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Effect of thermal-treating on the release of theophylline HCl from the granules prepared using acrylic polymers

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Objectives: The purpose of this study was to investigate the effect of thermal-treating on the release of theophylline HCl from the granules which have been prepared using aqueous dispersions of Eudragit. **Methods:** To accomplish this goal, different granules were prepared using wet granulation method containing three different types of Eudragit aqueous dispersions, NE40D, RS30D, RL30D and dicalcium phosphate. The drug release studies were conducted using USP dissolution apparatus. The concentration of released drug was analyzed using UV spectrophotometer at 271.4 nm. Since the drug release from granules was nearly completed at the first hour, for thermal-treating studies, tablets were prepared using direct compression method. The prepared tablets were thermally treated at 50 and 70 °C for 24 hours. Release of drug was assessed before and after thermal-treating. **Results:** The results of release study showed that, thermally-treating the tablets at the temperatures higher than Tg of the polymer can decrease the drug release from matrices. For mechanistic evaluation of the effect of thermal-treating, XRD, SEM, DSC and FT-IR have been employed. SEM micrographs showed that the tablets have smoother surface with less porosity after thermal-treating. XRD diffractograms showed that during granulation, monohydrate theophylline has been formed but there was no obvious crystal change between control and thermal-treated tablets. FT-IR spectra showed a hydrogen bonding between Eudragit and drug but there was no change in the spectrum of thermally-treated tablet compared to control. In DSC thermograms, endothermic peak of the melting point of theophylline has been disappeared which it can be likely due to the solvation of the drug in polymer during the recording of DSC spectrum. **Conclusion:** Heat treating of Eudragit over the Tg can rotard the drug release from its matrices.

Key words: Thermal- treating, Theophylline, Eudragit, Dissolution.

RL30D, RS30D, NE40D
USP II
UV
Tg
SEM FT-IR DSC (SEM) (XRD) X
XRD
FT-IR
DSC
Tg DSC

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:

(BASF -) (-

RS30D RL30D (Merck-)
(Röhm -) NE40D

:

(Erweka -) USP

(Shimadzu) -

(Sartorius -) /

(Riken -) IR

(Shimadzu) Differential Scanning Calorimeter (DSC)

Scan (Bomen.MB) Fourier Transform Infra Red (FT-IR)

X-Ray (LEO 440i) Electron Microscope (SEM)

(Siemens) Powder Diffractometer (XRD)

:

:

RS RL

() (.)

: RL

(/)

kg/cm

:

:

RS

tCS tCN () CN CS CL

tCL

RS

:

USP II

()

NE40D

() USP I

(.)

()

± /

:

NE

FT-IR

XRD

(X-ray Diffraction)

UV

mA

kv

CuK α

($^{\circ}$) $^{\circ}$

(Dissolution Efficiency) DE₈

DE ()

(CL, CN, CS)

(tCL, tCN, tCS)

$$DE = \frac{\int_0^t f \cdot dt}{f_{100} \cdot t}$$

%

:f

RL30D

RS30D

NE40D

SEM

RL30D

RS30D

NE40D

%

() DE₈

(Gold Sputtering)

DSC

(Differential Scanning Calorimetry)

DSC

RL

$^{\circ}$ C

$^{\circ}$ C

$^{\circ}$ C

$^{\circ}$ C/min

DSC

RL30D

RS30D

NE

NE

$^{\circ}$ C

$^{\circ}$ C

RS

$^{\circ}$ C

DSC

NE

()

$^{\circ}$ C

FT-IR

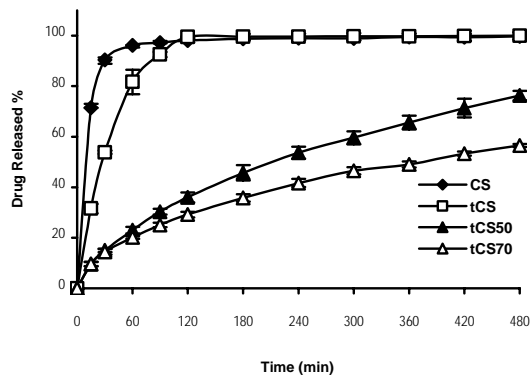
(Fourier Transform Infra Red)

SEM

(TCL) RL30D

) RS

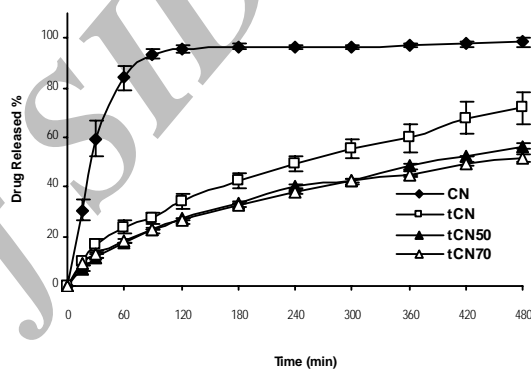
DSC



DSC
(DCP)

