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In vivo

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In vitro

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<sup>1</sup> Invasive  
<sup>5</sup> Coronary artery  
<sup>9</sup> Distensibility

<sup>2</sup> Atherosclerosis  
<sup>6</sup> Carotid  
<sup>10</sup> Local pulse pressure

<sup>3</sup> Systole  
<sup>7</sup> parameter  
<sup>11</sup> Metabolism

<sup>4</sup> Diastole  
<sup>8</sup> Elasticity  
<sup>12</sup> Monitoring

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 $(\rho)$ 

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$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial r} + \frac{u}{r} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial z} = 0 \quad ( )$$

$$u = u(r, z, t) \quad w = w(r, z, t)$$

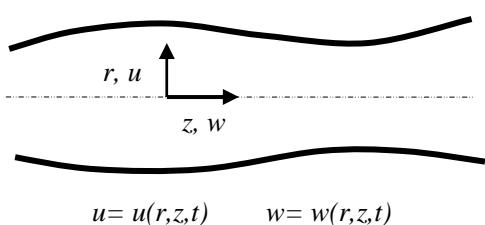
r z

[ ]

$$\begin{aligned} \rho \left( \frac{\partial w}{\partial t} + u \frac{\partial w}{\partial r} + w \frac{\partial w}{\partial z} \right) &= - \frac{\partial p}{\partial z} + \mu \left( \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial r^2} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial w}{\partial r} + \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial z^2} \right) \\ \rho \left( \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} + u \frac{\partial u}{\partial r} + w \frac{\partial u}{\partial z} \right) &= - \frac{\partial p}{\partial r} + \mu \left( \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial r^2} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial u}{\partial r} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial z^2} - \frac{u}{r^2} \right) \end{aligned} \quad ( )$$

$$p = p(r, z, t)$$

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<sup>13</sup> Hemodynamic  
<sup>17</sup> Mass conservation

<sup>14</sup> Gradient pressure estimation  
<sup>18</sup> Momentum

<sup>15</sup> Visual Basic  
<sup>19</sup> Navier-Stokes

<sup>16</sup> Reynolds number

$$\frac{\partial R}{\partial z} = \tan \psi + \left( \frac{\partial R}{\partial p} \right)_z \left( \frac{\partial p}{\partial z} \right)_t \quad ( )$$

$p_0$

$$\left( \frac{\partial R}{\partial p} \right)_z$$

: [ ]

(E)

(C<sub>m</sub>)

$$y = \frac{r}{R(z, t)}$$

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R(z, t)

$$c_m^2 = \frac{\bar{R}}{2\rho} \left( \frac{\partial R}{\partial p} \right)^{-1}$$

( )

t - z

z

$$c_m^2 = \frac{Eh}{2\rho \bar{R}}$$

( )

y

$$\left( \frac{\partial R}{\partial p} \right)_z^h$$

$$\frac{I}{R} \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} + \frac{u}{yR} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial z} - \frac{y}{R} \frac{\partial R}{\partial z} \frac{\partial w}{\partial y} = 0 \quad ( )$$

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$$\left( \frac{\partial R}{\partial p} \right)_z = \frac{\bar{R}^2}{Eh}$$

$$\bar{R}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial w}{\partial t} &= -\frac{1}{\rho} \frac{\partial p}{\partial z} + \frac{1}{R} \left( yw \frac{\partial R}{\partial z} - u + y \frac{\partial R}{\partial t} \right) \frac{\partial w}{\partial y} \\ &+ \frac{\mu}{\rho R^2} \left( \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial y^2} + \frac{1}{y} \frac{\partial w}{\partial y} + R^2 \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial z^2} \right) - w \frac{\partial w}{\partial z} \end{aligned} \quad ( )$$

$$\bar{R} = \frac{I}{T} \int_0^T R dt$$

( )

