

(

) (Fission Track)

)

()

(

(

CO_2

\pm

SiO_2

)

**Petrology of Volcanic Shoshonites in South of Ashin, and Age
Determination of Igneous Carbonates by Using the Fission Track
Method (West of Anarak, North-east of Isfahan Province)**

Gh. Torabi
Department of Geology, University of Isfahan

Abstract

Ashin area is situated in west of Anarak city (NE of Isfahan province). In this area, all rock types of shoshonitic series including Absarokite, Shoshonite, Banakite and Toscanite can be observed. The most important characteristic of these shoshonitic association is high abundance of feldspars, and igneous carbonate droplets. Geochemical investigations show that the parent magma of these rocks originated from an enriched mantle and their source rock is a metasomatized peridotite. The parent magma that, an Alkali-Basalt was produced by low grade pratial melting of the source rock. Ascent of shoshonitic melt through the thick continental crust causes a series of ion exchanges. The evidence of this ion exchange can be observed in petrographic studies. In fact, the toscanites are banakites that have intercalations of granitic bands. Fission Track Dating of igenous carbonates of shoshonites shows 42 ± 3 million years of age (Middle Eocene) that is higher than age of shoshonites of middle part of Uromiyeh-Dokhtar magmatic belt (Upper Eocene).

Keywords: Petrology, Shoshonites, Ashin, Fission track

(De Lima and Nardi, (Conceicao and Green, 2004)

(Gill et al., (Eklund and Shebanov, 2005) 1998)

.(Peccerillo, 1990) (Hawkesworth et al., 1994) 2004)

($\text{Na}_2\text{O} + \text{K}_2\text{O}$)

. % /

TiO_2

()

.(Jiang et al., 2002) (Muller and Grove, 1997)

.()

(Muller and

()

.Grove, 1993, 1997)

()

() (Amidi, 1977)

(Aftabi and Atapour, 2000) (Technoexport, 1984)

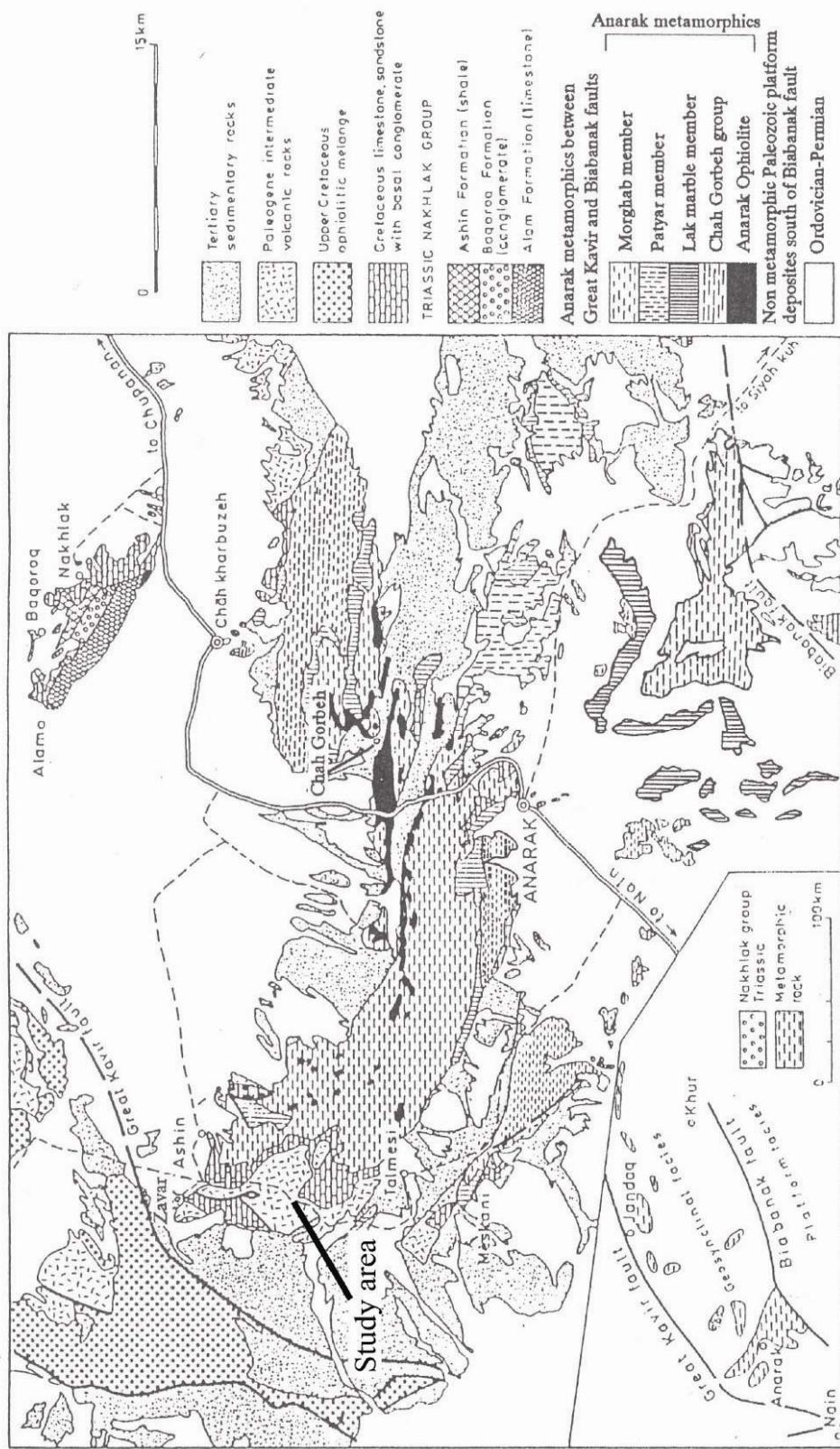
.(Mehdizadeh et al., 2002)

