

بازتاب و شکست موج SH در مرز ناهموار بین دو محیط ایزوتروپ جانبی

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(تاریخ دریافت ۸۵/۳/۷، تاریخ دریافت روایت اصلاح شده ۸۷/۲/۸، تاریخ تصویب ۸۷/۵/۱)

چکیده

SH

SH

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واژه های کلیدی: موج SH - بازتاب - شکست - پراش - موج فصل مشترک - روش رایلی

مقدمه

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$$z = \zeta(x) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (\zeta_n e^{inx} + \zeta_{-n} e^{-inx})$$

()

p

$$\zeta_{-n} \zeta_n$$

$$n \quad i = \sqrt{-1}$$

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[]

n

معادلات اساسی

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τ_{ij}

ε_{ij}

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$$\tau_{ij} = C_{ijkl} \varepsilon_{kl} \quad i, j, k, l = 1, 2, 3 \quad (1)$$

$$\varepsilon_{kl} = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\partial u_k}{\partial x_l} + \frac{\partial u_l}{\partial x_k} \right) = \frac{1}{2} (u_{k,l} + u_{l,k}) \quad (2)$$

$$\mu_x = \frac{E_x}{2(1+\nu_x)} \lambda$$

$$C_{1111} = \frac{E_x(\eta - \nu_z^2)}{\lambda(1+\nu_x)}, C_{1122} = \frac{E_x(\eta \nu_x + \nu_z^2)}{\lambda(1+\nu_x)}, C_{1212} = \mu_x,$$

$$C_{1133} = \frac{E_x \nu_z}{\lambda}, C_{3333} = \frac{E_x(1-\nu_x)}{\lambda}, C_{1313} = \mu_z \quad (3)$$

$$\eta = E_x/E_z \quad \lambda = \eta(1-\nu_x) - 2\nu_z^2 \quad (4)$$

$$\nabla \cdot \boldsymbol{\tau} = \rho \frac{\partial^2 \mathbf{u}}{\partial t^2} \quad (5)$$

$$\mathbf{u} = (u, v, w) \quad (6)$$

$$\begin{cases} \frac{\partial \tau_{xx}}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial \tau_{xy}}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial \tau_{xz}}{\partial z} = \rho \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} \\ \frac{\partial \tau_{yx}}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial \tau_{yy}}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial \tau_{yz}}{\partial z} = \rho \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial t^2} \\ \frac{\partial \tau_{zx}}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial \tau_{zy}}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial \tau_{zz}}{\partial z} = \rho \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial t^2} \end{cases} \quad (7)$$

x - z SH

$$v = v(x, z, t) \quad u = w = 0 \quad (8)$$

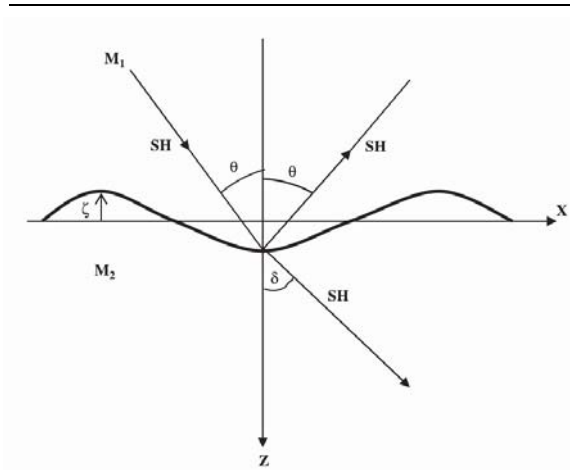
$$C_{ijkl} = \begin{bmatrix} C_{1111} & C_{1122} & C_{1133} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ C_{1122} & C_{1111} & C_{1133} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ C_{1133} & C_{1133} & C_{3333} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & C_{1212} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & C_{1313} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & C_{1313} \end{bmatrix} \quad (9)$$

$$C_{1212} = (C_{1111} - C_{1122})/2$$

$$[] \quad \mu_z \quad \nu_z \quad \nu_x \quad E_z \quad E_x$$

$$E_z \quad E_x$$

z



شکل ۱: هندسه فصل مشترک موج دار.

$$\zeta = d \cos(px)$$

$$d = \frac{2\pi}{p}$$

جواب مسئله

$$M_m (m=1,2)$$

SH

$$\mu_x \frac{\partial^2 v_1}{\partial x^2} + \mu_z \frac{\partial^2 v_1}{\partial z^2} = \rho_1 \frac{\partial^2 v_1}{\partial t^2} \quad (-)$$

$$\mu'_x \frac{\partial^2 v_2}{\partial x^2} + \mu'_z \frac{\partial^2 v_2}{\partial z^2} = \rho_2 \frac{\partial^2 v_2}{\partial t^2} \quad (-)$$

y

v_m

M_m

μ_x

μ'_z

μ'_x

μ_z

SH

()

x - z

:

z x

$$v_m(x,z,t) = A \exp\{-i(k_x x + k_z z - \omega t)\}, \quad m=1,2 \quad ()$$

k_z

k_x

SH

A

k_z

z

x

$$q = k_x \sqrt{\frac{\mu_x}{\mu_z} \left(\frac{1}{\sin^2 \theta} - 1 \right)}$$

$$r = k_x \sqrt{\frac{\mu'_x}{\mu'_z} \left(\frac{1}{\sin^2 \delta} - 1 \right)}$$

SH

δ θ

$$\frac{\partial \tau_{yx}}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial \tau_{yz}}{\partial z} = \rho \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial t^2} \quad ()$$

() ()

:

u

()

$$\tau_{yx} = \mu_x \frac{\partial v}{\partial x}; \quad \tau_{yz} = \mu_z \frac{\partial v}{\partial z} \quad ()$$

