

## ELISA

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### Morphine-6-glucuronide assay using a competitive ELISA assay

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**Objectives:** Morphine 6–glucuronide (M6G), a metabolite of morphine, is considerably more potent analgesic than morphine itself. M6G in serum is particularly difficult to measure, due to low lipophilicity of the molecule and low serum concentrations after usual parenteral doses of morphine. **Methods:** A competitive ELISA assay was developed to measure the concentration of M6G in serum and buffer samples. This competitive ELISA method effectively measured the degree to which samples containing an unknown amount of antigen (M6G) compete with a fixed concentration of an anti-body (R<sub>29</sub>). **Results:** The method was shown to be sensitive and reproducible with low intra-assay and inter-assay variation, low matrix effect and low cross reactivity. The method was simple and easy to use, and several samples (10 to 35 samples on each plate) could be analyzed simultaneously. **Conclusion:** The major advantage of the ELISA method over HPLC was the use of a very small volume (as little as 20 µl) for the assay. This advantage is important in the case of measuring M6G when it is not feasible to obtain a large volume of sample, for example in samples from newborn babies and children.

**Keywords:** Morphine-6-glocuronide, ELISA, assay.

(M6G) :  
 ELISA :  
 (M6G-ovalbumin)  
 M6G-ovalbumin (R<sub>29</sub>) :  
 ( ) (20 µl)

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(Sigma-Aldrich) (5) ( , )  
 aminobutylnormorphine - 6 )  
 ( ) (M6G- ovalbumin glucuronide ovalbumin (10-15%)  
 : ( ) R<sub>29</sub> (45-55%, M3G)  
 N N  
 (N-aminobutylnormorphine-6 glucuronide) . ( ) ( )  
 BCG

4° C (intrathecal)  
 M6G- ovalbumin R<sub>29</sub> .(19) Osborne . ( ) [(Intracerebroventricular)

(Sigma-Aldrich) IgG  
 (Sigma-Aldrich) Sigma 104®  
 ( - BDH) (G)  
 ( ) EDTA . ( )  
 (Sigma-Aldrich)

(M3,6DG) . ( , )  
 (Sigma-Aldrich)  
 :

(PBS, pH = 7.4) (pH=9.6)  
 % , % , TBS) TBSGT/EDTA (TBS, pH=9.6) . ( )  
 (pH=7.0 , EDTA mmol/L ,20  
 20 (HPLC)

: (UV)  
 (3550 BIO-RAD UK) Microplate reader  
 Microplate Manager

:  
 ( ) 1996

( % ) 1.0 ng/ml ( ) , ml 5 ng/ml:  
 0.8 ng/ml ) 0.6 ml 5 ng/ml ( ) 0.6 ml  
 ( ) 0.5 ng/ml 0.5 ng/ml ( )  
 . ( ) ml 5 ng/ml

:  
 (Coating) : ( )  
 5000 ) M6G-ovalbumin  
 30000 10000 ) R<sub>29</sub> ( 20000

% 200  $\mu$ l (TBSGT/EDTA  
 M6G-ovalbumin 1/20000  
 R<sub>29</sub> 1/30000  
 R<sub>29</sub> )  
 0.017 - 333.33 ng/ml (B<sub>0</sub>)  
 1 mg/ml TBSGT/EDTA  
 ( : : : )  
 100  $\mu$ l R<sub>29</sub> 50  $\mu$ l (Blocking) :  
 (NSB) (R<sub>29</sub> ) B<sub>0</sub> (NSB)  
 100  $\mu$ l B<sub>0</sub>  
 NSB R<sub>29</sub> 50  $\mu$ l TBSGT/EDTA %  
 TBSGT/EDTA 150  $\mu$ l (BSA) % PBS  
 PBS  
 B<sub>0</sub> PBS %  
 37° C pH :  
 pH  
 ) 150  $\mu$ l ,PBST+HSA ,PBST+BSA PBST+EDTA PBST  
 1:5000 ( IgG TBST+BSA+EDTA TBSGT, TBSGT+EDTA  
 (HSA) % , (T) (G)  
 TBSGT % (BSA)  
 1 mg/ml 150  $\mu$ l EDTA  
 % Sigma 104® TBSGT  
 1 -1.5 B<sub>0</sub> TBSGT+EDTA  
 microplate nm = ) reader  
 ( nm = ( , ) pH  
 Microplate Manager (TBSGT+EDTA)  
 pH = 7.0  
 NSB :  
 :  
 :  
 M6G-ovalbumin 1/20000 150 $\mu$ l  
 4° C

M6G-ovalbumin

4° C

: )

( :

(B<sub>0</sub>)

( : : : ) ng/ml

B<sub>0</sub>

ANOVA

B<sub>0</sub>

**(Recovery)**

( ng/ml )

B<sub>0</sub>

( )

**(NSB)**

NSB

R<sub>29</sub>

(% )

( )

NSB

**(Specificity)**

NSB

ng/ml

B<sub>0</sub>

( )

0.038 ng/ml

**(intra-assay)**

**(inter-assay)**

0.76 ng/ml

**(NSB)**

NSB ( )

%

% NSB

(Specificity)

( )

)

(

(Cross-reactivity)

( ) (R<sub>20</sub>)

(.)