Archive of SID

(

(

)



شکل ۱ - نقشه زمین شناسی منطقه انارک (نزاری، ۱۳۸۳). منطقه مورد بررسی در سمت چپ بخش های میانی تصویر مشخص گردیده است.

جدول ۱- نتایج آنالیز نقطه‌ای کانی‌های موجود در سنگ‌های سری شوشوپیتی غرب اتارک با استفاده از دستگاه میکروپریوب و محاسبه فرمول ساختمانی آنها.

Rock type	Mineral Type	SiO ₂	TiO ₂	Al ₂ O ₃	Cr ₂ O ₃	FeO	MnO	MgO	CaO	Na ₂ O	K ₂ O	P ₂ O ₅	NiO	Total
Absarokite	CPX	48.78	0.90	5.83	0.01	9.23	0.23	12.73	22.02	0.47	0.02	0.17	0.00	100.39
	Plagioclase	53.71	0.04	28.46	0.00	0.61	0.00	0.03	11.48	4.79	0.65	0.15	0.00	99.92
Shoshonite	CPX	50.48	0.70	3.15	0.00	9.39	0.43	13.21	21.88	0.60	0.03	0.26	0.00	100.13
	Plagioclase	52.74	0.05	29.34	0.00	0.57	0.01	0.08	12.39	3.69	0.94	0.17	0.00	99.98
Banakite	Sanidine	64.91	0.06	19.45	0.02	0.20	0.03	0.00	0.93	2.73	11.71	0.00	0.00	100.04
Toscانite	Sanidine	65.08	0.00	18.32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.58	15.84	0.00	0.00	99.82
	Quartz	100.02	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.01	100.11

Atomic ratio of cations ($X^*Y^{*\text{valency}}$)