()

()

SH

:

$$\mu_x \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x^2} + \mu_z \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial z^2} = \rho \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial t^2} \quad ()$$

:

$$z = \zeta(x) \quad ()$$

y

ζ

y x

$$M_1 \cdot ()$$

$$M_2 \quad -\infty < z \leq \zeta(x)$$

$$\zeta(x) \leq z < \infty$$

()

)

:

ζ(x)

$$\zeta(x) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (\zeta_n e^{inpx} + \zeta_{-n} e^{-inpx}) \quad ()$$

n

p

ζ_{-n}

ζ_n

$$i = \sqrt{-1}$$

:

s_n

c_n

d

$$\zeta_1 = \zeta_{-1} = \frac{d}{2}, \quad \zeta_{\pm n} = \frac{(c_n \mp i s_n)}{2}, \quad n=2,3,4,\dots \quad ()$$

:

()

()

$$\zeta = d \cos(px) + c_2 \cos(2px) + s_2 \sin(2px)$$

$$\dots + c_n \cos(npx) + s_n \sin(npx) + \dots \quad ()$$

$$= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} c_n \cos npx + \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} s_n \sin npx$$

$$n \quad \omega$$

$$c \quad \omega = k_x c$$

$$v_2^{ir-refr} = D_n e^{-ir_n z} \exp\left\{-i\omega\left(\frac{x \sin \delta_n}{\beta_2} - t\right)\right\} + D'_n e^{-ir'_n z} \exp\left\{-i\omega\left(\frac{x \sin \delta'_n}{\beta_2} - t\right)\right\}$$

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SH
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$$r_n = k \sqrt{\mu'_x (1/\sin^2 \delta_n - 1) / \mu'_z}$$

$$r'_n = k \sqrt{\mu'_x (1/\sin^2 \delta'_n - 1) / \mu'_z}$$

$$\delta'_n \quad \delta_n \quad D'_n \quad D_n$$

$$\delta'_n \quad \theta'_n \quad \theta_n \quad z$$

$$v_1^{inci+reg-refl} = \{Ae^{-iqz} + Be^{iqz}\} e^{-i\omega\left(\frac{x \sin \theta}{\beta_1} - t\right)}$$

SH
SH
 $\beta_1 = \sqrt{\mu_x / \rho_1}$
 M_2

$$\sin \theta'_n - \sin \theta = \frac{np \beta_1}{\omega}, \sin \theta'_n - \sin \theta = -\frac{np \beta_1}{\omega}$$

$$\sin \delta'_n - \sin \delta = \frac{np \beta_2}{\omega}, \sin \delta'_n - \sin \delta = -\frac{np \beta_2}{\omega}$$

$$M_1 \quad v_1$$

$$v_2^{reg-refr} = D e^{-irz} e^{-i\omega\left(\frac{x \sin \delta}{\beta_2} - t\right)}$$

D
 $\beta_2 = \sqrt{\frac{\mu'_x}{\rho_2}}$
 δ

$$v_1 = \{Ae^{-iqz} + Be^{iqz}\} \exp\left[-i\omega\left(\frac{x \sin \theta}{\beta_1} - t\right)\right]$$

$$+ \sum_n B_n e^{iq_n z} \exp\left\{-i\omega\left(\frac{x \sin \theta_n}{\beta_1} - t\right)\right\}$$

$$+ \sum_n B'_n e^{iq'_n z} \exp\left\{-i\omega\left(\frac{x \sin \theta'_n}{\beta_1} - t\right)\right\}$$

v_2

M_2

$$\frac{\sin \theta}{\beta_1} = \frac{\sin \delta}{\beta_2} = \frac{k_x}{\omega}$$

k_x

n

$$v_2 = D e^{-irz} \exp\left[-i\omega\left(\frac{x \sin \delta}{\beta_2} - t\right)\right]$$

$$+ \sum_n D_n e^{-ir_n z} \exp\left\{-i\omega\left(\frac{x \sin \delta_n}{\beta_2} - t\right)\right\}$$

$$+ \sum_n D'_n e^{-ir'_n z} \exp\left\{-i\omega\left(\frac{x \sin \delta'_n}{\beta_2} - t\right)\right\}$$

$$D'_n \quad D_n \quad D \quad B'_n \quad B_n$$

$$v_1^{ir-refl} = B_n e^{iq_n z} \exp\left\{-i\omega\left(\frac{x \sin \theta_n}{\beta_1} - t\right)\right\} + B'_n e^{iq'_n z} \exp\left\{-i\omega\left(\frac{x \sin \theta'_n}{\beta_1} - t\right)\right\}$$

$$q_n = k \sqrt{\mu_x (1/\sin^2 \theta_n - 1) / \mu_z}$$

$$q'_n = k \sqrt{\mu_x (1/\sin^2 \theta'_n - 1) / \mu_z}$$

$$\theta'_n \quad \theta_n \quad B'_n \quad B_n$$

شرایط مرزی بر حسب A تعیین می‌شوند.

