

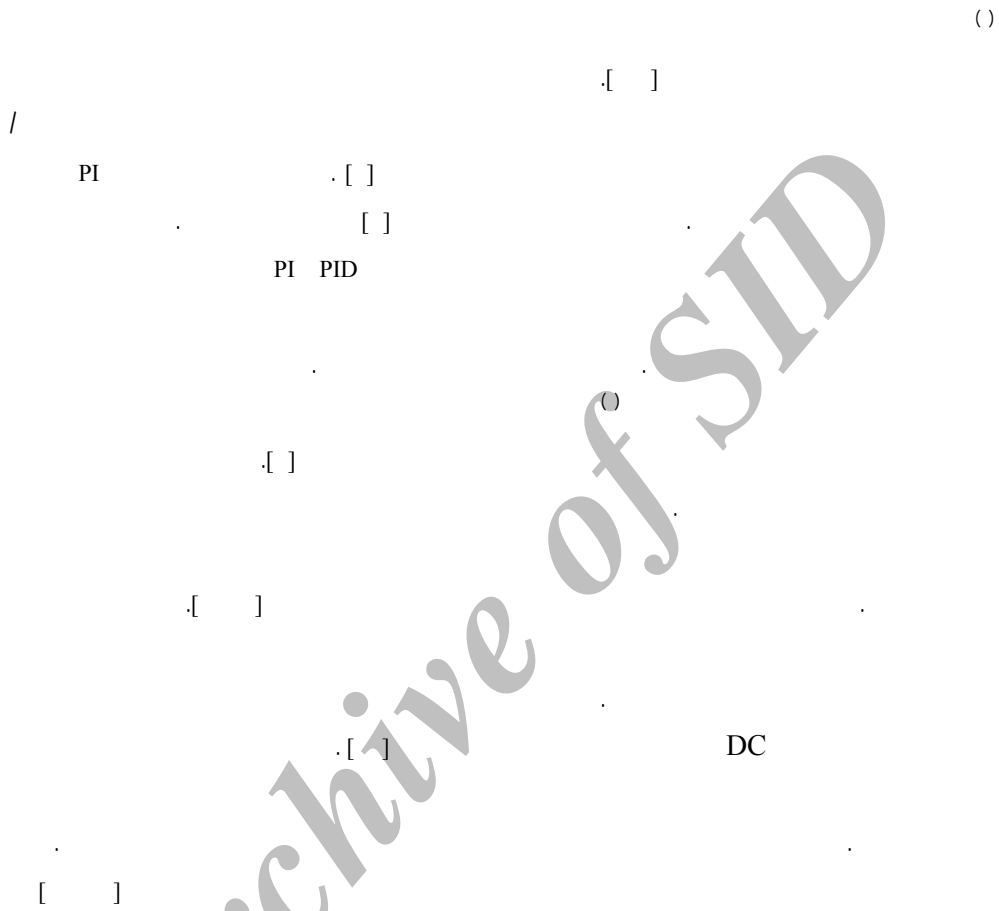
Prove of Stability of a Satellite Included Magnetorquers as Actuator Using Sliding Control law

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Abstract

In general, most of satellites have nonlinear dynamic together with uncertainty and restricted constraints on their actuators. In this paper, stability of satellite by using sliding control as a robust control is proved in such a way that influences of above-mentioned limitations has been reduced. In this regard, after deriving dynamic and kinematic equation based on quaternions, sliding surface will be designed such that it will be stable. It is then illustrated that discrete sliding control law will not guarantee stability, but continuous one will guarantee satellite stability by proving. Finally, fine performance of designed control law is shown by simulation on a spinning satellite considering practical aspects.

Key words: Dynamic and kinematic equation of spinning satellites, Magnetorquer, Quaternion, Sliding control



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- 1- Gyroscopic Stiffness
 - 2- Detumbling mode

y_w

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$$A_0^B = [\vec{i}_0^B \ \vec{j}_0^B \ \vec{k}_0^B] \quad ()$$