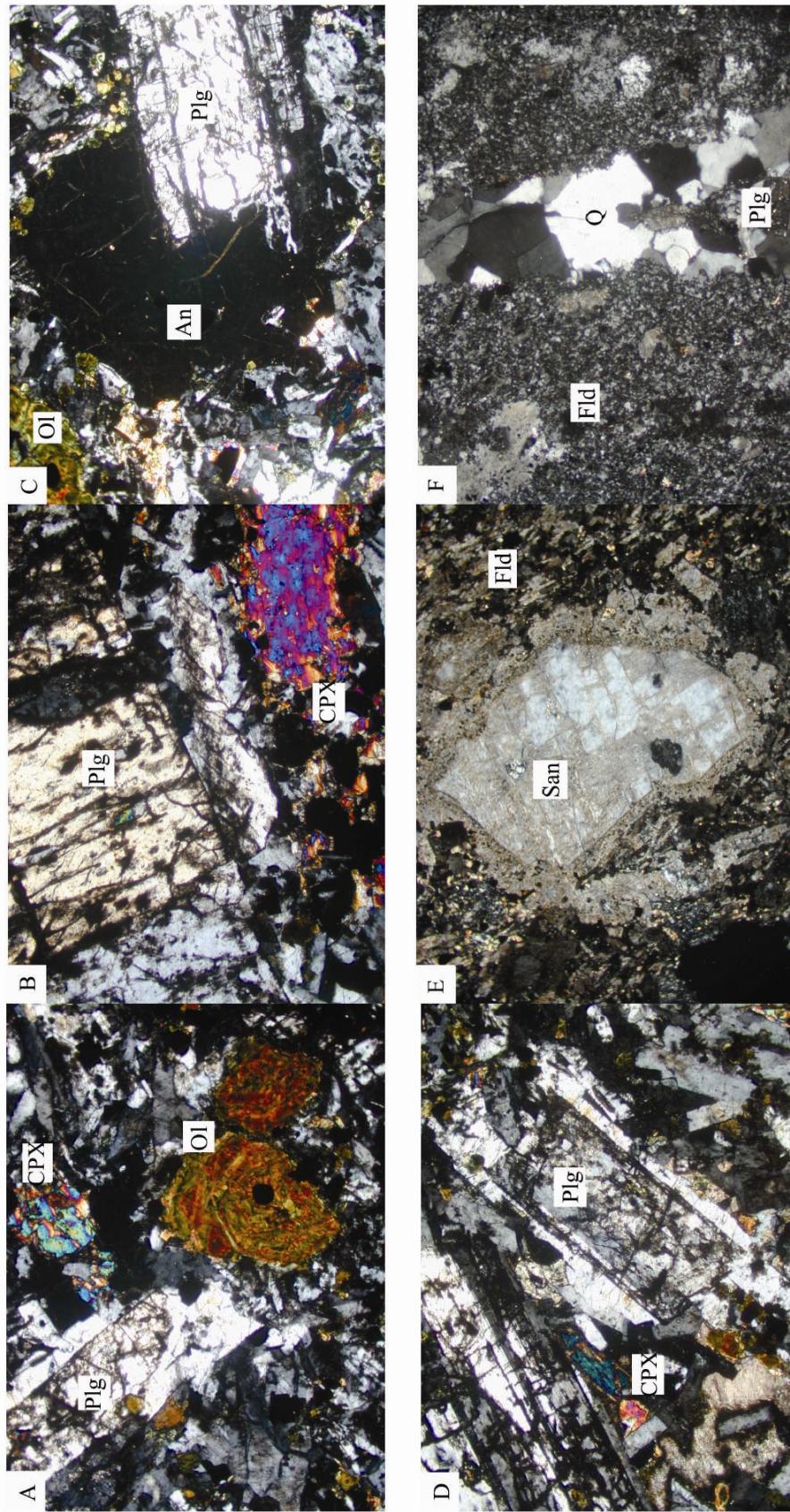
Rock type	Mineral Type	Si	Ti	Al	Cr	Fe	Mn	Mg	Ca	Na	K	Ni	Total	Name
Absarokite	CPX	1.83	0.03	0.26	0.00	0.29	0.01	0.71	0.88	0.03	0.00	0.00	4.04	Diopside
	Plagioclase	2.44	0.00	1.52	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.56	0.47	0.04	0.00	5.05	Labradorite
Shoshonite	CPX	1.90	0.02	0.14	0.00	0.30	0.01	0.74	0.88	0.05	0.00	0.00	4.04	Diopside
	Plagioclase	2.40	0.00	1.57	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.01	0.60	0.36	0.05	0.00	5.02	Labradorite
Banakite	Sanidine	2.96	0.00	1.04	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.05	0.24	0.68	0.00	4.98	Sanidine	
Toscانite	Sanidine	3.01	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.93	0.00	4.99	Sanidine	
	Quartz	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	Quartz