$$Ae^{-iq\zeta} + Be^{iq\zeta} + \quad ()$$

$$\sum_n \left\{ B_n e^{iq_n \zeta} \exp(-inpx) + \sum_n B'_n e^{iq'_n \zeta} \exp(inpx) \right\} =$$

$$De^{-ir\zeta} + \sum_n \left\{ D_n e^{-ir_n \zeta} \exp(-inpx) + \sum_n D'_n e^{-ir'_n \zeta} \exp(inpx) \right\}$$

$$z = \zeta(x)$$

:()

$$A \left\{ \mu_z q - \zeta' \mu'_x \left(\omega \frac{\sin \theta}{\beta_1} \right) \right\} e^{-iq\zeta} + B \left\{ -\mu_z q - \zeta' \mu'_x \left(\omega \frac{\sin \theta}{\beta_1} \right) \right\}$$

$$\times e^{iq\zeta} - \sum_n B_n \left\{ \mu_z q_n + \zeta' \mu'_x \left(\omega \frac{\sin \theta}{\beta_1} + np \right) \right\} e^{-inpx} e^{iq_n \zeta}$$

$$- \sum_n B'_n \left\{ \mu_z q'_n + \zeta' \mu'_x \left(\omega \frac{\sin \theta}{\beta_1} - np \right) \right\} e^{inpx} e^{iq'_n \zeta}$$

$$= D \left\{ \mu_z r - \zeta' \mu'_x \left(\omega \frac{\sin \theta}{\beta_1} \right) \right\} e^{-ir\zeta} +$$

$$\sum_n D_n \left\{ \mu_z r_n - \zeta' \mu'_x \left(\omega \frac{\sin \theta}{\beta_1} + np \right) \right\} e^{-inpx} e^{-ir_n \zeta}$$

$$+ \sum_n D'_n \left\{ \mu_z r'_n - \zeta' \mu'_x \left(\omega \frac{\sin \theta}{\beta_1} - np \right) \right\} e^{inpx} e^{-ir'_n \zeta}$$

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$$\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\zeta'^2(x)}}, 0, \frac{\zeta'(x)}{\sqrt{1+\zeta'^2(x)}} \right),$$

$$\left(\frac{-\zeta'(x)}{\sqrt{1+\zeta'^2(x)}}, 0, \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\zeta'^2(x)}} \right),$$

()

M_m

:

$$[\tau_{ij}] \begin{bmatrix} -\zeta' / \sqrt{1+\zeta'^2} \\ 0 \\ 1 / \sqrt{1+\zeta'^2} \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\zeta'^2}} (\tau_{yz}^m - \zeta' \tau_{yx}^m)$$

m

x

ζ

ζ'

$$z = \zeta(x)$$

$$\exp(\pm iq\zeta) = 1 \pm iq\zeta :$$

$$() \quad () \quad () \quad ()$$

$$D \quad B \quad ()$$

$$A \quad \zeta \quad x \quad ()$$

:

$$A + B = D \quad ()$$

$$A\mu_z q - B\mu_z q = D\mu'_z r \quad ()$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} D_n & B_n \\ () & () \end{pmatrix} \exp(-inpx)$$

:

$$B_n - D_n = i\zeta_{-n} [Aq - Bq - Dr] \quad ()$$

$$B_n \mu_z q_n + D_n \mu'_z r_n = i\zeta_{-n} \left\{ (A+B) \left[np \mu_x \frac{\omega \sin \theta}{\beta_1} \right. \right. \quad ()$$

$$\left. \left. - q^2 \mu_z \right] - D \left[np \mu'_x \frac{\omega \sin \theta}{\beta_1} - r^2 \mu'_z \right] \right\}$$

$$B'_n$$

$$\exp(inpx) \quad D'_n$$

:

$$z = \zeta(x), \text{ where } v_1 = v_2 \quad ()$$

$$z = \zeta(x), \text{ where } \tau_{yz}^1 - \zeta' \tau_{yx}^1 = \tau_{yz}^2 - \zeta' \tau_{yx}^2 \quad ()$$

()

M_1

$$\tau_{yx}^1 = \mu_x \frac{\partial v_1}{\partial x}; \quad \tau_{yz}^1 = \mu_z \frac{\partial v_1}{\partial z} \quad ()$$

M_2

$$\tau_{yx}^2 = \mu'_x \frac{\partial v_2}{\partial x}; \quad \tau_{yz}^2 = \mu'_z \frac{\partial v_2}{\partial z} \quad ()$$

$$() \quad () \quad ()$$

:

$$\mu_z \frac{\partial v_1}{\partial z} - \zeta' \mu_x \frac{\partial v_1}{\partial x} = \mu'_z \frac{\partial v_2}{\partial z} - \zeta' \mu'_x \frac{\partial v_2}{\partial x} \quad ()$$

$$() \quad () \quad ()$$

:

()

$$\gamma_1^n = \sqrt{\mu_x (1/\sin^2 \theta_n - 1)} / \mu_z,$$

$$\gamma_1'^n = \sqrt{\mu_x (1/\sin^2 \theta'_n - 1)} / \mu_z,$$

$$\gamma_2^n = \sqrt{\mu'_x (1/\sin^2 \delta_n - 1)} / \mu'_z,$$

$$\gamma_2'^n = \sqrt{\mu'_x (1/\sin^2 \delta'_n - 1)} / \mu'_z.$$

()
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n=1, 2, 3

$$\zeta_{-n} = \zeta_n = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } n \neq 1 \\ d/2 & \text{if } n = 1 \end{cases}$$

$$z = d \cos px$$

$$\begin{matrix} D'_1 & B'_1 & D_1 & B_1 \\ () & & n=1 & \end{matrix}$$

$$B_1 = \frac{\Delta B_1}{\Delta_1}, D_1 = \frac{\Delta D_1}{\Delta_1}, B'_1 = \frac{\Delta B'_1}{\Delta'_1}, D'_1 = \frac{\Delta D'_1}{\Delta'_1} \quad ()$$

$$\Delta_1 = \gamma_1 + \frac{\mu'_z \gamma_2^1}{\mu_z}, \quad \Delta'_1 = \gamma_1^1 + \frac{\mu'_z \gamma_2'^1}{\mu_z}$$