( ng/ml )

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
A	0.017	0.050	0.151	0.455	1.365	4.099	12.31	36.96	111.11	333.33	B <sub>0</sub>	NSB
B	0.017	0.050	0.151	0.455	1.365	4.099	12.31	36.96	111.11	333.33	B <sub>0</sub>	NSB
C	Qc <sub>1</sub>	Qc <sub>2</sub>	S <sub>1</sub>	S <sub>2</sub>	S <sub>3</sub>	S <sub>4</sub>	S <sub>5</sub>	S <sub>6</sub>	S <sub>7</sub>	S <sub>8</sub>	S <sub>9</sub>	S <sub>10</sub>
D	Qc <sub>1</sub>	Qc <sub>2</sub>	S <sub>1</sub>	S <sub>2</sub>	S <sub>3</sub>	S <sub>4</sub>	S <sub>5</sub>	S <sub>6</sub>	S <sub>7</sub>	S <sub>8</sub>	S <sub>9</sub>	S <sub>10</sub>
E	Qc <sub>1</sub>	Qc <sub>2</sub>	S <sub>1</sub>	S <sub>2</sub>	S <sub>3</sub>	S <sub>4</sub>	S <sub>5</sub>	S <sub>6</sub>	S <sub>7</sub>	S <sub>8</sub>	S <sub>9</sub>	S <sub>10</sub>
F	Qc <sub>1</sub>	Qc <sub>2</sub>	S <sub>1</sub>	S <sub>2</sub>	S <sub>3</sub>	S <sub>4</sub>	S <sub>5</sub>	S <sub>6</sub>	S <sub>7</sub>	S <sub>8</sub>	S <sub>9</sub>	S <sub>10</sub>
G	Qc <sub>1</sub>	Qc <sub>2</sub>	S <sub>1</sub>	S <sub>2</sub>	S <sub>3</sub>	S <sub>4</sub>	S <sub>5</sub>	S <sub>6</sub>	S <sub>7</sub>	S <sub>8</sub>	S <sub>9</sub>	S <sub>10</sub>
H	Qc <sub>1</sub>	Qc <sub>2</sub>	S <sub>1</sub>	S <sub>2</sub>	S <sub>3</sub>	S <sub>4</sub>	S <sub>5</sub>	S <sub>6</sub>	S <sub>7</sub>	S <sub>8</sub>	S <sub>9</sub>	S <sub>10</sub>

← استاندارد ها (ng/ml)

← تکرار استاندارد ها

← رقت اول

← تکرار رقت اول

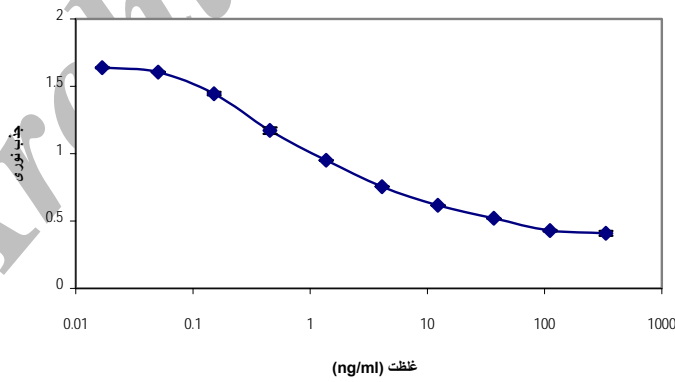
← رقت دوم

← تکرار رقت دوم

← رقت سوم

← تکرار رقت سوم

( = Qc S , = )



M6G



B0					
/	/	/	/	/	/
/	/	/	/	/	/
/	/	/	/	/	/
/	/	/	/	/	/
/	/	/	/	/	/

(ng/ml)						(ng/ml)
/	/	/	/	/	/	/
/	/	/	/	/	/	/
/	/	/	/	/	/	/
/	/	/	/	/	/	/
/	/	/	/	/	/	/
/	/	/	/	/	/	/

(Coefficient Variation, CV%)

( ) % / ± / (N=5)

(P < 0.05 R<sup>2</sup> = / )

B<sub>0</sub>

B<sub>0</sub>

% / ± / (N=5)

)

( B<sub>0</sub>

R<sup>2</sup> = / )

(P > 0.05

(Dunnett Test)

NSB

: :

(P > 0.05)

°C

(P > 0.05)

( ng/ml )

% / % /

( ) % /

(P < 0.001)

\_\_\_\_\_ :

(ng/ml)

/	/	/	/
/	/	/	/
/	/	/	/
/	/	/	/
/	/	/	/
/	/	/	/
/	/	/	/
/	/	/	/
/	/	/	/

\_\_\_\_\_ :

(ng/ml)

/	/	/	/
/	/	/	/
/	/	/	/
/	/	/	/
/	/	/	/
/	/	/	/
/	/	/	/
/	/	/	/
/	/	/	/
/	/	/	/

.(Recovery) :

\_\_\_\_\_

(ng/ml)

(ng/ml)

/	/	/
/	/	/
/	/	/



100 ng/ml

( )

( )

R<sub>29</sub> M6G-ovalbumin

(P > 0.05)

(P > 0.05)

(pH = 7.0) EDTA

TBSGT

PBSGT

0.76 ng/ml 0.038

1.0 ng/ml ( )

, ml

5 ng/ml)

( )

, ml

5 ng/ml ( )

0.6 ml

5 ng/ml ( )

, ml

0.5 ng/ml

.( ( )

ml

.(20 µl)

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## 7- References:

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