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(// // //)

(GIS)

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A*

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BFT

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Hallam . [] NP-complete
) Pareto . (A* . []
 [] Park Nepal .
 "exhaustive"
 [] Roy .
 (QoS)
 QoS
 QoS
 [] Fernandez
 QoS [] Mandow
 "lexicographical goal
 satisfaction"
 () [] Andersen Skriver
 Pareto
 [] Martins
 dos Santos Martins .
) []

Archive of SID

.....

: $max(length_value)$) (

" " . (

(i=2) x_2 .

j .

()

$x_2^j = 1$,

:

[] Pareto

$x_2^k = time_ratio_k = \frac{max(time_value) - time_value_k}{max(time_value) - min(time_value)}$

() . Pareto

: $min(time_value)$ ()

: $max(time_value)$ []

-

[] ()

[] (Pareto

[]

Pareto

flag " [] (SWGR) "

flag " " " " "

()

flag ()

SWGR

() . j (i=1) x_1

$x_1^j = 1$,

:

SCATS

()

$x_1^k = length_ratio_k = \frac{max(length_value) - length_value_k}{max(length_value) - min(length_value)}$

()

: $min(length_value)$

z_i^*

()
) MGG

()
()
(/

z_i

Lp-norm

: []

$$r(z;p,w) = \left(\sum_{i=1}^q w_i^p \left[\frac{|z_i^* - z_i|}{z_i^*} \right]^p \right)^{1/p} \quad (1)$$

$w = (w_1, w_2, \dots, w_q)$

z_i

($p \geq 1$) p

() N

p=1

$$r(z;1,w) = \sum_{i=1}^q w_i \left[\frac{|z_i^* - z_i|}{z_i^*} \right] \quad (2)$$

()

z_i^* z_i

z_i

$z_i^* = z_i$

z_i^*

d=2 d-Heap's

[]

ESRI

ArcGIS 8.3 (ArcInfo)

COM

Visual

k R_k

SWGR

: []

$$f(R_k) = w_1 * x_1^k + w_2 * x_2^k + w_3 * x_3^k + w_4 * x_4^k$$

()

$$\sum_{i=1}^4 w_i = 1$$

()

$$\rho = \rho * D$$

w_i

([0,1)

D

[]

()

input map and map database
 initialize importance of each object
 input origin and destination
 initialize a population of individuals (routes).
 Set Generation= 1
 for Generation = 1 to Number of Generation {
 the alternation of generation in random
 calculate fitness values of individuals(Eq. 8)
 elitism
 select two individuals at random
 n-point crossover
 mutation
 repair function}

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()

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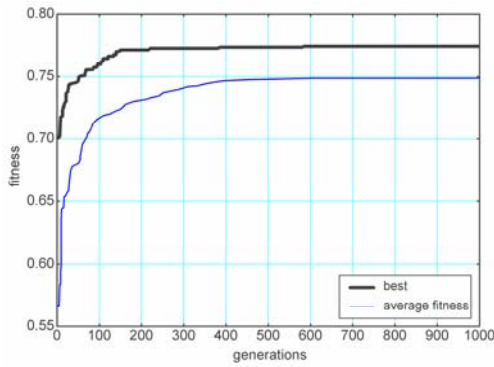
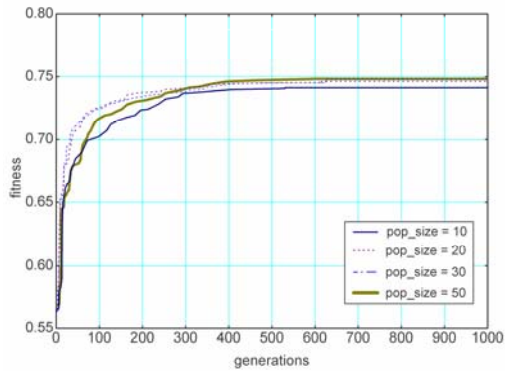
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(n)