$$\Delta B_1 = i \frac{kd}{2} \left\{ (A+B) \left[-\gamma_1^2 + \frac{\mu_x p}{\mu_z k} \right] + (A-B) \right. \\ \left. \times \left[\frac{\gamma_1 \mu'_z \gamma_2^1}{\mu_z} \right] + D \left[\frac{\gamma_2^2 \mu'_z}{\mu_z} - \frac{\gamma_2^1 \gamma_2 \mu'_z}{\mu_z} - \frac{\mu'_x p}{k \mu_z} \right] \right\}$$

$$\Delta D_1 = i \frac{kd}{2} \left\{ (A+B) \left[-\gamma_1^2 + \frac{\mu_x p}{\mu_z k} \right] + (A-B) \right. \\ \left. \times \left[-\gamma_1 \gamma_1^1 \right] + D \left[\frac{(\gamma_2^1)^2 \mu'_z}{\mu_z} + \gamma_1^1 \gamma_2 - \frac{\mu'_x p}{k \mu_z} \right] \right\}$$

$$\Delta B'_1 = i \frac{kd}{2} \left\{ (A+B) \left[-\gamma_1^2 - \frac{\mu_x p}{\mu_z k} \right] + (A-B) \right. \\ \left. \times \left[\frac{\gamma_1 \mu'_z \gamma_2'^1}{\mu_z} \right] + D \left[\frac{\gamma_2^2 \mu'_z}{\mu_z} - \frac{\gamma_2^1 \gamma_2 \mu'_z}{\mu_z} + \frac{\mu'_x p}{k \mu_z} \right] \right\}$$

$$\Delta D'_1 = i \frac{kd}{2} \left\{ (A+B) \left[-\gamma_1^2 - \frac{\mu_x p}{\mu_z k} \right] + (A-B) \right. \\ \left. \times \left[-\gamma_1 \gamma_1^1 \right] + D \left[\frac{\gamma_2^2 \mu'_z}{\mu_z} + \gamma_1^1 \gamma_2 + \frac{\mu'_x p}{k \mu_z} \right] \right\}$$

()

$$B'_n - D'_n = i \zeta_n [Aq - Bq - Dr] \quad ()$$

$$B'_n \mu_z q'_n + D'_n \mu'_z r'_n = i \zeta_{-n} \left\{ (A+B) [np \mu_x \right. \\ \left. \times \frac{\omega \sin \theta}{\beta_1} + q^2 \mu_z] - D [np \mu'_x \frac{\omega \sin \theta}{\beta_1} + r^2 \mu'_z] \right\} \quad ()$$

() ()

:

$$B = A \frac{\mu_z q - \mu'_z r}{\mu_z q + \mu'_z r} \quad D = A \frac{2 \mu_z q}{\mu_z q + \mu'_z r} \quad ()$$

() () () ()

$$B_n = \frac{\Delta B_n}{\Delta_n}, D_n = \frac{\Delta D_n}{\Delta_n}, B'_n = \frac{\Delta B'_n}{\Delta'_n}, D'_n = \frac{\Delta D'_n}{\Delta'_n} \quad ()$$

$$\Delta_n = \gamma_1^n + \frac{\mu'_z \gamma_2^n}{\mu_z}, \quad \Delta'_n = \gamma_1'^n + \frac{\mu'_z \gamma_2'^n}{\mu_z}$$

$$\Delta B_n = i \zeta_{-n} k \left\{ (A+B) \left[-\gamma_1^2 + \frac{\mu_x np}{\mu_z k} \right] + (A-B) \right. \\ \left. \times \left[\frac{\gamma_1 \mu'_z \gamma_2^n}{\mu_z} \right] + D \left[\frac{\gamma_2^2 \mu'_z}{\mu_z} - \frac{\gamma_2^n \gamma_2 \mu'_z}{\mu_z} - \frac{\mu'_x np}{k \mu_z} \right] \right\}$$

$$\Delta D_n = i \zeta_{-n} k \left\{ (A+B) \left[-\gamma_1^2 + \frac{\mu_x np}{\mu_z k} \right] + (A-B) \right. \\ \left. \times \left[-\gamma_1 \gamma_1^n \right] + D \left[\frac{\gamma_2^{2n} \mu'_z}{\mu_z} + \gamma_1^n \gamma_2 - \frac{\mu'_x np}{k \mu_z} \right] \right\}$$

$$\Delta B'_n = i \zeta_n k \left\{ (A+B) \left[-\gamma_1^2 - \frac{\mu_x np}{\mu_z k} \right] + (A-B) \right. \\ \left. \times \left[\frac{\gamma_1 \mu'_z \gamma_2'^n}{\mu_z} \right] + D \left[\frac{\gamma_2^2 \mu'_z}{\mu_z} - \frac{\gamma_2^n \gamma_2 \mu'_z}{\mu_z} + \frac{\mu'_x np}{k \mu_z} \right] \right\}$$

$$\Delta D'_n = i \zeta_n k \left\{ (A+B) \left[-\gamma_1^2 - \frac{\mu_x np}{\mu_z k} \right] + (A-B) \right. \\ \left. \times \left[-\gamma_1 \gamma_1'^n \right] + D \left[\frac{\gamma_2^2 \mu'_z}{\mu_z} + \gamma_1'^n \gamma_2 + \frac{\mu'_x np}{k \mu_z} \right] \right\}$$