yR

y

T

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$$\begin{aligned} u(y, z, t) &= yw \frac{\partial R}{\partial z} - \frac{2}{y} \frac{\partial R}{\partial z} \int_0^y yw(y, z, t) dy \\ &- \frac{R}{y} \int_0^y y \frac{\partial w}{\partial z}(y, z, t) dy \end{aligned} \quad ( )$$

$$\frac{\partial R}{\partial z} = \tan \psi + \frac{\bar{R}^2}{Eh} \left( \frac{\partial p}{\partial z} \right)_t \quad ( \forall )$$

$$\frac{\partial R}{\partial z}$$

: ( )

$$\frac{\partial R}{\partial z} = \left( \frac{\partial R}{\partial z} \right)_p + \left( \frac{\partial R}{\partial p} \right)_z \left( \frac{\partial p}{\partial z} \right)_t$$

[ ]

$$(y=0)$$

$$\left( \frac{\partial R}{\partial z} \right)_p = \tan \psi \quad ( )$$

:  $\psi$

$$\begin{bmatrix} & & & & \vdots \\ & & & & 2\sigma_h A_7 - 2nR A_7 \\ ] & & & & \end{bmatrix} \quad ( )$$

<sup>23</sup> Doppler ultrasonography system  
<sup>27</sup> Axial stress

## <sup>24</sup> Lateral strain <sup>28</sup> Poisson

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## <sup>25</sup>Axial strain <sup>29</sup>Young modulus

## <sup>26</sup>Lateral stress <sup>30</sup>Viscoelastic

$$P = \frac{\pi R_0 h_0 E}{A} \left[ \sqrt{\frac{A}{A_0}} - 1 \right] + \frac{\pi R_0 h_0 \eta}{A} \frac{1}{2\sqrt{A_0 A}} \frac{\partial A}{\partial t} + P_0 \quad (1)$$

$$A_0 \quad h_0 \quad R_0$$

$$\eta \quad P_0 \quad P$$

$$E \quad ($$

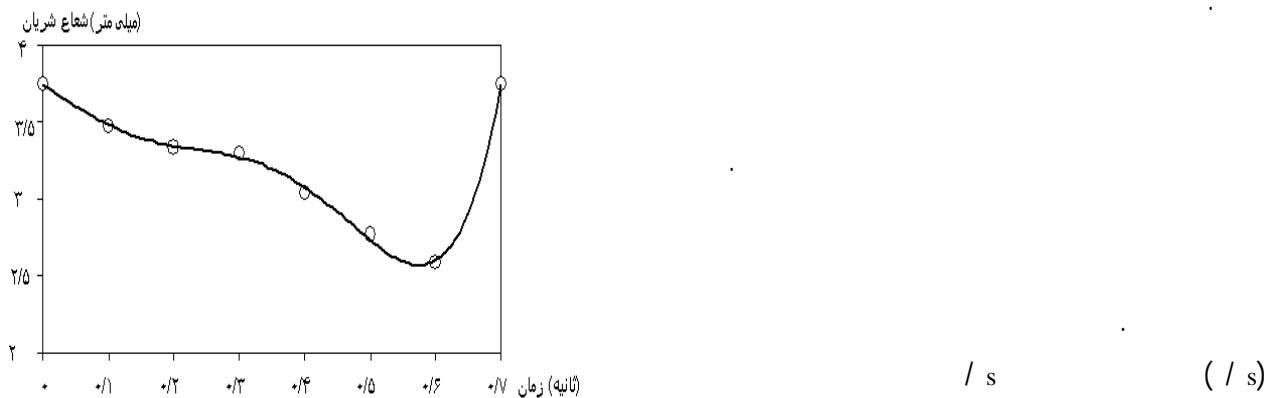
$$\frac{\partial R}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial w_c}{\partial t} \quad t$$

$$E = \frac{(P - P_0) - (R_0 h_0 \eta / R^2)(1/RR_0)(\partial R / \partial t)}{(R_0 h_0 / R^2)(R/R_0 - 1)} \quad (2)$$