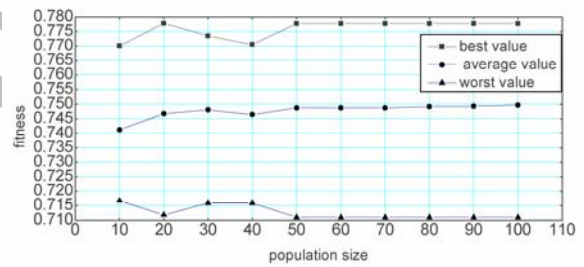
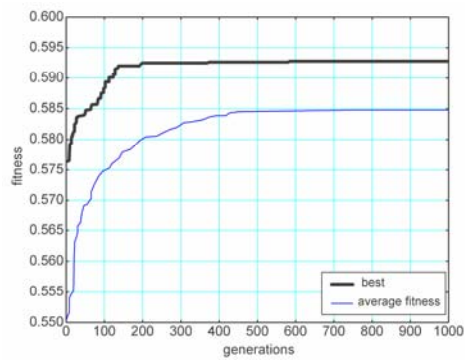
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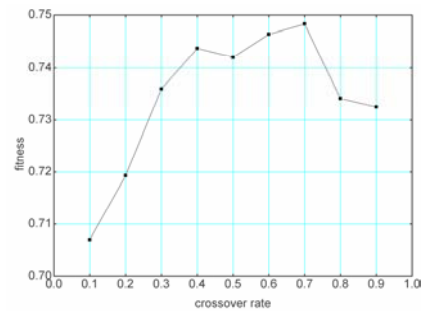
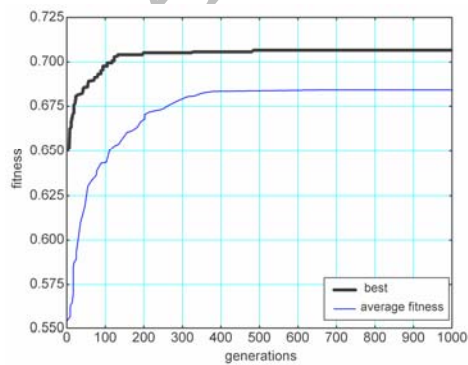
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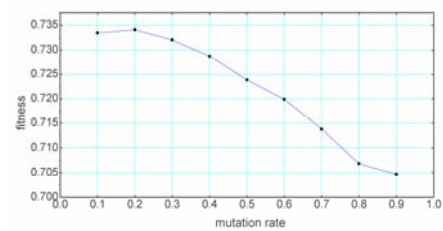
$w_1 = 0.25,$
 $w_2 = 0.25, w_3 = 0.25, w_4 = 0.25$



$w_1 = 0.2,$
 $w_2 = 0.4, w_3 = 0.2, w_4 = 0.2$



$w_1 = 0.1,$
 $w_2 = 0.7, w_3 = 0.1, w_4 = 0.1$



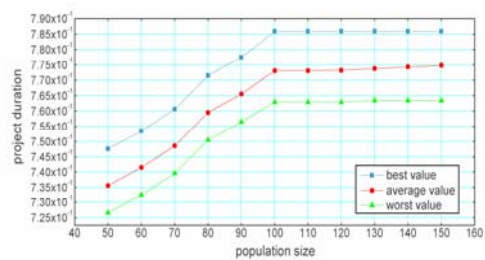
[]

MGG

() () () ()

input map and map database
 initialize importance of each object
 input origin and destination
 initialize a population of individuals (routes).
 Set evaluation = 1
 for evaluation = 1 to Number of evaluation {
 calculate fitness values of individuals(Eq. 8)
 MGG}
 }

.MGG



MGG

MGG

Importance weights				Pop_size	The No. of runs	Ideal solution z_i^* : (L,T,C,D)	Best compromise solution z_i :(L,T,C,D)	Dist. z_i to z_i^*
w_1	w_2	w_3	w_4					
0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	100	30	(6839.19,13.98,0,0.1363)	(7207.81,17.35,0.0122,0.3389)	0.127
0.2	0.4	0.2	0.2	100	30	(6839.19,13.98,0,0.1363)	(7408.78,16.98,0.1810,0.3221)	0.176
0.1	0.7	0.1	0.1	100	30	(6839.19,13.98,0,0.1363)	(7773.86,15.02,0.1060,0.3802)	0.101
0	1	0	0	100	30	(6839.19,13.98,0,0.1363)	(7445.13,14.91,0.0118,0.3513)	0.066

()

z_i

z_i^*

()

z_i^* z_i

()

z_i^* z_i

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()

()

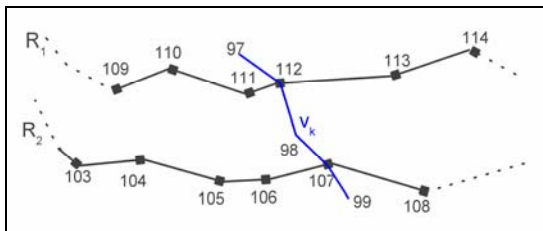
()