$$\gamma_1 = \sqrt{\mu_x (1/\sin^2 \theta - 1)} / \mu_z,$$

$$\gamma_2 = \sqrt{\mu'_x (1/\sin^2 \delta - 1)} / \mu'_z,$$

$$\Delta B_2 = i \frac{k(c_2 + is_2)}{2} \left\{ (A+B) \left[-\gamma_1^2 + \frac{2\mu_x p}{\mu_z k} \right] + (A-B) \left[\frac{\gamma_1 \mu'_z \gamma_2^2}{\mu_z} \right] + D \left[\frac{\gamma_2^2 \mu'_z}{\mu_z} - \frac{\gamma_2^2 \gamma_2 \mu'_z}{\mu_z} - \frac{2\mu'_x p}{k \mu_z} \right] \right\}$$

$$\Delta D_2 = i \frac{k(c_2 + is_2)}{2} \left\{ (A+B) \left[-\gamma_1^2 + \frac{2\mu_x p}{\mu_z k} \right] + (A-B) \left[-\gamma_1 \gamma_1^2 \right] + D \left[\frac{(\gamma_2^2)^2 \mu'_z}{\mu_z} + \gamma_1^2 \gamma_2 - \frac{2\mu'_x p}{k \mu_z} \right] \right\}$$

$$\Delta B'_2 = i \frac{k(c_2 - is_2)}{2} \left\{ (A+B) \left[-\gamma_1^2 - \frac{2\mu_x p}{\mu_z k} \right] + (A-B) \left[\frac{\gamma_1 \mu'_z \gamma_2^2}{\mu_z} \right] + D \left[\frac{\gamma_2^2 \mu'_z}{\mu_z} - \frac{\gamma_2^2 \gamma_2 \mu'_z}{\mu_z} + \frac{2\mu'_x p}{k \mu_z} \right] \right\}$$

$$\Delta D'_2 = i \frac{k(c_2 - is_2)}{2} \left\{ (A+B) \left[-\gamma_1^2 - \frac{2\mu_x p}{\mu_z k} \right] + (A-B) \left[-\gamma_1 \gamma_1^2 \right] + D \left[\frac{\gamma_2^2 \mu'_z}{\mu_z} + \gamma_1^2 \gamma_2 + \frac{2\mu'_x p}{k \mu_z} \right] \right\}$$

()

$$n = 3$$

$$\zeta = d \cos(px) + c_2 \cos(2px) + s_2 \sin(2px) + c_3 \cos(3px) + s_3 \sin(3px)$$

$$n = 3 \quad \cdot \quad \zeta_{\pm 3} = (c_3 \mp is_3) / 2$$

$$\begin{matrix} D'_3 & B'_3 & D_3 & B_3 & n=2 \\ n=2 \end{matrix}$$

()

نتایج عددی

$$\rho_1 = 2.2 \times 10^3 \text{ kg/m}^3 : M_1$$

$$\mu_z = 2.68 \times 10^9 \text{ N/m}^2$$

$$\mu_x = 5.68 \times 10^9 \text{ N/m}^2$$

$$\rho_2 = 2.9 \times 10^3 \text{ kg/m}^3 : M_2$$

$$\mu'_z = 2.95 \times 10^9 \text{ N/m}^2$$

$$\mu'_x = 4.88 \times 10^9 \text{ N/m}^2$$

() () ()

$$\mu_x = \mu_z = \mu_1$$

$$\mu'_x = \mu'_z = \mu_2$$

$$\left\{ \begin{matrix} \theta = \delta = 0 \\ \zeta_1 = \zeta_{-1} = d/2 \end{matrix} \right\} \Rightarrow \left\{ \begin{matrix} \cos \theta_1 = \cos \theta'_1 \\ \cos \delta_1 = \cos \delta'_1 \end{matrix} \right\} \Rightarrow \left\{ \begin{matrix} B_1 = B'_1 \\ D_1 = D'_1 \end{matrix} \right\}$$

$$B_1 - D_1 = i \zeta_1 \omega \left[\frac{A-B}{\beta_1} - \frac{D}{\beta_2} \right],$$

$$B_1 \mu_1 q_1 + D_1 \mu_2 r_1 = i \zeta_1 \omega^2 \left\{ -\mu_1 \frac{A+B}{\beta_1^2} + \mu_2 \frac{D}{\beta_2^2} \right\}$$

[]

$$D_1 \quad B_1 \quad ()$$

$$\exp(\pm iq \zeta) = 1 \pm iq \zeta - iq^2 \frac{\zeta^2}{2!}$$

$$\zeta = d \cos(px) + c_2 \cos(2px) + s_2 \sin(2px) \quad ()$$

$$\zeta_2 = (c_2 - is_2) / 2 \quad \zeta_1 = \zeta_{-1} = d / 2$$

$$n = 2 \quad \cdot \quad \zeta_{-2} = (c_2 + is_2) / 2$$

$$\begin{matrix} D'_2 & D'_1 & B'_2 & B'_1 & D_2 & D_1 & B_2 & B_1 \\ () & & & & & & & & D'_1 & B'_1 & D_1 & B_1 \end{matrix}$$

$$B_2 = \frac{\Delta B_2}{\Delta_2}, D_2 = \frac{\Delta D_2}{\Delta_2}, B'_2 = \frac{\Delta B'_2}{\Delta'_2}, D'_2 = \frac{\Delta D'_2}{\Delta'_2} \quad ()$$

$$\Delta_2 = \gamma_1^2 + \frac{\mu'_z \gamma_2^2}{\mu_z} \quad \Delta'_2 = \gamma_1'^2 + \frac{\mu'_z \gamma_2'^2}{\mu_z}$$