\vec{k}_0^B و \vec{j}_0^B , \vec{i}_0^B

z_0 و y_0, x_0

\vec{k}_0^B و \vec{j}_0^B , \vec{i}_0^B

$$\vec{q}_0^B = [q_1 \ q_2 \ q_3 \ q_4]^T$$

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$$\vec{i}_0^B = \begin{bmatrix} q_1^2 - q_2^2 - q_3^2 + q_4^2 \\ 2(q_1q_2 - q_3q_4) \\ 2(q_1q_3 + q_2q_4) \end{bmatrix} \text{ و } \vec{j}_0^B = \begin{bmatrix} 2(q_1q_2 + q_3q_4) \\ -q_1^2 + q_2^2 - q_3^2 + q_4^2 \\ 2(q_2q_3 + q_1q_4) \end{bmatrix}$$

x_B

$$\vec{k}_0^B = \begin{bmatrix} 2(q_1q_3 - q_2q_4) \\ 2(q_2q_3 + q_1q_4) \\ -q_1^2 - q_2^2 + q_3^2 + q_4^2 \end{bmatrix}$$

z_B

y_B

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(^())

z_0

x_0

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y_0

z_w

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x_w

$$\begin{aligned} \dot{I}\vec{\Omega}_{Bw}^B(t) &= -\vec{\Omega}_{Bw}^B(t) \times I\vec{\Omega}_{Bw}^B(t) \\ &+ \vec{T}_{ctrl}^B(t) + \vec{T}_{dis}^B(t) + \vec{T}_{gg}^B(t) \end{aligned} \quad ()$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \vec{q}_4 &= [q_1 \ q_2 \ q_3]^T \\
 \dot{\vec{q}} &= \frac{1}{2} \bar{\Omega}_{Bo}^B \cdot \vec{q}_4 - \frac{1}{2} \bar{\Omega}_{Bo}^B \times \vec{q} \\
 \dot{q}_4 &= -\frac{1}{2} \bar{\Omega}_{Bo}^B \cdot \vec{q} \quad ()
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \bar{\Omega}_{Bo}^B &= [\Omega_{Box}^B \ \Omega_{Boy}^B \ \Omega_{Boz}^B] \\
 \bar{\Omega}_{Bo}^B &= \Omega_{Box}^B \hat{i}_B + \Omega_{Boy}^B \hat{j}_B + \Omega_{Boz}^B \hat{k}_B \\
 \vec{T}_{Ctrl}^B(t) &= \vec{m}^B \times \vec{B}^B(t) \quad () \\
 &= (\vec{m}^B)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\bar{\Omega}_{Bo}^B = \bar{\Omega}_{Bw}^B - \omega_0 \cdot \vec{i}_0^B \quad ()$$

$$\vec{T}_{gg}^B = 3\omega_0^2 (\vec{k}_0^B \times I \vec{k}_0^B) \quad ()$$

$$\vec{q}_m = [0 \ q_{2m} \ q_{3m} \ 0]^T$$

$$\omega_0 = 5 \times 10^{-6} \text{ N.m} \\
 0.0016 \text{ rad/sec}$$

1- Singularity

$$\begin{matrix} (\bar{q}) \\ \bar{\Omega}_{Bo}^B \\ \vdots \end{matrix} \quad \begin{matrix} (\bar{q}_m) \\ \bar{\Omega}_{Bom}^B \\ \bar{S}^B \end{matrix} \quad []$$

$$\bar{S}^B = (\bar{\Omega}_{Bo}^B - \bar{\Omega}_{Bom}^B) + \lambda_q (\bar{q} - \bar{q}_m) q_4 \quad ()$$

λ_q

()

$$S \equiv \{ \bar{q}, \bar{\Omega}_{Bo}^B : \bar{S}^B = \bar{o} \} \quad ()$$

$$\bar{S}^B = 0$$

$$\bar{\Omega}_{Bom}^B \quad \bar{\Omega}_{Bo}^B \quad q_4 \quad \bar{q}_m \quad \bar{q}$$

z_B, y_B, x_B

$$V_q = (q - q_m)^T (q - q_m) + (q_{4m} - q_4)^2 \quad ()$$

$$q_4 \text{ و } q_{4m} \quad (\bar{q}) \quad (\bar{q}_m)$$

()

$$\begin{aligned} V_q &= (q^T - q_m^T)(q - q_m) + (q_{4m} - q_4)^2 \\ &= q^T q - q^T q_m - q_m^T q + q_m^T q_m + q_{4m}^2 + q_4^2 - 2q_{4m} q_4 \end{aligned} \quad (\bar{q} \text{ و } \bar{\Omega}_{Bo}^B)$$