()

VI

() () ()

MGG



input map and map database
 initialize importance of each object
 input origin and destination
 initialize a population of viruses
 initialize a population of individuals (routes).
 Set evaluation = 1
 for evaluation = 1 to Number of evaluation {
 calculate fitness values of individuals(Eq. 8)
 MGG
 viral infection}

()

R_2 R_1 v_k

= $R_3 = (...109,110,111,112,98,107,108,...)$

$R_4 (...103,104,105,106,107,98,112,113,114,...)$

R_4, R_3, R_2, R_1

()

() ()

	Number of viruses	Number of links	Number of nodes
Map	160	5121	4389

Viral

() () () ()

Infection

viral infection

Importance weights				Pop. size	The No. of runs	Ideal solution z^* : (L,T,C,D)	Best compromise solution z_i :(L,T,C,D)	Dist. z_i to z^*
w_1	w_2	w_3	w_4					
0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	100	30	(6839.19,13.98,0,0.1363)	(7258.11,17.15,0.0121,0.3330)	0.124
0.2	0.4	0.2	0.2	100	30	(6839.19,13.98,0,0.1363)	(7603.41,15.36,0.0116,0.3570)	0.108
0.1	0.7	0.1	0.1	100	30	(6839.19,13.98,0,0.1363)	(7444.85,14.81,0.0119,0.3418)	0.072
0	1	0	0	100	30	(6839.19,13.98,0,0.1363)	(7823.85,14.55,0.0113,0.3885)	0.041

() z_i z_i^*

()
() ()

() () () Local Infection ()

() z_i^* z_i z_i^* z_i () ()

()
() LI () () ()

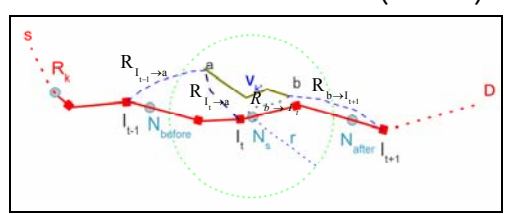
R_k $N = \{N_1, N_2, \dots, N_n\}$

() (N_s) N_i N
 $v_{k'}$ $(r \leq d)$ r
 $v_{k'}$ N_s I_t

(a) $v_{k'}$ N N_{after} N_{before}
 I_{t+1} I_{t-1} I_t

(b) (a) I_{t-1} I_{t+1}
 $R_{b \rightarrow I_{t+1}}$ $R_{I_{t-1} \rightarrow a}$

input map and map database
initialize importance of each object
input origin and destination
initialize a population of viruses
initialize a population of individuals (routes).
Set evaluation = 1
for evaluation = 1 to Number of evaluation {
calculate fitness values of individuals(Eq. 8)
MGG
viral infection
Local infection}



- 1) R_k
- 2) $R_{s \rightarrow I_{t-1}} \rightarrow R_{I_{t-1} \rightarrow a} \rightarrow v_{k'} \rightarrow R_{b \rightarrow I_{t+1}} \rightarrow R_{I_{t+1} \rightarrow D}$
- 3) $R_{s \rightarrow I_t} \rightarrow R_{I_t \rightarrow a} \rightarrow v_{k'} \rightarrow R_{b \rightarrow I_{t+1}} \rightarrow R_{I_{t+1} \rightarrow D}$
- 4) $R_{s \rightarrow I_{t-1}} \rightarrow R_{I_{t-1} \rightarrow a} \rightarrow v_{k'} \rightarrow R_{b \rightarrow I_t} \rightarrow R_{I_t \rightarrow D}$

viral infection

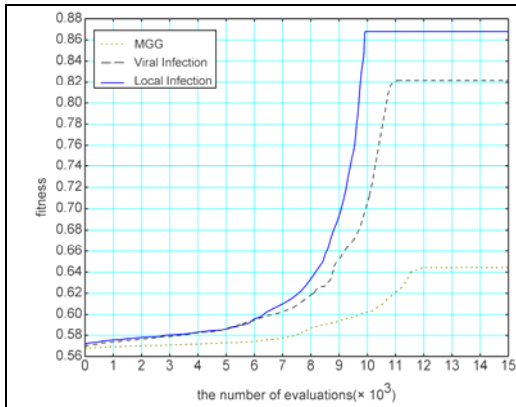
Importance weights				Pop_size	The No. of runs	Ideal solution z^*_i : (L,T,C,D)	Best compromise solution z_i :(L,T,C,D)	Dist. z_i to z^*_i
w_1	w_2	w_3	w_4					
0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	100	30	(6839.19,13.98,0,0.1363)	(7225.55,16.99,0.0122,0.3022)	0.064
0.2	0.4	0.2	0.2	100	30	(6839.19,13.98,0,0.1363)	(7505.46,14.21,0,0.3615)	0.071
0.1	0.7	0.1	0.1	100	30	(6839.19,13.98,0,0.1363)	(7343.44,14.15,0.0090,0.4065)	0.044
0	1	0	0	100	30	(6839.19,13.98,0,0.1363)	(7039.92,14.08,0.0304,0.3641)	0.007