$$\theta = 3^{\circ} \quad 0.001 \quad pd \quad d\omega/\beta_1 = 0.1$$

$$\theta = 70^{\circ} \quad d\omega/\beta_1 \quad 0.0001$$

$$n = 2, 3 \quad n = 1, 2, 3$$

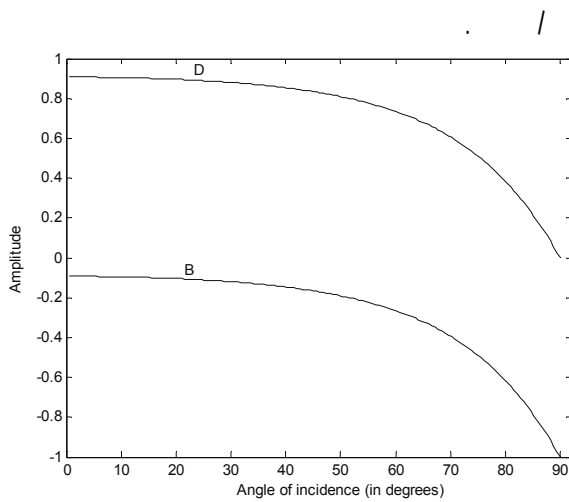
$$D_3 \quad B_3 \quad D_2 \quad B_2$$

$$(\quad)$$

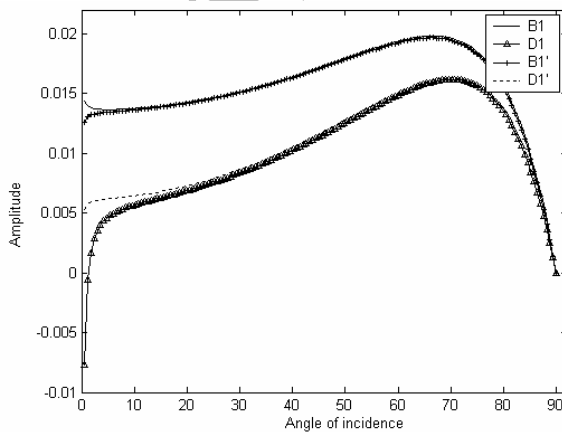
$$(\quad)$$

جدول ۱: مقایسه مقادیر D_1 و B_1 حاصل از تقریب اول با نتایج به دست آمده توسط آسانو از تقریب دوم برای دو نیم فضای ایزوتروپ با فصل مشترک ناهموار. D_{1A} و B_{1A} نشان دهنده مقادیر به دست آمده توسط آسانو (۱۹۶۰) هستند. مشخصه های مورد نیاز برای محاسبه این ضرایب همان مشخصه های پیش فرض در مقاله آسانو می باشند.

B_1	B_{1A}	D_1	D_{1A}
0.043	0.042	0.017	0.019
0.043	0.042	0.018	0.019
0.043	0.041	0.018	0.019
0.041	0.039	0.020	0.022
0.039	0.036	0.021	0.025
0.034	0.020	0.026	0.040
0.027	0.031	0.036	0.036
0.038	0.040	0.031	0.032
0.046	0.046	0.025	0.026
0.051	0.051	0.020	0.021
0.058	0.057	0.009	0.010
0.059	0.059	0.005	0.007
0.061	0.060	0.001	0.003
0.061	0.061	0.004	0.002
0.062	0.061	0.011	0.010
0.054	0.054	0.012	0.011
0.052	0.051	0.013	0.012
0.049	0.049	0.014	0.014
0.049	0.049	0.015	0.014
0.048	0.048	0.015	0.014
0.048	0.048	0.015	0.014
0.048	0.048	0.015	0.015
0.046	0.046	0.016	0.016
0.045	0.045	0.017	0.017
0.042	0.042	0.019	0.019
0.041	0.041	0.019	0.019



شکل ۲: تغییرات دامنه های بازتاب و شکست معمولی، D و B بر حسب زاویه تابش ($pd = 0.0001$).



شکل ۳: تغییرات دامنه های بازتاب و شکست پراثی، B_1, D_1, B_1', D_1' بر حسب زاویه تابش ($pd = 0.0001$).