$$S^B = 0 \Rightarrow \Omega_{Bo}^B = \Omega_{Bom}^B - \lambda_q (q - q_m) q_4 \quad ()$$

$$q^T q + q_4^2 = 1 \quad (-)$$

$$\dot{V}_q = \lambda_q q_4^2 (q_2 q_{2m} + q_3 q_{3m} - 1) \quad ()$$

$$q_{3m} \text{ و } q_3, q_{2m}, q_2$$

$$q_{4m} = 0 \quad () \quad ()$$

$$q_2 q_{2m} + q_3 q_{3m} < 1 \quad ()$$

$$V_q = 2 - (q^T q_m + q_m^T q) = 2 - 2(q_1 q_{1m} + q_2 q_m + q_3 q_{3m})$$

$$\Rightarrow V_q = 2(1 - q_m^T q) \quad ()$$

$$\dot{V}_q = -2q_m^T \dot{q} \quad ()$$

$$\tilde{q}_m = \left[0 \cos\left(\frac{0.4188}{2}t\right) \sin\left(\frac{0.4188}{2}t\right) 0 \right]^T$$

$$\Omega_{Bom}^B = [0.4188 \ 0 \ 0]^T$$

$$\dot{q} = \frac{1}{2} q_4 \Omega_{Bo}^B - \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} \Omega_{Boy}^B q_3 - \Omega_{Boz}^B q_2 \\ \Omega_{Box}^B q_1 - \Omega_{Box}^B q_3 \\ \Omega_{Box}^B q_2 - \Omega_{Boy}^B q_1 \end{bmatrix} \quad ()$$

$$\dot{q} = \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} q_4 & -q_3 & +q_2 \\ q_3 & q_4 & -q_1 \\ -q_2 & +q_1 & +q_4 \end{bmatrix} \Omega_{Bo}^B = \frac{1}{2} Q(q) \Omega_{Bo}^B \quad ()$$

$$Q(q) = \begin{bmatrix} q_4 & -q_3 & +q_2 \\ q_3 & q_4 & -q_1 \\ -q_2 & +q_1 & +q_4 \end{bmatrix} \quad ()$$

\bar{S}^B

$z_B \text{ و } y_B \text{ و } x_B$

$$\dot{\bar{S}}^B = \dot{\bar{\Omega}}_{Bo}^B + \lambda_q \dot{q} q_4 + \lambda_q (\bar{q} - \bar{q}_m) \dot{q}_4 \quad ()$$

$$\dot{V}_q = -2q_m^T \left(\frac{1}{2} Q(q) \bar{\Omega}_{Bo}^B \right) = -q_m^T Q(q) \bar{\Omega}_{Bo}^B \quad ()$$

$$S^B = 0$$

$$I \dot{\bar{S}}^B = \bar{T}_{ctrl}^B = -\lambda_s \text{Sign}(\bar{S}^B) \quad () \quad : \quad () \quad ()$$

$$\bar{T}_{ctrl}^B \quad \dot{\bar{S}}^B = \bar{\Omega}_{Bw}^B - \omega_0 \dot{\bar{i}}_0^B + \lambda_q \dot{\bar{q}} \cdot q_4 + \lambda_q (\bar{q} - \bar{q}_m) \cdot \dot{q}_4 \quad ()$$

()

$\bar{T}_{Sliding}^B$

$$\bar{T}_{ctrl}^B \quad \bar{T}_{des}^B \quad (\bar{S}^B)$$

($\bar{T}_{Dynamic}^B$)

$\bar{T}_{Sliding}^B$

$$\bar{T}_{des}^B = \bar{T}_{Dynamic}^B + \bar{T}_{Sliding}^B \quad ()$$

$\bar{T}_{Sliding}^B$

$$\bar{T}_{Sliding}^B = -\lambda_s \text{Sign}(\bar{S}^B) \quad ()$$

() ()

$$\bar{T}_{Dynamic}^B \quad \lambda_s \quad ()$$

$$\bar{T}_{des}^B = \bar{T}_{Dynamic}^B - \lambda_s \bar{S}^B \quad ()$$

() () ()