FT-IR

(DCP)



() TCS

cm⁻¹

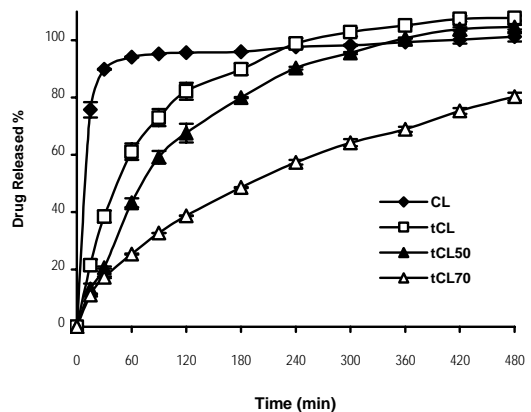
cm⁻¹

C=O

x

k

() TCS



X

()

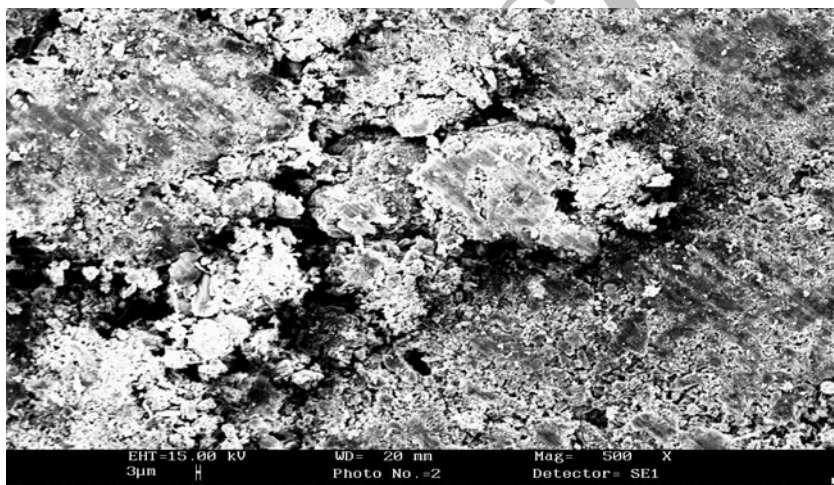
(CN, CL, CS)

(tCN tCL tCS)