$$(\quad)$$

$$\theta \quad D \quad B$$

$$M_2 \quad M_1$$

$$B$$

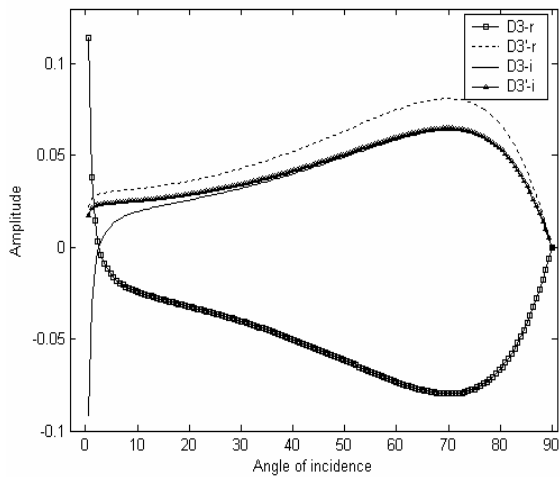
$$\theta = 90^{\circ}$$

$$D$$

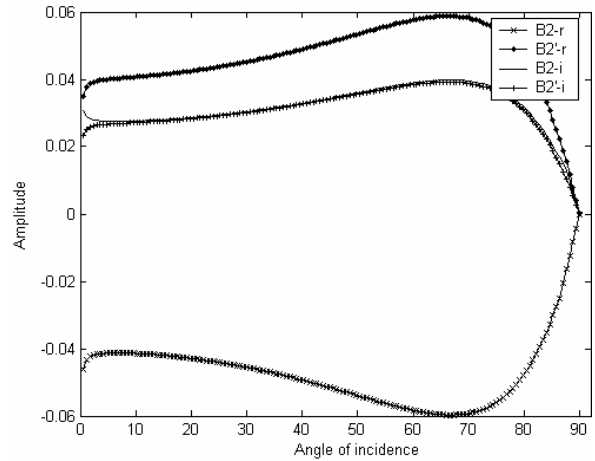
$$\theta = 90^{\circ}$$

$$(\quad)$$

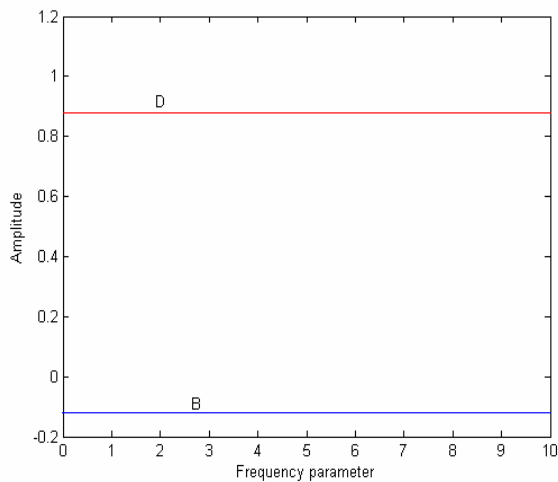
$$\theta \quad D_1' \quad B_1' \quad D_1 \quad B_1$$



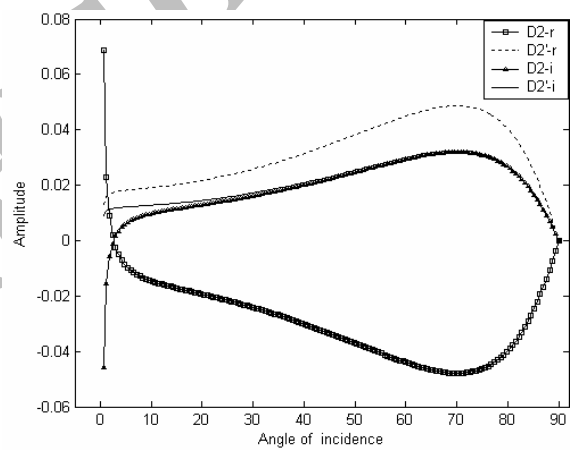
شکل ۷: تغییرات دامنه‌های بازتاب و شکست پراشی حقیقی و موهومی، D_3, D_3' بر حسب زاویه تابش ($pd = 0.0001$).



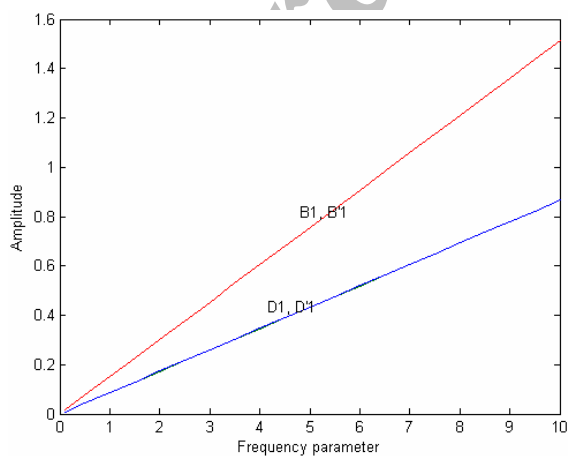
شکل ۴: تغییرات دامنه‌های بازتاب و شکست پراشی حقیقی و موهومی، B_2, B_2' بر حسب زاویه تابش ($pd = 0.0001$).



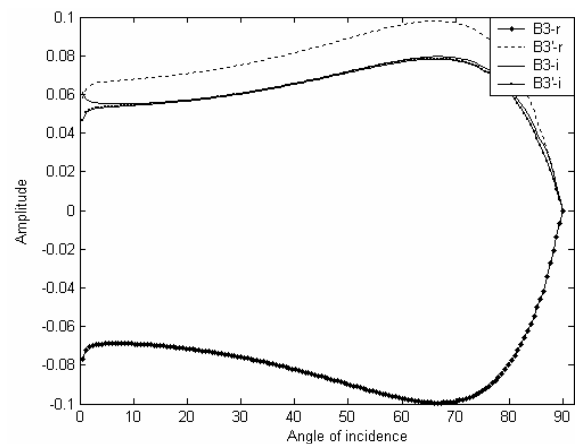
شکل ۸: تغییرات دامنه‌های بازتاب و شکست عادی، D و B بر حسب مشخصه فرکانس ($pd = 0.0001$).



شکل ۵: تغییرات دامنه‌های بازتاب و شکست پراشی حقیقی و موهومی، D_2, D_2' بر حسب زاویه تابش ($pd = 0.0001$).



شکل ۹: تغییرات دامنه‌های بازتاب و شکست پراشی، B_1, D_1, B_1', D_1' بر حسب مشخصه فرکانس ($pd = 0.0001$).



شکل ۶: تغییرات دامنه‌های بازتاب و شکست پراشی حقیقی و موهومی، B_3, B_3' بر حسب زاویه تابش ($pd = 0.0001$).