(Foley, (Foley and Peccerillo, 1992)

.1992)

) ()

.(



شکل ۲- تصویرهایی از سنگ های سری شوشونیتی منطقه جنوب عшин در نور پارزیه با بزرگ نمای، میزان: (A) آبساروکیت با کانی های الیوین کلرنسی شده، پلازیوکلازن، و کلینپیروکسن. (B) شوشونیت با کانی های پلازیوکلاز و کلینپیروکسن. (C) شوشونیت با کانی های آمالسیم و پلازیوکلازن، و الیوین کلرنسی شده. (D) شوشونیت با پلازیوکلازهای درشت و بافت آتشی راپاکیو. (E) بناکیت با لاتیت، با ساندین های درشت با حاشیه غبارآلود و فلدسپات های پلازیوکلازن، و الیوین کلرنسی شده. (F) توسکانیت با فلدسپات های استئوحی در زمینه، و بخش های کوارتز و الیتی که در حال واکنش با زمینه هستند.

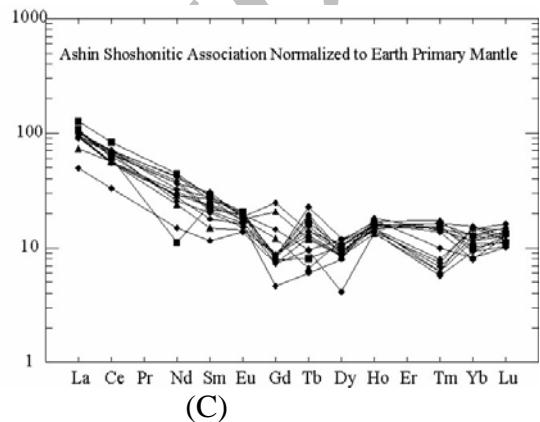
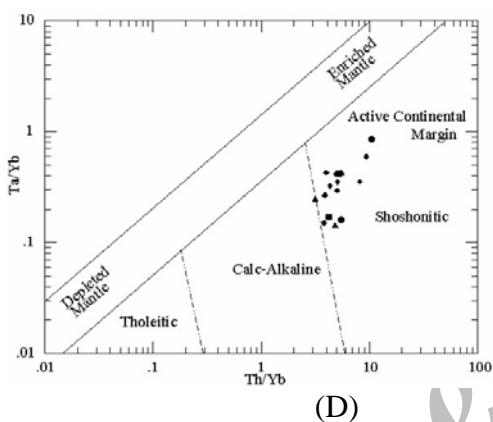
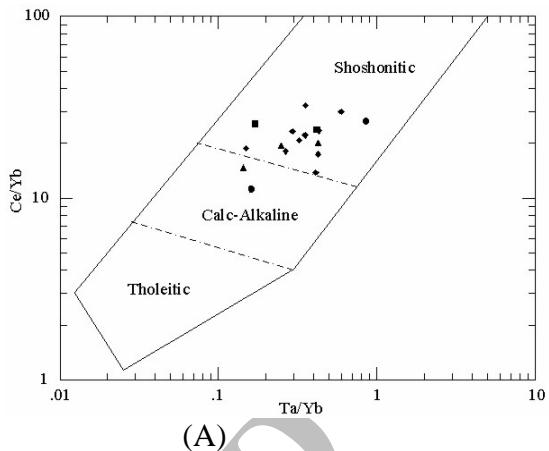
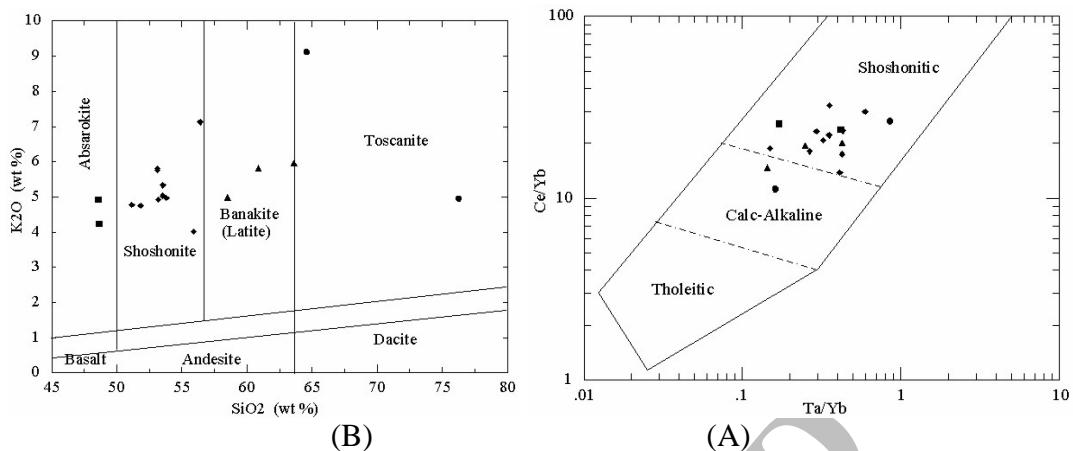
جدول - نتیجه آنالیز ۱۷ نمونه از سنگ‌های وکاپیک شوژنیتی جنوب عشین (غرب اتارک، شمال شرق استان اصفهان) (ترابی، ۱۳۷۸ ب).

