
*

(// , // , //)

Archive of SID

.[]

()

()

()

:()

[]

)

[] (

$$F = \frac{D}{D_H} \quad , \quad K = \frac{C_s b}{k_D}$$
$$P = k_D D_H \left[1 + \frac{F K}{(1 + b p_o)(1 + b p_L)} \right] \quad ()$$
$$D_L \left[\frac{m^2}{s} \right] \quad D_H \left[\frac{m^2}{s} \right]$$
$$C_s \left[\frac{cc(gas)}{cc(polymer)} \right]$$
$$b [pa^{-1}]$$
$$k_D \left[\frac{cc(gas)}{cc(polymer).pa} \right]$$
$$p_L, p_o$$

()

[] .

[]

$$\frac{r}{\lambda} < 0.05$$

$$\frac{r}{\lambda} = 0.05 - 50$$

$$\frac{r}{\lambda} > 50$$

() :

[]

:

$$\lambda = \frac{RT}{\sqrt{2}\pi d^2 N \bar{p}} \quad ()$$

R \bar{p} [pa]

d [m] T [°K]

N

$$N(r) = \frac{N_t}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma} \exp\left[-0.5\left(\frac{r-\bar{r}}{\sigma}\right)^2\right] \quad ()$$

N_t \bar{r} [m]

() r_{max}

σ [m]

:[]

$$q_K = \frac{2\pi r^3}{3} \left[\frac{8RT}{\pi M} \right]^{\frac{1}{2}} \left[\frac{\Delta p}{LRT} \right] = \left[\frac{32\pi}{9MRT} \right]^{\frac{1}{2}} \frac{r^3 \Delta p}{L} \quad ()$$

$$q_V = \frac{\pi r^4 \bar{p} \Delta p}{8\eta RTL} \quad ()$$

$$q_{sl} = \frac{\pi r^3 \Delta p}{M \bar{C} L} \quad ()$$

η [pa.s]

L [m]

\bar{C} [m/s]

M

$$\bar{C} = (8RT / \pi M)^{\frac{1}{2}} \quad ()$$

(Q_g [kmol/s])

[]

$$Q_g = Q_K + Q_{sl} + Q_V \quad ()$$

$$Q_g = \sum_{r=0}^{0.05\lambda} N(r)q_k + \sum_{r=0.05\lambda}^{50\lambda} N(r)q_{sl} + \sum_{r=50\lambda}^{r_{max}} N(r)q_V \quad ()$$

:[]

$$Q_g = \frac{N_t}{L} [G_1 I_1 + G_2 I_2 + G_3 I_3] \Delta p \quad ()$$

(r [m])

:

I G

(λ [m])

$$\left(\right) \left(\right) \left(\right)$$

$$Q_S = \frac{RT\rho_{app}}{2000\tau C_R L^2} \frac{I_4}{I_5} \int_{p_L}^{p_0} \frac{X^2}{p} dp \quad ()$$

$$X = k_D p \quad ()$$

$$C_R X \quad ()$$

$$()$$

$$X = k_D p \quad ()$$

$$Q_S = \frac{RT\rho_{app}}{2000\tau C_R L^2} \frac{I_4}{I_5} \int_{p_L}^{p_0} k_D^2 p dp = A_2' \frac{I_4}{I_5} p \Delta p \quad ()$$

$$A_2' = \frac{RT\rho_{app}}{2000\tau C_R L^2} k_D^2 \quad ()$$

$$A_2' = \frac{RT\rho_{app}}{2000\tau C_R L^2} k_D^2 \quad ()$$

$$Q_{total} = Q_g + Q_S = \frac{N_t}{L} [G_1 I_1 + G_2 I_2 + G_3 I_3] \Delta p + \dots$$

$$Q_{total} = Q_g + Q_S = \frac{N_t}{L} [G_1 I_1 + G_2 I_2 + G_3 I_3] \Delta p + \dots$$

$$Q_{total} = Q_g + Q_S = \frac{N_t}{L} [G_1 I_1 + G_2 I_2 + G_3 I_3] \Delta p + \dots$$