B-mode

[ ] cm

/ MHz

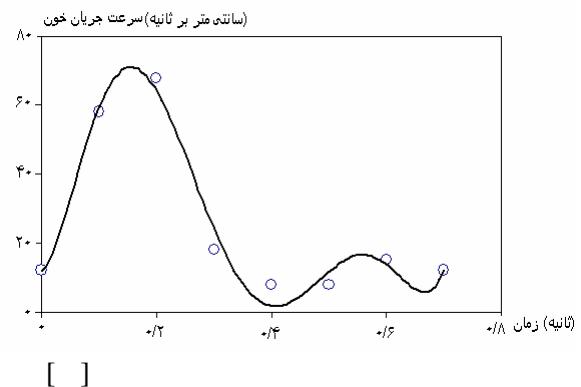
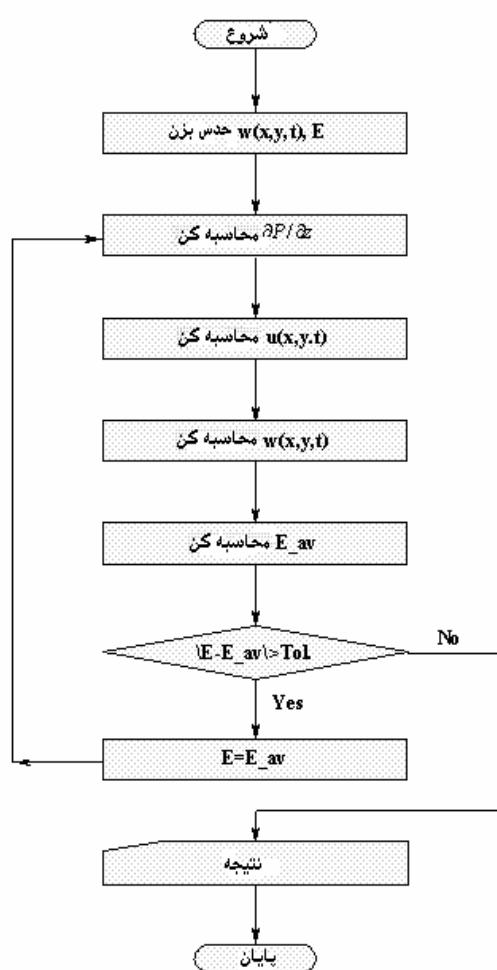


<sup>31</sup> Viscosity  
<sup>35</sup> Mid lumen  
<sup>39</sup> Microsoft Excel 2000

<sup>32</sup> Bifurcation  
<sup>36</sup> Video blaster  
<sup>40</sup> Polynominal

<sup>33</sup> GE logic 500MD, linear array  
<sup>37</sup> Real time ultrasound images

<sup>34</sup> Sample size  
<sup>38</sup> B-mode



$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial R}{\partial t} &= R(t) \\ \frac{\partial w_c}{\partial t} &= w_c(t) \end{aligned}$$

[ ]

$$\begin{aligned}
 &/ \times \quad \text{m/s} && \text{kg/m} \\
 &/ \quad \text{mm} && [ ] \\
 &\times \quad \text{Pa} && / \text{ s} \\
 &[ ] / {}^\circ && \\
 &\text{kPa} && [ ] \quad \text{Ns/m} \\
 &/ \quad \text{s} && \\
 &/ \quad \text{mm} &&
 \end{aligned}$$

[ ]

(N/m)	
/	
/	

[ ]

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$$E_p = 2E \times IMT_{D_{min}} / D_{min} \quad ( )$$

$$IMT_{D_{min}}$$

[ ]	$D_{min}$
( )	[ ]
$IMT_{D_{min}}$	
/ mm	( ) / mm

[ ]

(N/m)	
/	
/	

[ ]

MRI

[ ]

<sup>42</sup> Peterson strain-pressure elastic modulus  
<sup>46</sup> Non linear two dimensional model

<sup>43</sup> Magnetic Resonance Imaging

<sup>44</sup> Compliance

<sup>45</sup> Offline

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