	EleSam	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
SiO ₂ %	48.63	48.57	55.90	53.80	56.40	51.15	53.19	51.84	53.55	53.55	53.12	63.62	53.11	76.27	60.88	58.52	64.57	
TiO ₂ %	1.17	0.92	0.97	0.80	0.67	1.10	0.70	0.60	0.35	0.63	0.68	0.52	0.80	0.37	0.57	1.07	0.55	
Al ₂ O ₃ %	16.03	16.39	15.69	14.89	19.54	15.31	16.73	14.72	15.35	15.88	19.43	16.59	16.88	8.69	9.20	16.44	15.01	
FeO*%	9.58	7.73	7.83	7.31	3.37	8.17	6.51	7.82	6.53	7.84	6.22	3.39	6.59	3.29	5.17	8.82	3.20	
MnO%	0.10	0.14	0.12	0.09	0.05	0.11	0.08	0.10	0.14	0.10	0.07	0.05	0.09	0.03	0.17	0.03	0.06	
MgO%	2.89	2.74	2.89	2.76	2.12	2.77	0.42	2.01	0.50	1.56	2.36	2.12	1.97	1.21	2.42	2.03	1.58	
CaO%	9.16	7.64	5.61	8.23	3.63	7.70	7.15	7.22	6.26	6.37	5.81	1.72	6.48	1.50	6.03	1.53	1.62	
Na ₂ O%	3.92	3.15	3.75	3.94	4.28	3.79	3.96	3.90	3.23	3.46	3.13	3.11	3.79	0.96	0.73	4.37	2.27	
K ₂ O%	4.24	4.93	4.02	4.98	7.13	4.78	4.93	4.75	5.34	5.04	5.81	5.96	5.77	4.96	5.83	4.99	9.12	
LOI%	4.28	7.79	3.22	3.20	2.57	5.12	6.33	7.04	8.75	5.57	3.26	2.92	4.40	2.72	9.00	2.20	1.89	
Cr	121	110	83	83	3	95	120	95	75	78	67	8	68	24	61	136	3	
Co	29	29	25	24	10	28	22	27	19	17	17	8	23	12	9	21	5	
Sc	16	23	20	19	5	21	15	21	18	19	14	6	11	8	8	18	3	
V	203	227	216	209	117	188	171	220	204	195	76	43	111	58	22	208	48	
Zn	231	45	200	191	118	161	84	208	41	52	62	73	100	56	56	45	58	
Rb	81	110	66	78	179	99	66	94	96	113	109	164	138	243	179	117	227	
Cs	23.55	8.34	22.04	29.61	14.67	11.39	9.66	15.66	7.43	4.83	4.68	4.76	3.12	4.03	1.95	7.24	2.33	
Ba	888	634	719	864	1300	803	860	823	758	903	1100	720	1200	381	738	670	1300	