$$Q_{total} = Q_g + Q_S = \frac{N_t}{L} [G_1 I_1 + G_2 I_2 + G_3 I_3] \Delta p + \dots$$

$$Q_{total} = Q_g + Q_S = \frac{N_t}{L} [G_1 I_1 + G_2 I_2 + G_3 I_3] \Delta p + \dots$$

$$Q_{total} = Q_g + Q_S = \frac{N_t}{L} [G_1 I_1 + G_2 I_2 + G_3 I_3] \Delta p + \dots$$

$$Q_{total} = Q_g + Q_S = \frac{N_t}{L} [G_1 I_1 + G_2 I_2 + G_3 I_3] \Delta p + \dots$$

$$Q_{total} = Q_g + Q_S = \frac{N_t}{L} [G_1 I_1 + G_2 I_2 + G_3 I_3] \Delta p + \dots$$

$$Q_{total} = Q_g + Q_S = \frac{N_t}{L} [G_1 I_1 + G_2 I_2 + G_3 I_3] \Delta p + \dots$$

$$Q_{total} = Q_g + Q_S = \frac{N_t}{L} [G_1 I_1 + G_2 I_2 + G_3 I_3] \Delta p + \dots$$

$$Q_{total} = Q_g + Q_S = \frac{N_t}{L} [G_1 I_1 + G_2 I_2 + G_3 I_3] \Delta p + \dots$$

$$Q_{total} = Q_g + Q_S = \frac{N_t}{L} [G_1 I_1 + G_2 I_2 + G_3 I_3] \Delta p + \dots$$

$$Q_{total} = Q_g + Q_S = \frac{N_t}{L} [G_1 I_1 + G_2 I_2 + G_3 I_3] \Delta p + \dots$$

$$Q_{total} = Q_g + Q_S = \frac{N_t}{L} [G_1 I_1 + G_2 I_2 + G_3 I_3] \Delta p + \dots$$

$$G_1 = \left[\frac{32\pi}{9MRT} \right]^{\frac{1}{2}}, \quad G_2 = \frac{\pi}{MC}, \quad G_3 = \frac{\pi \bar{p}}{8\eta RT} \quad ()$$

$$I_1 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\sigma}} \int_{r=0}^{0.05\lambda} r^3 \exp \left[-\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{r-\bar{r}}{\sigma} \right)^2 \right] dr \quad ()$$

$$I_2 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\sigma}} \int_{r=0.05\lambda}^{50\lambda} r^3 \exp \left[-\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{r-\bar{r}}{\sigma} \right)^2 \right] dr \quad ()$$

$$I_3 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\sigma}} \int_{r=50\lambda}^{r_{max}} r^4 \exp \left[-\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{r-\bar{r}}{\sigma} \right)^2 \right] dr \quad ()$$

$$r_{max} > 50\lambda$$

$$Q_S = \frac{RT\rho_{app}}{1000\tau C_R S_S L_p} \int \frac{X^2}{p} dp \quad ()$$

$$Q_S = \frac{RT\rho_{app}}{1000\tau C_R S_S L_p} \int \frac{X^2}{p} dp \quad ()$$

$$Q_S = \frac{RT\rho_{app}}{1000\tau C_R S_S L_p} \int \frac{X^2}{p} dp \quad ()$$

$$Q_S = \frac{RT\rho_{app}}{1000\tau C_R S_S L_p} \int \frac{X^2}{p} dp \quad ()$$

$$Q_S = \frac{RT\rho_{app}}{1000\tau C_R S_S L_p} \int \frac{X^2}{p} dp \quad ()$$

$$Q_S = \frac{RT\rho_{app}}{1000\tau C_R S_S L_p} \int \frac{X^2}{p} dp \quad ()$$

$$Q_S = \frac{RT\rho_{app}}{1000\tau C_R S_S L_p} \int \frac{X^2}{p} dp \quad ()$$

$$Q_S = \frac{RT\rho_{app}}{1000\tau C_R S_S L_p} \int \frac{X^2}{p} dp \quad ()$$

$$Q_S = \frac{RT\rho_{app}}{1000\tau C_R S_S L_p} \int \frac{X^2}{p} dp \quad ()$$