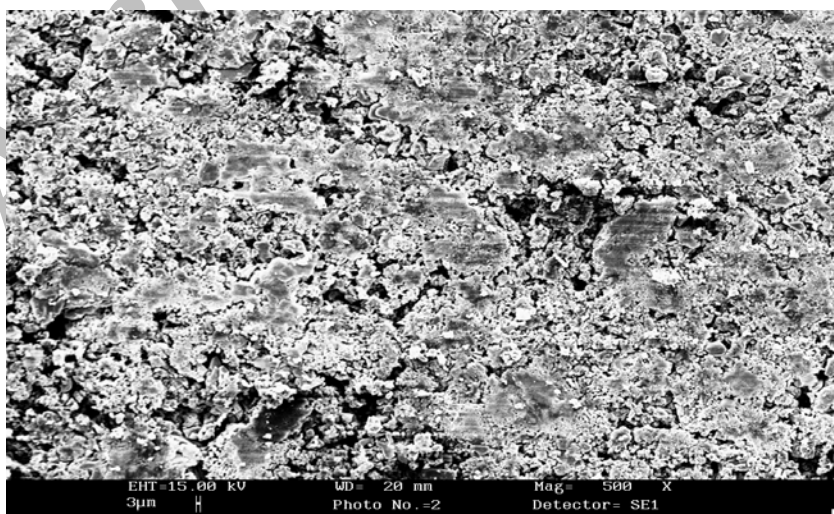
(n=) °C °C

	(g)	RL (ml)	RS (ml)	NE (ml)	(g)
CN	/	-	-	/	/
CL	/	-	-	-	/
CS	/	-	/	-	/

DE8			
		°C	°C
tCN	/	/	/
tCL	/	/	/
tCS	/	/	/

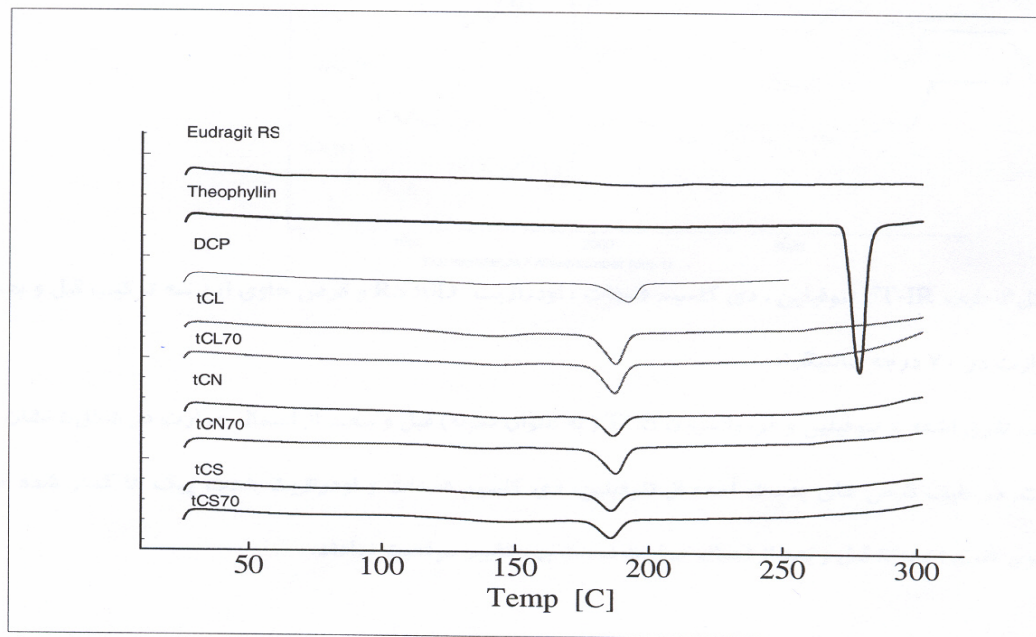


a

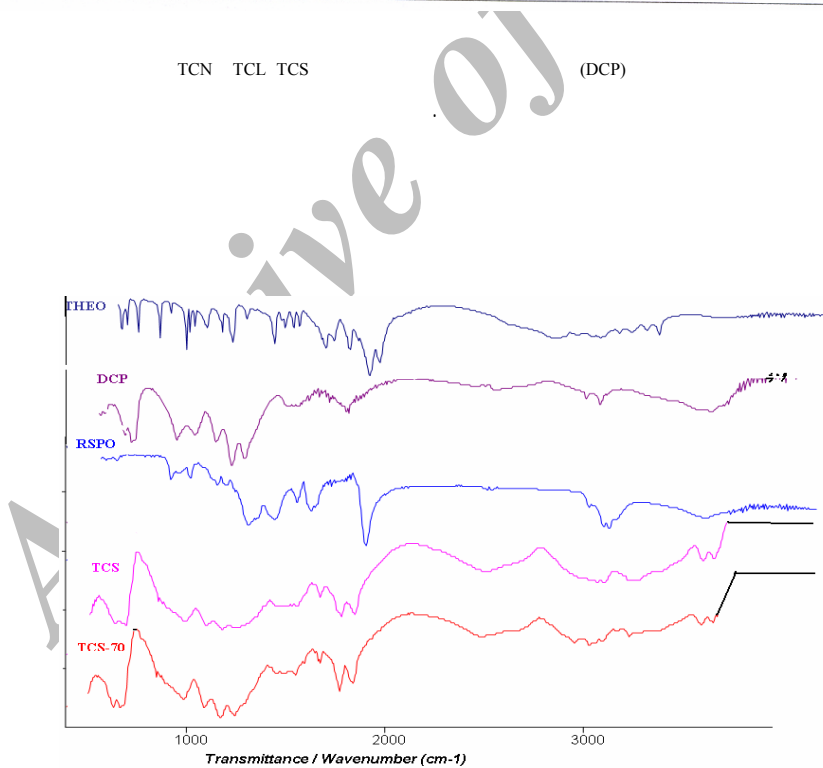


b

(TCL) RL30D :
 () °C : a

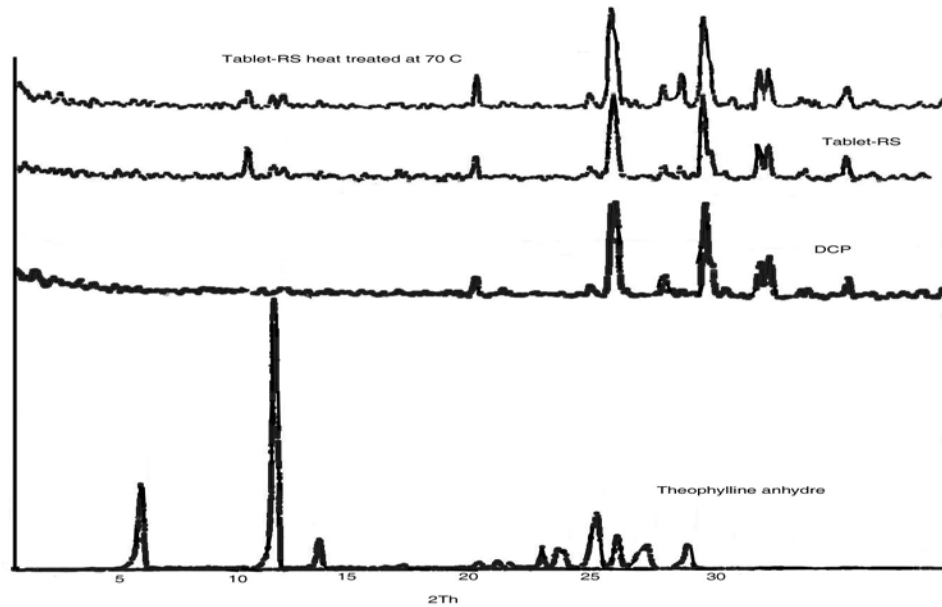


TCN TCL TCS (DCP) RS DSC :



RS30D

FT-IR :



(TCS) RS30D

X

NE40D

°C

()

°C

°C

()

(porosity)

(tortuosity)

(°C) RL

()

°C