() () ()

$$\omega d / \beta_1$$

$$\theta = 30^\circ \quad n = 1, 2$$

()

()

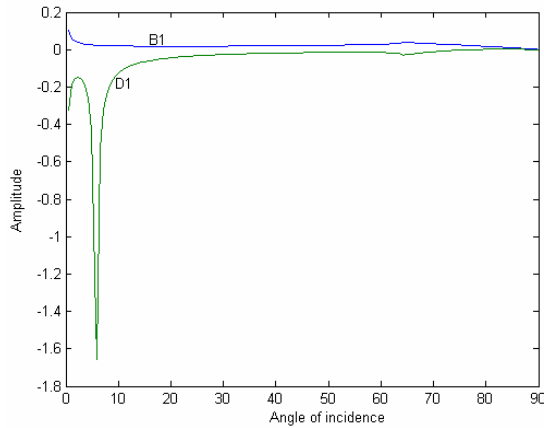
D B

$$pd = 0.01$$

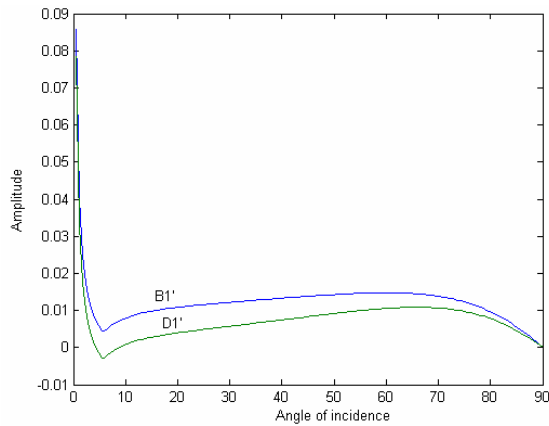
θ

$M_2 \quad M_1$

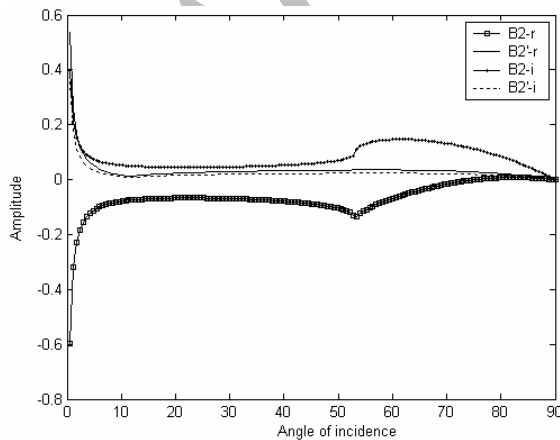
()



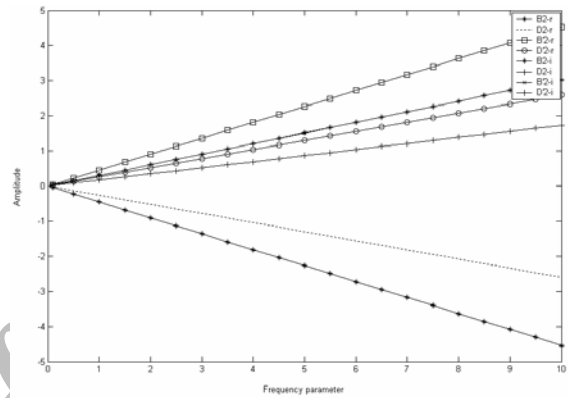
شکل ۱۲: تغییرات دامنه‌های بازتاب و شکست پراشی، B_1, D_1 بر حسب زاویه تابش ($pd = 0.01$).



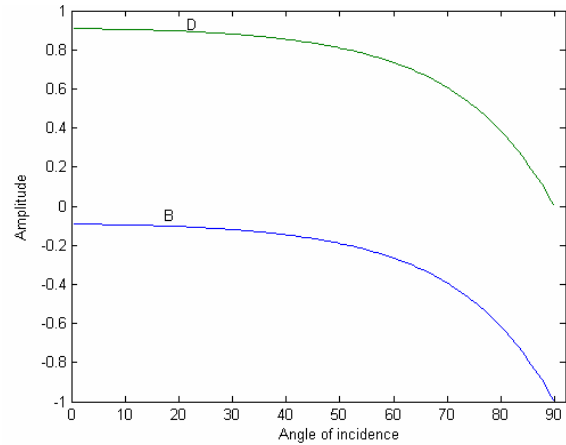
شکل ۱۳: تغییرات دامنه‌های بازتاب و شکست پراشی، B_1', D_1' بر حسب زاویه تابش ($pd = 0.01$).



شکل ۱۴: تغییرات دامنه‌های بازتاب و شکست پراشی حقیقی و موهومی B_2, B_2' بر حسب زاویه تابش ($pd = 0.01$).



شکل ۱۰: تغییرات دامنه‌های حقیقی و موهومی ضرایب بازتاب و شکست پراشی، B_2, D_2, B_2', D_2' بر حسب مشخصه فرکانس ($pd = 0.0001$).



شکل ۱۱: تغییرات دامنه‌های بازتاب و شکست معمول، D و B بر حسب زاویه تابش ($pd = 0.01$).

() ()

$$pd = 0.01$$

B

D

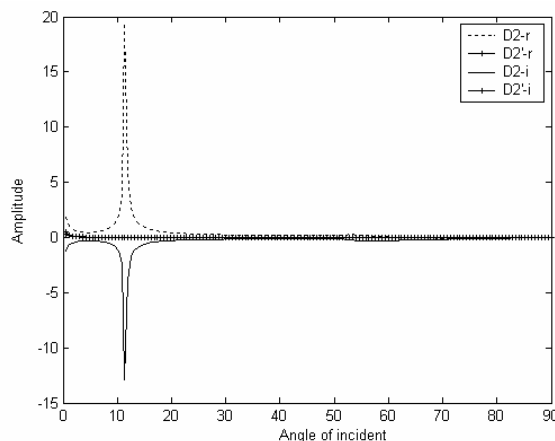
$$pd = 0.01$$

D B

p

نتیجه گیری

SH



شکل ۱۵: تغییرات دامنه‌های بازتاب و شکست پراشی حقیقی و موهومی، D_2, D_2' بر حسب زاویه تابش ($pd = 0.01$).

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واژه های انگلیسی به ترتیب استفاده در متن

1 - Microstrech Solid