$$Q_S = \frac{RT\rho_{app}}{1000\tau C_R S_S L_p} \int \frac{X^2}{p} dp \quad ()$$

$$Q_S = \frac{RT\rho_{app}}{1000\tau C_R S_S L_p} \int \frac{X^2}{p} dp \quad ()$$

$$Q_S = \frac{RT\rho_{app}}{1000\tau C_R S_S L_p} \int \frac{X^2}{p} dp \quad ()$$

$$Q_S = \frac{RT\rho_{app}}{1000\tau C_R S_S L_p} \int \frac{X^2}{p} dp \quad ()$$

$$\left(\begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \end{array} \right) \quad \left(\begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \end{array} \right)$$

$(R_3 \cong 0)$ [] Rangarajan

[] Tremblay
Simplex Rangarajan

$$I_{total} = I_1 + I_2, \quad Q_{total} = Q_1 + Q_2 \quad () \quad [] \quad \text{Wang}$$

$$Q_1 \quad Q_{total} \left[\frac{kmol}{s} \right]$$

Q_2

$$Q_2 = \frac{N_t}{L} (G_1 I_1 + G_2 I_2 + G_3 I_3) \Delta p + A_2' \frac{I_4}{I_5} p \Delta p \quad ()$$

$$Q_1 = P S_1 \frac{\Delta p}{L_{eff}} \quad ()$$

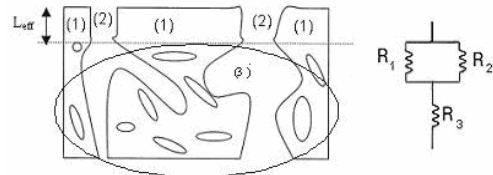
$$L_{eff} [m] \quad S_1 [m^2] \quad \Delta p [pa] \quad P \left[\frac{kmol \cdot m}{m^2 \cdot pa \cdot s} \right]$$

() ()

$$Q_{total} = \frac{N_t}{L} (G_1 I_1 + G_2 I_2 + G_3 I_3) \Delta p + A_2' \frac{I_4}{I_5} p \Delta p + \dots$$

$$P S_1 \frac{\Delta p}{L_{eff}} \quad ()$$

$$J_{total} = \frac{Q_{total}}{\Delta p S_{total}} \quad ()$$



) L_{eff} ()

$$J_{total} = \frac{N_t}{L S_{total}} (G_1 I_1 + G_2 I_2 + G_3 I_3) + \frac{A_2'}{S_{total}} \frac{I_4}{p} + \dots + \frac{S_1}{S_{total}} \frac{P}{L_{eff}} \quad (1)$$

$$J_{total} = S_{total} \quad [m^2] \quad (2)$$

$$\varepsilon = \frac{S_2}{S_{total}} \Rightarrow \frac{S_1}{S_{total}} = 1 - \varepsilon \quad (3)$$

$$SS_R = \sum_{i=0}^n (J_{exp i} - J_{calci})^2 \quad (4)$$

$$SS_R \quad n \quad \varepsilon < 10^{-5} \quad (5)$$

$$\frac{S_1}{S_{total}} = 1 - \varepsilon \cong 1 \Rightarrow S_1 \cong S_{total} \quad (6)$$

$$J_{total} = A_1 (G_1 I_1 + G_2 I_2 + G_3 I_3) + A_2 \frac{I_4}{I_5} \frac{P}{L_{eff}} \quad (7)$$

$$A_1 = \left[\frac{1}{m^3} \right], A_2 = \frac{A_2'}{S_{total}}, A_1 = \frac{N_t}{L S_{total}} \quad (8)$$

$$A_2 = \left[\frac{kmol}{m^3 \cdot s \cdot pa^2} \right] \quad (9)$$

$$(r_{max}) \quad (\bar{r}) \quad (r_{max}) \quad (\sigma) \quad (10)$$

$$f(r) = \frac{N(r)}{N_t} \quad (11)$$

$$\int_0^{\infty} f(r) dr = 1 \quad (12)$$

r_{max}

$$\int_0^{r_{max}} f(r) dr = 1 \quad (13)$$

$$\bar{r}(\sigma)$$

()

$$\bar{r} \quad \sigma \quad (A_1 \quad A_2) \quad (14)$$

$$J_{total} \quad X_1 \quad X_2$$

$$A_1 \quad A_2 \quad (15)$$

()