Sr	1100	329	647	990	1200	1200	1200	150	543	921	816	540	1000	267	144	435	283	
Ta	0.93	0.48	1.40	1.09	1.08	0.48	0.60	0.90	0.91	0.96	0.85	0.47	0.62	0.40	0.63	1.03	1.63	
Hf	5.91	6.93	4.55	5.48	6.31	6.28	4.92	5.88	4.50	5.43	6.43	5.75	5.18	5.46	3.85	4.96	12.60	
Zr	350	330	330	555	310	340	320	350	300	300	250	636	437	250	350	519		
Th	11.56	11.86	13.05	13.71	17.01	12.18	10.28	13.01	12.15	13.76	10.22	15.78	14.21	13.60	7.93	13.36	20.06	
U	1.70	2.89	3.50	3.67	5.59	2.84	1.25	4.33	3.13	3.41	1.68	2.99	2.55	8.84	2.79	3.61	6.90	
La	35.66	41.74	31.27	33.78	33.76	31.45	30.18	33.28	29.60	32.57	16.25	30.92	35.03	12.40	24.10	31.22	25.76	
Ce	53.00	72.19	57.07	59.43	54.27	60.01	47.46	60.92	58.53	60.39	28.61	48.12	56.56	27.79	48.94	48.43	50.81	
Nd	7.00	27.92	22.86	24.07	17.53	20.31	18.06	26.27	15.94	26.44	9.44	15.05	23.08	5.00	18.24	19.47	12.25	
Sm	4.86	5.71	6.22	4.42	3.65	5.57	5.38	4.12	5.74	2.35	3.02	4.23	4.30	4.71	4.73	5.60		
Eu	1.43	1.59	1.45	1.50	1.24	1.47	1.31	1.56	1.17	1.48	1.06	1.10	1.27	1.11	1.37	1.09		
Gd	2.20	2.26	6.81	2.30	1.28	2.40	2.00	2.30	2.40	4.00	2.00	2.40	2.40	15.42	5.72	3.34	5.45	
Tb	0.40	0.82	0.70	0.92	0.30	0.96	0.61	1.13	0.76	0.48	0.47	0.71	0.64	0.52	0.59	0.33	0.53	
Dy	3.58	3.52	3.66	2.96	2.73	3.22	2.94	4.11	3.17	4.01	1.42	3.12	3.01	2.41	2.92	3.91	0.84	
Ho	1.25	1.22	1.05	1.40	1.34	1.12	1.15	1.20	1.09	1.04	1.15	1.25	1.40	1.02	1.30	1.00		
Tm	0.53	0.57	0.26	0.50	0.35	0.54	0.58	0.52	0.24	0.20	0.22	0.48	0.22	0.22	0.61	0.24		
Yb	2.22	2.81	3.27	2.53	1.81	3.20	2.04	3.37	2.81	2.72	2.06	3.27	1.74	2.48	2.52	2.41	1.91	
Lu	0.38	0.45	0.48	0.43	0.34	0.55	0.35	0.43	0.51	0.44	0.40	0.43	0.44	0.47	0.37	0.34		

