + y_6 \geq 1$$

$y_1, y_2, y_3, y_4, y_5, y_6$: صفر و یک R, V, G:

$$G \quad V \quad R$$

$$y_i; i = 1, 2, \dots, 6$$

()

:()

$$\text{Max Z} = 0.188I_1 + 0.12I_2$$

$$15/125 - 3/125R + 0.79V - 7/125G - 0.79RV + 0.21VG + 7/21RVG \geq 27/955 - (27/955 - 9/455)(1-I_1)$$

$$2/267 - 0.2V - 0.2G \geq 2/478 - (2/478 - 2/047)(1-I_2)$$

$$R = y_1 - y_2$$

$$V = y_3 - y_4$$

$$G = y_5 - y_6$$

$$y_1 + y_2 \geq 1$$

$$y_3 + y_4 \geq 1$$

$$y_5 + y_6 \geq 1$$

$y_1, y_2, y_3, y_4, y_5, y_6$: صفر و یک R, V, G:

$$, 0 \leq I_1, I_2 \leq 1$$

/ /
/ / D L
D L

$l_2 \ l_1$

l_1, l_2

LINGO®

()

$(l_2 = 0.92)$

$(l_1 = 1)$

	l_1	l_2	R	V	G

Archive of SID

()
() Dushmantha

5- Bergman, L., A. Verikas & M. Bacauskiene, 2005. Unsupervised colure image segmentation applied to printing quality assessment. *Image and Vision Computing*, Volume 23, Issue 4: 417-425.

6- Bülow, K., P. Kristiansson, B. Schüler, E. Tullander, S. Östling, M. Elfman, K. Malmqvist, J. Pallon & A. Shariff, 2002. The penetration depth and lateral distribution of pigment related to the pigment grain size and the calendaring of paper. *Nuclear Instruments and Methods in Physics Research Section B: Beam Interactions with Materials and Atoms*, Volume 189, Issues 1-4: 308-314.

7- Dushmantha, K., H. Zhang & W. Shen, 2006. Liquid-paper interaction during liquid drop impact and recoil on paper surfaces. *Colloids surf. A Physicochem. Eng. Asp.*, vol. 280, no1-3: 203-215.

8- Granat, P., M. Pudas, O. Hormi, J. Hagberg & S. Leppavuori, 2004. Synthesis of acrylated ethyl cellulose for UV-curing ink. *Carbohydrate Polymers*, Volume 57, Issue 2: 225-228.

9- Havlinova, B., L. Hornakova, Z. Brezova, J. Kindernay & V. Jancovicova, 2000. Ink receptivity on paper-characterization of paper material. *Physicochemical and Engineering Aspects*, Volume 168: 251-259(9)

10- Heard, P. J., J. S. Prestons, D. J. Parsons, J. Cox & G. C. Allen, 2004. Visualization of the distribution of ink components in printed coated paper using focused ion beam techniques. *Colloids and Surfaces A: Physicochemical and Engineering Aspects*, Volume 244, Issues 1-3: 67-71.

11- Montgomery, D. C., 2005. *Design and analysis of experimental*. John Wiley & Sons. NJ. US.

12- Zou Z., Y. Yun & J. N. Sun, 2006. Entropy method for determination of weight of evaluating indicators in fuzzy synthetic evaluation for water quality assessment. *Journal of Environmental Sciences*, Volume 18, Issue 5: 1020-1023

Evaluating and optimizing effective factors on packaging paper print quality using design of experiments

M. Amiri¹, M. A. Adibi^{*2} and Sh. Pourmousa³

¹Assistant Prof., Allameh abatabaee University, Tehran, I.R.Iran

²MSc. Graduate, Islamic Azad University, Qazvin, I.R.Iran

³ Scientific staff, Islamic Azad University of Karaj and Ph. D. Student, Islamic Azad University, Science and Research Branch, Tehran, I.R.Iran.

(Received: 15 September 2008, Accepted: 31 May 2009)

Abstract

To evaluate effective factors on packaging paper print quality, random experiments were designed and tested at different level of ink and paper characteristics. Then print density and ink covering were measured using densitometer and loop criterion respectively. At the next step, each factor on output values; print density and ink covering was calculated. Employing entropy method, weight of each output was obtained. To optimize output values, the problem was formulated as a multi-objective non-linear integer mathematical programming and was solved using fuzzy method. As a result, effective factors on print density and ink covering were identified. Also the optimum value for any factor was obtained so that print density and ink covering get 100 and 92 percent of their maximum value respectively.

Keywords: Packaging industry, Design of Experiments, Entropy method, Mathematical programming, Multi-Objective Decision Making