Quasi

Newton

Y

: ()

$$Y_i = a_i X_1 + b_i X_2 + c_i \quad ()$$

:

$$a_i = G_1 I_{1,i} + G_2 I_{2,i} + G_3 I_{3,i}$$

$$b_i = \frac{I_{4,i}}{I_{5,i}} p_i \quad c_i = \frac{P_i}{L_{\text{eff}}}$$

()

$c_i \quad b_i \quad a_i$

:

$$SS_R = \sum_{i=1}^n [Y_{\text{exp}i} - (a_i X_1 + b_i X_2 + c_i)]^2 \quad ()$$

$X_2 \quad X_1$

:

$$\frac{\partial SS_R}{\partial X_1} = 0, \quad \frac{\partial SS_R}{\partial X_2} = 0 \quad ()$$

[]

Rangarajan

[]

Wang

[]

min $SS_R(A_1, A_2, \bar{r}, \sigma)$ subject to:

$$LB_{A_1} < A_1 < UB_{A_1}$$

$$LB_{A_2} < A_2 < UB_{A_2}$$

$$0 < \bar{r} < r_{\text{max}}$$

$$\int_0^{r_{\text{max}}} \frac{N(r)}{N_t} dr = 1$$

()

$A_2 \quad A_1$

$$(LB_{A_1} \quad UB_{A_1} \quad LB_{A_2} \quad UB_{A_2})$$

	A_r	N_2
$k_D \left(\frac{cm^3}{cm^3 \cdot atm} \right)$	0.15	0.0753
$C_s \left(\frac{cm^3}{cm^3} \right)$	6.72	9.98
$b \left(\frac{1}{atm} \right)$	0.0317	0.0156
$D_H \times 10^8 \left(\frac{cm^2}{s} \right)$	1.7	1.03
$D_L \times 10^8 \left(\frac{cm^2}{s} \right)$	0.639	0.468

[]

:

	$d \text{ [}^\circ\text{A]}$	$\eta \times 10^7 \text{ [pa.s]}$
A_r	3.542	222
N_2	3.798	178

(constrained method)

Matlab7

Fmincon

Quasi Newton

Quasi Newton

(Local Minimums)

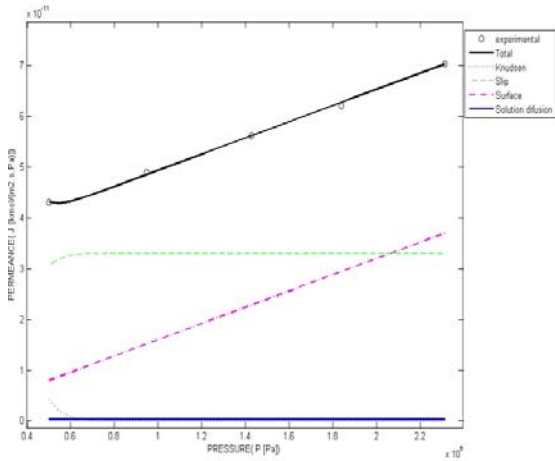
Quasi Newton

$$\cdot L_{eff} = 20000^\circ A$$

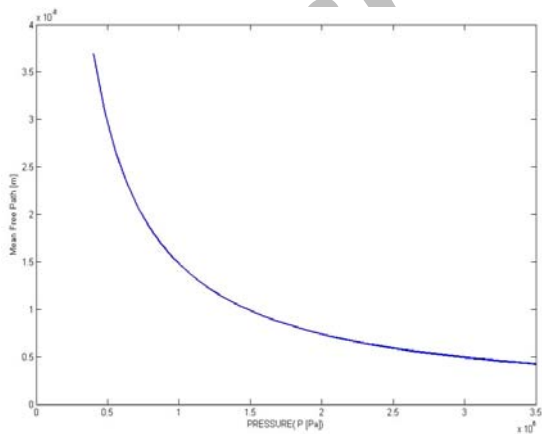
$A_1 \times 10^{-16} [l/m^3]$	6.13
$A_2 \times 10^{10} [Kmol/m^3.s.pa^2]$	8.40
$\bar{r} (^\circ A)$	47.34
$\sigma (^\circ A)$	5.05