Samples: 1= Absarokite; 2= Altered Absarokite; 3-4-5-6-7= Shoshonite; 8-9= Altered Shoshonite; 10= Idingsitized Shoshonite; 11= Shoshonite with big-pink Feldspars; 12-

13= Red-Lava Layer with big Feldspars; 14-15= Red-Lava Layer; 16= Red-Banakite or Latite; 17= Toscanite?

...



.(Pearce, 1982)

SiO_2

.(Mackenzie and Chappell, 1972)

$\text{SiO}_2\text{-K}_2\text{O}$

(A)

Ta/Yb-Ce/Yb

(B)

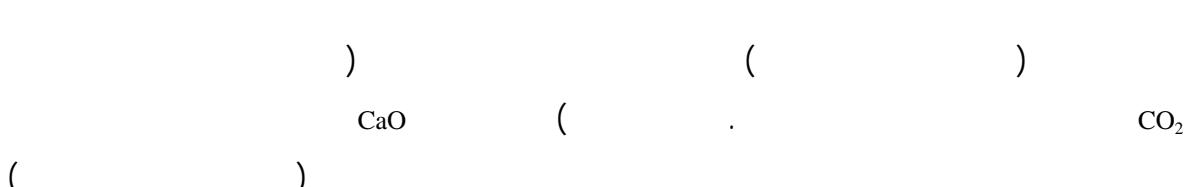
Th/Yb-Ta/Yb

(C)

.(Pearce, 1982)

(D)

.(Pearce, 1982)



Samp\Elem	SiO2%	TiO2%	Al2O3%	FeO*%	MnO%	MgO%	CaO%	Na2O%	K2O%	LOI%
Ign. Carbonate	0.84	0.08	0.09	0.22	0.75	0.66	52.78	0.03	0.02	44.53
Sec. Carbonate	2.46	0.05	0.08	0.01	0.01	0.13	52.91	0.01	0.01	44.33

Samp\Elem	Cr	Co	Sc	V	Rb	Cs	Ba	Sr	Ga	Hf	Th	U
Ign. Carbonate	2	1	4.92	2	7	1.02	873	723	2	0.30	0.15	0.65
Sec. Carbonate	1	1	0.04	1	6	0.60	32	127	1	0.18	0.10	0.33

Samp\Elem	La	Ce	Nd	Sm	Eu	Gd	Tb	Dy	Ho	Tm	Yb	Lu
Ign. Carbonate	18.72	42.17	21.07	4.91	1.20	1.78	0.51	1.79	0.30	0.19	1.14	0.14
Sec. Carbonate	0.35	0.70	1.10	0.07	0.04	0.35	0.06	0.17	0.10	0.16	0.12	0.03

(Fowler, (Eliston, 1985)

.(Watson, 1982) (Hibard, 1981) 1990

— (Amidi, 1977)

)

(

$$(\quad) \equiv$$

-

.()

1

1

11

1

(Fission Track)

.()

.()

()

5- S.M, Amidi. Etude Geologique De La Region De
Natanz - Surk (Central IRAN), Geological Survey
of IRAN, Rep. No. 42, 316 P. (1977).

6- A. Aftabi, and H. Atapour, **Regional aspects of shoshonitic volcanism in Iran**, Episodes, Vol. 23, No.2, 119-125. (2000).

7- R.V. Conceição, and D.H. Green, Derivation of potassic (shoshonitic) magmas by decompression melting of phlogopite+pargasite lherzolite, *Lithos*, Vol. 72, Issues 3-4, 209-229. (2004).