()

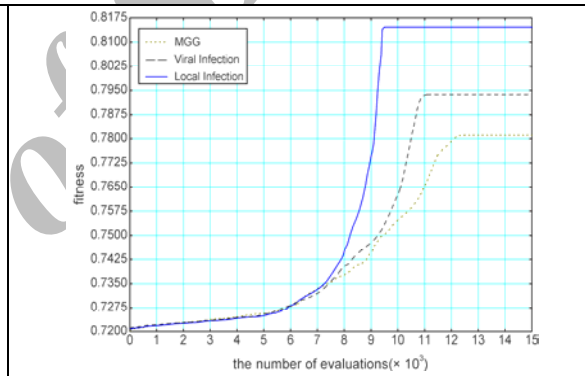
z_i

z_i^*

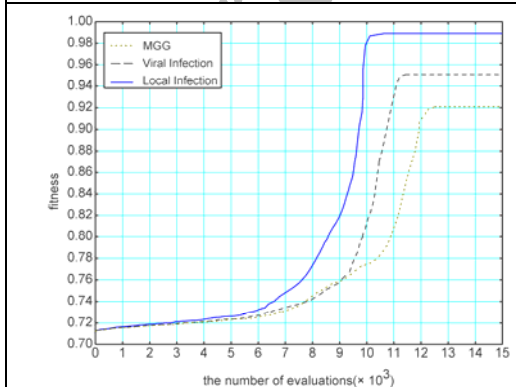
Importance weights				The No. of runs	Fitness Average of best solutions over 30 runs under Pop_size = 50 for Generic GA and Pop_size = 100 for the others			
w_1	w_2	w_3	w_4		Generic GA (Experiment #1)	MGG (Experiment #2)	Viral infection (Experiment #3)	Local infection (Experiment #4)
0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	30	0.7735	0.7813	0.7937	0.8147
0.2	0.4	0.2	0.2	30	0.5930	0.6433	0.8215	0.8681
0.1	0.7	0.1	0.1	30	0.7067	0.8243	0.8901	0.9136
0	1	0	0	30	0.9126	0.9218	0.9519	0.9895



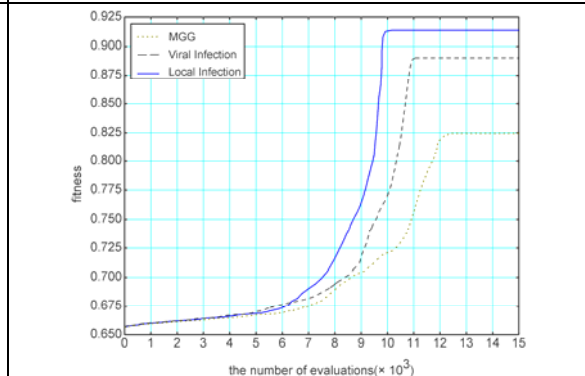
$w_1=0.2, w_2=0.4, w_3=0.2, w_4=0.2$



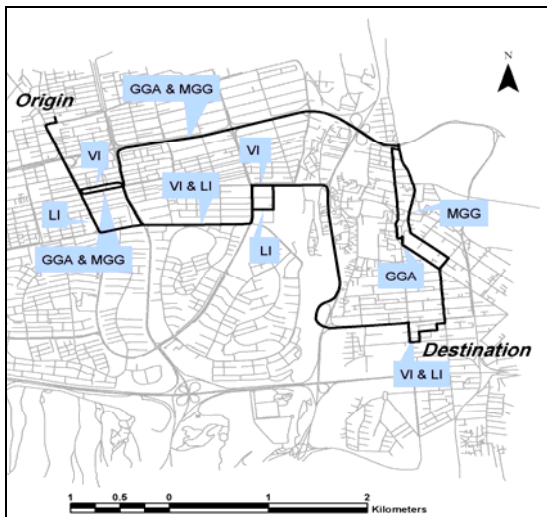
$w_1=0.25, w_2=0.25, w_3=0.25, w_4=0.25$