$$\cdot L_{eff} = 5000^\circ A$$

$A_1 \times 10^{-19} [l/m^3]$	2.74
$A_2 \times 10^8 [Kmol/m^3.s.pa^2]$	1.74
$\bar{r} (^\circ A)$	17.61
$\sigma (^\circ A)$	3.46



$$\cdot (L_{eff}=5000^\circ A)$$



$$(C_s \ S \ b)$$

$$(D_L \ D_H)$$

$$G_3 (\lambda)$$

() ()

[]

() ()

[]

$P_o \times 10^{-5} [pa]$	$J_{exp} \times 10^{11} [Kmol/m^2.s.pa^2]$
1.15	0.216
1.28	0.216
1.73	0.205
1.93	0.220
2.40	0.233
3.00	0.227
3.43	0.259
3.96	0.255
4.47	0.281
5.00	0.277
5.53	0.286
6.04	0.307
6.57	0.324

$$p_L = 1 \times 10^5 \text{ pa } () *$$

[]

$P_o \times 10^{-6} [pa]$	$J_{exp} \times 10^{10} [Kmol/m^2.s.pa^2]$
0.50	0.431
0.95	0.485
1.43	0.526
1.84	0.628
2.31	0.703

$$p_L = 0 \text{ pa } () *$$

()

()

()

$r_{\max} > 50\lambda$
()

[]

(λ)

λ

()

λ

λ

()

λ

- 1 - Setford, S. J. (1995). *A basic introduction to separation science*. Rapra Technology LTD.
- 2 - Madaeni, S. S. (2003). *Membranes and Membrane Processes*, Tagh-Bostan Publication, Iran.
- 3 - Chauhan, R. S. and Panday, P. (2001). "Membrane for gas separation." *Prog. Polym. Sci.*, Vol. 26, PP. 853-893.
- 4 - Kesting, R. E. and Fritzsche, A. K. (1993). *Polymeric gas separation membranes*. Wiley Interscience Publishers., New York.
- 5 - Seader and Henley. (1998). *Separation process principles*. John Wiley and Sons., New York.
- 6- Hojjati, S. A. (2002). *The Modeling of Multi-component gas mixture transport through membranes*, M.S. Thesis, Department of Chemical Engineering, Sharif University of Technology, Tehran, Iran.
- 7 - Rangarajan, R., Mazid, M. A. and Matsuura, Sourirajan, T. S. (1984). "Permeation of pure gases under pressure through asymmetric porous membranes. Membrane characterization and prediction of performance." *Ind. Eng. Chem. Process Des.Dev*, Vol. 23, PP. 79-87.
- 8 - Wang, D., Li, K. and Teo, W. K. (1995). "Effects of temperature and pressure on gas permselection properties in asymmetric membranes." *Journal of membrane science*, Vol. 105, No. 1-2, PP. 89-101.

-
- 9 - Momeni, M. (1997). *Transport of multi-component gas mixture through membranes*, M.S. Thesis, Department of chemical engineering, Sharif University of Technology, Tehran, Iran.
- 10 - Wang, D., Xu, R., Jiang, G. and Zhu, B. (1990). "Determination of surface dense layer structure parameters of the asymmetric membrane by gas permeation method." *Journal of membrane science*, Vol. 52, No. 1, PP. 97-108.
- 11 - Tremblay, A. Y., Fouda, A., Matsuura, T. and Sourirajan, S. (1988). "The use of the simplex method to characterize dry cellulose acetate membrane for gas separations." *Canadian Journal of Chemical Engineering*, Vol. 66, PP. 1027-10430

- 1 - Solution-diffusion Model
- 2 - Pore Flow Model
- 3 - Microvoids
- 4 - Slip Flow
- 5 - Scanning Electron Microscopy (SEM)
- 6 - Probability Density Function
- 7 - Hybrid Algorithm

Archive of SID