$\bar{T}_{Sliding}^B$

$\bar{T}_{Dynamic}^B$

$$\begin{aligned} \bar{T}_{Dynamic}^B &= \bar{\Omega}_{Bw}^B \times I \bar{\Omega}_{Bw}^B - \bar{T}_{gg} + \omega_0 I (\dot{\bar{i}}_0^B \times \bar{\Omega}_{Bo}^B) \\ &\quad - \frac{1}{2} \lambda_q (\bar{\Omega}_{Bo}^B + \bar{\Omega}_{Bo}^B \times \bar{q}) \end{aligned} \quad ()$$

$$\bar{m}^B = \frac{\bar{T}_{des}^B \times \bar{B}^B}{\|\bar{B}^B\|^2} \quad ()$$

$\bar{T}_{Dynamic}^B$

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() () ()

$$\vec{B}^B \quad \vec{S}^B$$

$$\alpha \quad \text{Sign} \vec{S}^B \quad \vec{S}^B$$

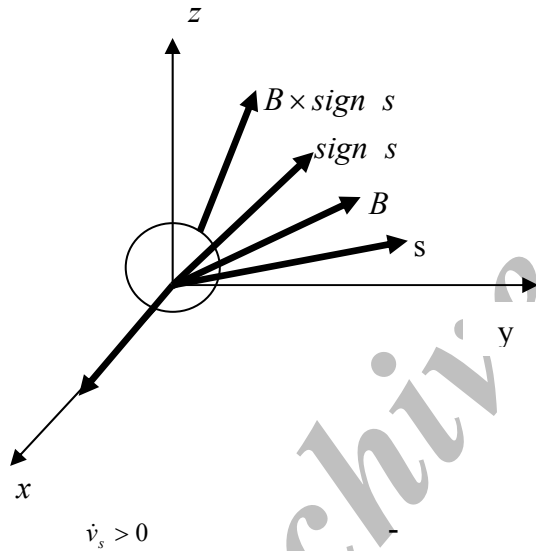
$$\vec{S}^B \quad \vec{B}^B \quad \left(-\frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{\pi}{4} \right)$$

$$\left(0, \frac{\pi}{4} \right)$$

$$\text{Sign} \vec{S}^B \quad \vec{B}^B$$

$$\left(-\frac{\pi}{4}, 0 \right)$$

$$\dot{v}_s > 0 \quad \left(\vec{B}^B \times \vec{S}^B \right) \cdot \left(\vec{B}^B \times \text{sign}(\vec{S}^B) \right) < 0$$



$$\alpha' \quad \text{Sign}(\vec{S}^B) \quad \vec{S}^B \quad \alpha$$

$$\text{Sign} \vec{S}^B \quad \vec{B}^B \quad \alpha'' \quad \vec{B}^B \quad \vec{S}^B$$

$$B^B = \begin{bmatrix} 0.4570 \\ 0.7881 \\ 0.2811 \end{bmatrix} \times 10^{-5} \text{ Tesla}, S^B = \begin{bmatrix} 0.2248 \\ 0.9089 \\ 0.0073 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{Sign}(S^B) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{Sign}(\vec{S}^B) \quad \vec{S}^B$$

$$\vec{T}_{des}^B = -\lambda_s \cdot \text{Sign}(\vec{S}^B) \quad ()$$

$$\vec{T}_{Dynamic}^B = 0$$

$$\vec{T}_{ctrl}^B = \vec{m}^B \times \vec{B}^B \quad ()$$

$$I \dot{\vec{S}}^B = \frac{1}{\|\vec{B}^B\|^2} \left(\vec{B}^B \times \lambda_s \cdot \text{Sign}(\vec{S}^B) \right) \times \vec{B}^B \quad ()$$

$$v_s = \frac{1}{2} (S^B)^T I S^B = \frac{1}{2} I \vec{S}^B \cdot \vec{S}^B \quad ()$$

$$\dot{v}_s = \dot{\vec{S}}^B \cdot I \vec{S}^B$$

$$\Rightarrow \dot{v}_s = \left\{ \left[\frac{1}{\|\vec{B}^B\|^2} \cdot I^{-1} \left(\vec{B}^B \times \lambda_s \text{Sign}(\vec{S}^B) \right) \times \vec{B}^B \right] \cdot I \vec{S}^B \right\}$$

$$= \frac{-\lambda_s}{\|\vec{B}^B\|^2} \left(\vec{B}^B \times \text{Sing}(\vec{S}^B) \right) \cdot \left(\vec{B}^B \times \vec{S}^B \right)$$