Aging

()

°C

°C

NE40D

°C

Tg

Tg

RL

RS

Tg

()

RL

RS

RS

Tg

°C

°C

()

RS

°C

°C

°C

RL

Tg

()

°C

McGinity . () RS

() Tg ()

FT-IR RL RS

cm⁻¹ %

() - cm⁻¹ HPMC ()

() ()

() °C () (DL)

() Tg ()

() ()

() II I (MFT) MFT ()

() I () ()

() () ()

() () Tg ()

() Stereoregulatory

() (entangled) °C

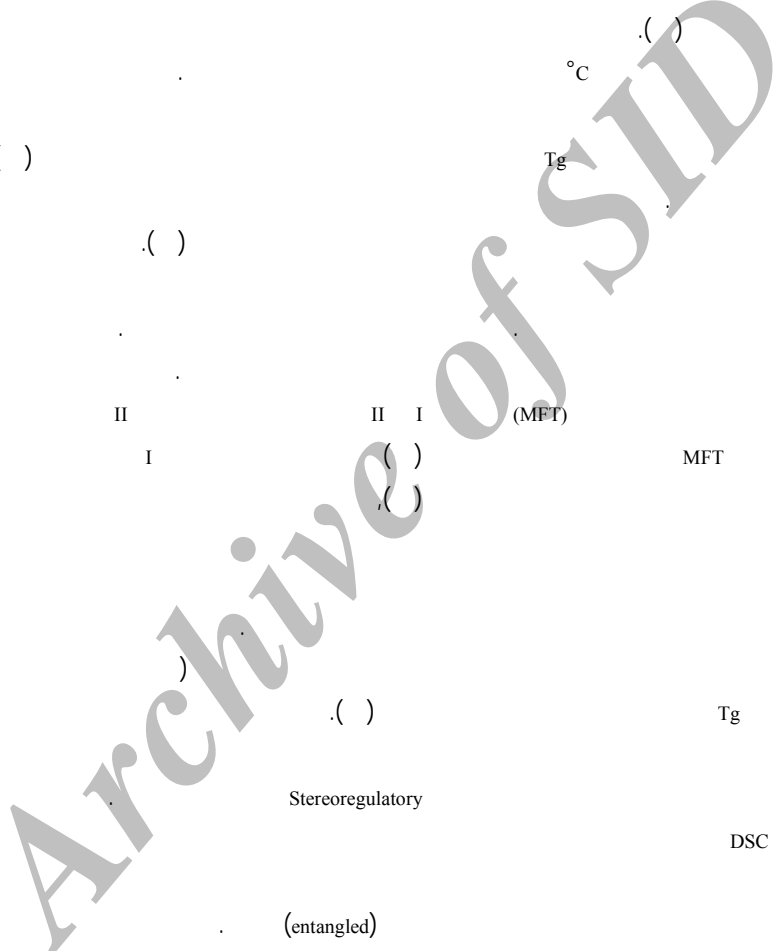
() DSC

() DSC

() DSC

() L-100

() FT-IR ()



()

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