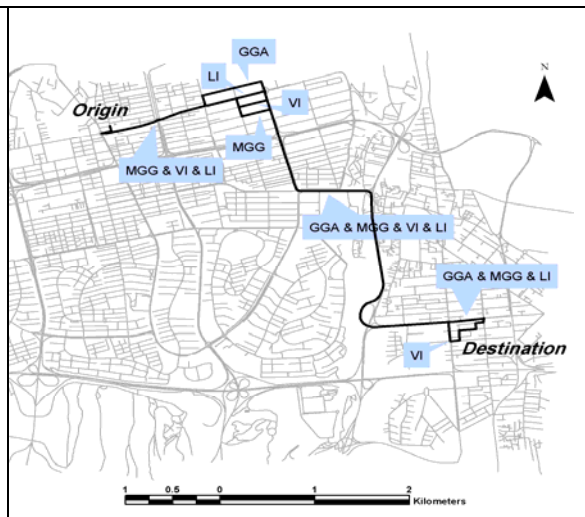
$w_1=0, w_2=1, w_3=0, w_4=0$



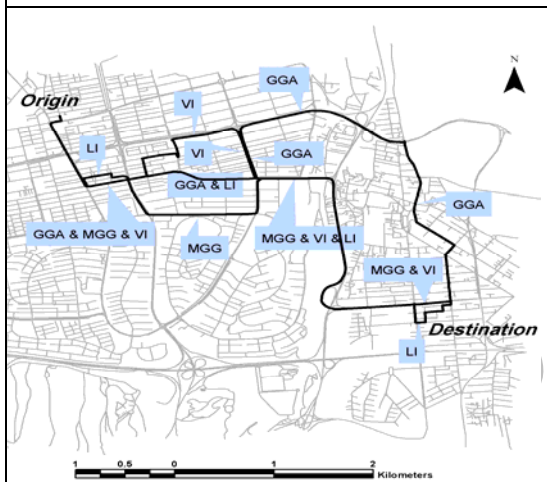
$w_1=0.1, w_2=0.7, w_3=0.1, w_4=0.1$



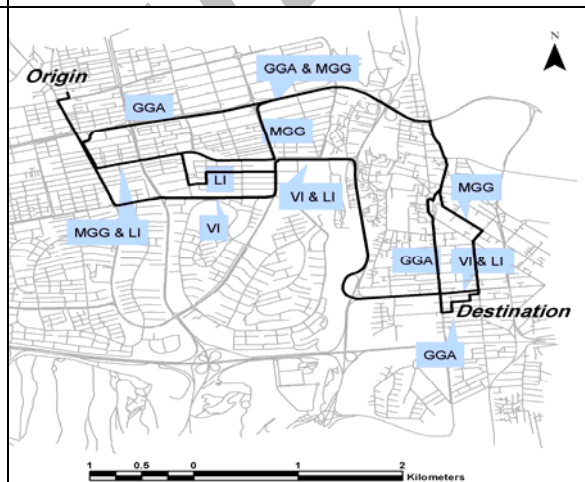
$w_1=0.2, w_2=0.4, w_3=0.2,$
 $w_4=0.2$



$w_1=0.25, w_2=0.25, w_3=0.25,$
 $w_4=0.25$



$w_1=0, w_2=1, w_3=0, w_4=0$



$w_1=0.1, w_2=0.7, w_3=$
 $0.1, w_4=0.1$

:GGA. ()
 :VI. MGG ()
 :LI. ()

:W4, W3, W2, W1
 :MGG. ()
 ()
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()

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1 - Geospatial Information System/Science
 2 - Breath First Search
 3 - Heuristic function
 4 - Quality of Service
 5 - Range-independent ranking
 6 - Sum of Weighted Global Ratios (SWGR)
 7 - Sidney Coordinated Adaptive Traffic System
 8 - Best compromise
 9 - Component Object Model
 10 - Minimal Generation Gap Model

11 - Modified Dijkstra algorithm
 12 - Selection
 13 - Crossover
 14 - n-point crossover
 15 - Mutation
 16 - Elitism
 17 - Average Fitness
 18 - Roulette wheel selection
 19 - Main infection
 20 - Bridge infection
 21 - Local infection

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