\vec{B}^B و \vec{S}^B

$$\alpha = \cos^{-1} \left(\frac{S^B \cdot \text{Sign}(S^B)}{|S^B| \cdot |\text{Sign}(S^B)|} \right) = 44.2865^\circ$$

: \vec{B}^B و \vec{S}^B

$$\alpha' = 23.1030^\circ$$

: $\text{Sign } \vec{S}^B$ \vec{B}^B

$$\alpha'' = -22.4486^\circ$$

$$(\vec{B}^B \times \vec{S}^B) \cdot (\vec{B}^B \times \text{sign}(\vec{S}^B)) = -2.1601 \times 10^{-11} \Rightarrow \dot{v}_s > 0$$

\vec{B}^B و \vec{S}^B

: []

$$60 \times 60 \times 60 \text{ cm}^3 :$$

$$60 \text{ kg} :$$

$$700 \text{ km} :$$

$$4 \text{ Am}^2$$

$$98.6^\circ :$$

$$4 < I_{xx} < 4.2 \text{ kg.m}^2, 3.7 < I_{yy} < 3.9 \text{ kg.m}^2$$

$$3.6 < I_{zz} < 3.8 \text{ kg.m}^2$$

$$\vec{T}_{des}^B = \vec{T}_{Dynamic}^B - \lambda_s \cdot \vec{S}^B \quad ()$$

$$\lambda_s$$

$$\vec{T}_{Dynamic}^B = 0$$

$$\vec{T}_{des}^B = -\lambda_s \cdot \vec{S}^B \quad ()$$

()

$$\vec{S}^B \quad ()$$

$$[] \quad 3 \frac{\text{deg}}{\text{sec}}$$

$$\dot{\vec{S}}^B = \frac{1}{\|\vec{B}^B\|^2} I^{-1} (\vec{B}^B \times \lambda_s \cdot \vec{S}^B) \times \vec{B}^B \quad ()$$

()

$$\dot{v}_s = -\frac{\lambda_s}{\|\vec{B}^B\|^2} (\vec{B}^B \times \vec{S}^B) \cdot (\vec{B}^B \times \vec{S}^B) \quad ()$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Omega_{Bo}^B(0) &= [3 \ 3 \ 3] \frac{\text{deg}}{\text{sec}} \quad () \\ &= [0.0524 \ 0.0524 \ 0.0524] \frac{\text{rad}}{\text{sec}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\vec{T}_{des}^B = [0.4188 \ 0 \ 0] \quad \Omega_{Bo}^B = [24 \ 0 \ 0] \text{ deg/sec} = [0.4188 \ 0 \ 0] \text{ rad/sec} \quad (\lambda_q)$$

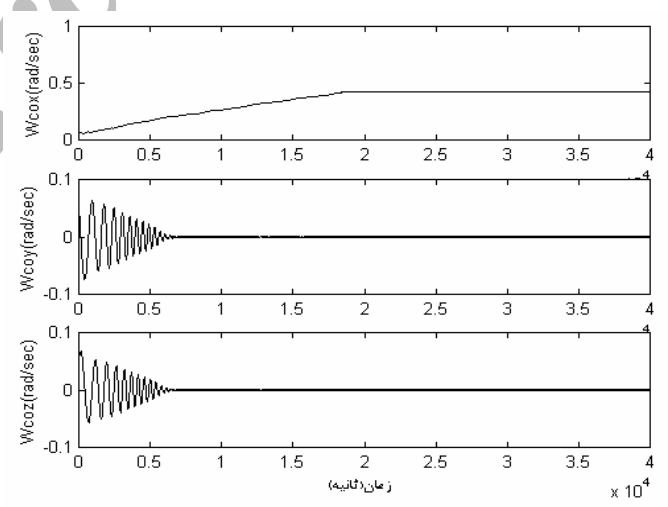
$$\lambda_s = 10 \quad \hat{I}_{xx} = 4.1 \text{ kg.m}^2, \hat{I}_{yy} = 3.8 \text{ kg.m}^2, \hat{I}_{zz} = 3.7 \text{ kg.m}^2$$

