

/ / ( / ) ( / ) ( / ) °C (10:1v/w)  
 / / / LH-20  
 ( )  
 ( / )  
 /

LH-20

---

/ / : / / :

( )

HPLC

*(Eucalyptus pilularis)*

D D D D

D

( )

( )

4-8 4-6

( ) .

*(Alnus**(Quercus castanifolia) subcordata)*

.

( )

( )  
( )

( )

( )

HPLC

*(Caesalpinia**spinosa)*

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Archive of SID

Archive of SID

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( )

Archive of SID

( :v/w) (%) )

ml (Hillis and urbach 1959,  
Hillis and yazaki 1980, Voulgaridis 1985,  
Galvez and Riedl 1997)

ml ml

ml

ml

/

$$S_y\% = A/B * 100$$

(%)

= S<sub>y</sub>

LH-20

( )

= A

LH-20

ml

= B

nm

( ) /

$$S'y = S_y * Y_s / Y$$

(%)

= Y<sub>s</sub>

(%)

= Y

(%)

= S'y

(Hagerman and

Inoue 1988)

(Hagerman 1998)

LH-20

LH-20

/ . ml  
ml / )

(

/ /

nm

%	S'y	Y	Sy	Ys	
/	/	/	/	/	
/	/	/	/	/	

(y= / x / )

(Hagerman and

Wilson 1990)

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/ ml

/

/

( )

nm

( )

( $\Delta A$ )

( $\Delta A = / x /$ )

nm

nm

*nm*

nm

Archive of SID



nm

( ) / / ( )

/ / ( ) /

/	/	/	/	
/	/			

( ) ( : v/w)

*Q.coccifera*

*Q.ilex*

( / ) ( / )

*Q.ilba*

*Alnus nepalensis*

*Alnus glutinosa*

( ) *Q.stenophylla* ( )

( ) ( ) ( )

( )

( ) *Q.robur* ( )

( )

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## Spectrophotometrical Study on Bark s Tannin of Alder and Oak Trees

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### Abstract

In this study, bark of alder (*Alnus subcordata*) and oak (*Quercus castanifolia*) were extracted by 1% alkali (1:10 w/v) at 90°C for one hour. Net yield of extractions were 21.44% for alder and 24.07% for oak. According to Stiasny number obtained for alder (90.28) and oak (70.02), the value of active polyphenolic compounds for the two species were estimated to be 19.35 and 16.85%, respectively. The amounts of condensed tannin were determined by column chromatography packed with sephadex LH-20 and found to be 6.3% and 4.2%, respectively. The results showed that condensed tannin in alder is 50% more than that in oak. The hydrolysable tannins (gallotannin and ellagitannin) were also estimated by spectrophotometry method. The high amount of ellagic acid in oak and alder extractives (respectively 43% and 35.3%), indicates that most of the tannin in these species are hydrolysable. In general, the bark of oak and alder contained 21% and 6.9% tannin, respectively.

**Keywords:** Condensed tannin, Hydrolysable tannin, Stiasny number, Ellagic acid, Gallic acid, Sephadex LH-20, Spectropotometry.

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