8- J. Dalton, B. J. A., Wood, The stability of carbonate under upper-mantle conditions as a function of

388. (2004).
- 16- C.J., Hawkesworth Gallagher, K., Hergt, J.M., and F. McDermott, Destructive plate margin magmatism. Geochemistry and melt generation. *Lithos*, Vol, 33 , 169- 188. (1994).
- 17- M. J., Hibard, The magma Mixing origin of mantled Feldspars. *Contrib. Min. Petrol*, Vol, 76, 158-170. (1981).
- 18- Jiang, Yao-Hui; Jiang, Shao-Yong; Ling, Hong-Fei; Zhou, Xun-Ruo; Rui, Xing-Jian; and Yang, Wan-Zhi Petrology and geochemistry of shoshonitic plutons from the western Kunlun orogenic belt, Xinjiang, northwestern China: implications for granitoid geneses, *Lithos*, Vol, 63, Issues 3-4, 165-187. (2002).
- 19- D.e., Mackenzie, and B.w., Chappell, Shoshonitic and calc-alkaline lavas from the highlands of Papua New Guinea, Contributions to Mineralogy and Petrology, Vol, 35, 50-62. (1972).
- 20- Mehdizadeh, Hossein; Liotard, Jean-Michel; Dautria, Jean-Marie Geochemical characteristics of an intracontinental shoshonitic association: the example of the Damavand volcano, Iran, *Comptes Rendus Geosciences*, Vol, 334, Issue 2, 111-117. (2002).
- 21- D., Muller, and D.I., Groves, Direct and indirect associations between potassic igneous rocks, shoshonites and gold-copper deposit, *Ore Geology Reviews*, Vol, 8, Issue 5, 383-406. (1993).
- 22- D., Muller, and D.I., Groves, Potassic igneous rocks and associated gold-copper mineralization: temperature and oxygen fugacity. *Eur. J. Mineralogy*, Vol, 7, 883-891. (1995).
- 9- E.F. De Lima, and L.V.S. Nardi, The Lavras do Sul Shoshonitic Association: implications for the origin and evolution of Neoproterozoic shoshonitic magmatism in southernmost Brazil, *Journal of South American Earth Sciences*, Vol, 11, Issue 1, 67-77. (1998).
- 10- O. Eklund, and A. Shebanov, Prolonged postcollisional shoshonitic magmatism in the southern Svecofennian domain – a case study of the Åva granite-lamprophyre ring complex, *Lithos*, Vol, 80, Issues 1-4, 229-247 . (2005).
- 11- J. N. Eliston, Rapakivi Texture. *Earth Science Reviews*, Vol, 22, 1-92. (1985).
- 12- S.F., Foley, and A. Peccerillo, Potassic and ultrapotassic magmas and their origin: *Lithos*, Vol, 28, 181-185. (1992).
- 13- S. Foley, Petrological characterization of the source components of potassic magmas. Geochemical and experimental constraints. *Lithos*, Vol, 28, 187-204. (1992).
- 14- A.D. Fowler, Self - Organized mineral textures of igneous rocks : The fractal approach. *Earth - Science Reviews* , Vol, 29 , 47-55. (1990).
- 15- R.C.O., Gill, A., Aparicio, M., El Azzouzi, J., Hernandez, M.F., Thirlwall, J. Bourgois, and G.F. Marriner, Depleted arc volcanism in the Alboran Sea and shoshonitic volcanism in Morocco: geochemical and isotopic constraints on Neogene tectonic processes, *Lithos*, Vol, 78, Issue 4, 363-

...

- Magmas - Comments. Geochemical geology, Vol,85 , PP. 183-196. (1990).
- 25- Technoexport Geology of Anarak area (Central Iran): Geological Survey of Iran, V/O "Technoexport", Report TE/No. 19, 143 p. (1984).
- 26- E. B., Watson, Basalt Contamination by continental crust. Some experiments and models. Cont. Min. Petrol. Vol, 80 , PP. 73-87.(1982).
- Lecture Notes in Earth Sciences, No.56, 238 p. (1997).
- 23- J.A., Pearce, Trace element characteristics of lavas from destructive plate boundaries.-In: THORPE, R.S. (Ed.): Andesites: Orogenic Andesites and Related Rocks: 525-548, 16 Fig., 1 Taf.; John Wiley & Sons, London. (1982).
- 24- A., Peccerillo, On the origin of the Italian potassic

Archive of SID