$$5 \times 10^{-6} \text{ N.m}$$

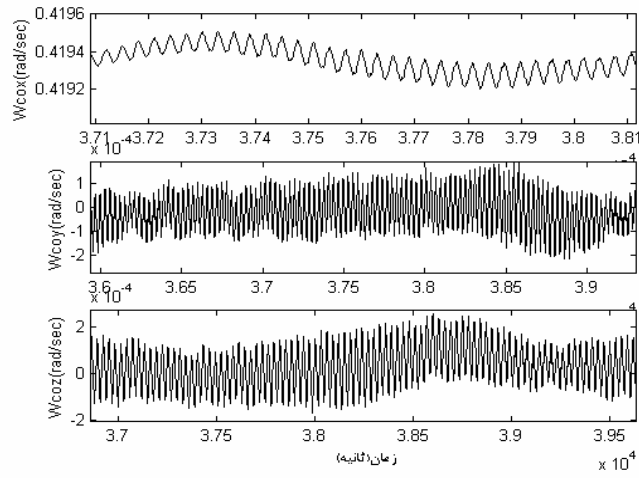
$$7 \times 10^{-4} \text{ rad/sec} \quad x_B$$

$$2 \times 10^{-4} \text{ rad/sec}$$

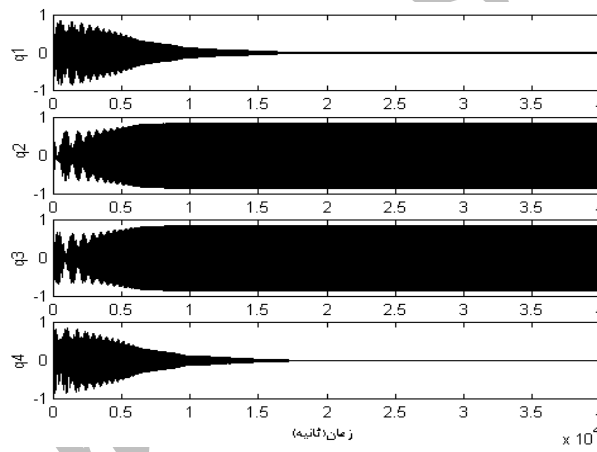
$$\vec{S}^B$$



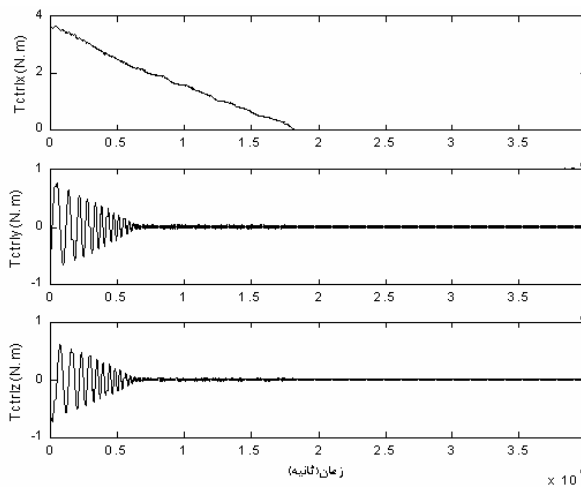
$$\lambda_s = 10$$



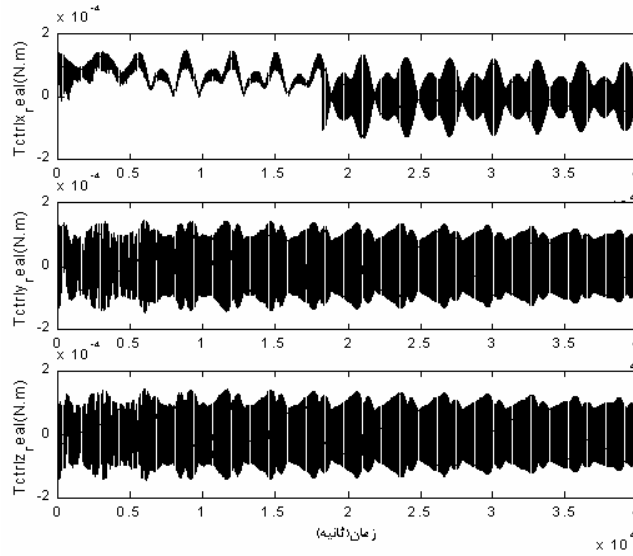
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$\lambda_s = 10$



$\lambda_s = 10$



$$\lambda_s = 10$$

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