

IGV

TIT

IGV

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[] Kurzke

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[] Kurzke

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IGV

Modular

Off Design

Beta

Beta

[] Philip & Walsh [] Kurzke
TET TIT IGV

Swirl

(OGV)

VIGV

(VIGV)

(VSV)

VSV VIV

Bleed

$$\int_{T_1}^{T_2} \bar{c}_{PM} \frac{dT}{T} = \int_{P_1}^{P_2} \frac{R}{\eta_{\infty c} P} \frac{dP}{P} = \frac{R}{\eta_{\infty c}} \int_{P_1}^{P_2} \frac{dP}{P} \quad ()$$

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$$w_{comp.} = \frac{\int_{T_1}^{T_2} \bar{c}_{PM} dT}{MW_M} \quad ()$$

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d c b a

C4H10 C3H8 C2H6 CH4

$\bar{\lambda}$

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$$\bar{\lambda} = \frac{n_{fuel}}{n_{air}} \quad ()$$

$$\bar{\lambda}(aC_{x1}H_{y1} + bC_{x2}H_{y2} + cC_{x3}H_{y3} + dC_{x4}H_{y4}) + (y_{O_2}.O_2 + y_{N_2}.N_2 + y_{Ar}.Ar + y_{CO_2}.CO_2 + y_{H_2O}.H_2O) \quad ()$$

$$\rightarrow (y_{CO_2} + \bar{\lambda}.n_{\alpha t}).CO_2 + (y_{H_2O} + .5n_{\beta t}.\bar{\lambda}).H_2O + y_{N_2}.N_2 + y_{Ar}.Ar + (y_{O_2} - B.\bar{\lambda}).H_2O$$

d c b a

Yi .

$$n_{\alpha t} = a x_1 + b x_2 + c x_3 + d x_4 \quad ()$$

$$B = n_{\alpha t} + .25n_{\beta t} \quad ()$$

$$f_{theoretical} = \frac{m_{fuel}}{m_{air}} = \frac{n_{fuel}}{n_{air}} \cdot \frac{MW_{fuel}}{MW_{air}} = \bar{\lambda} \cdot \frac{MW_{fuel}}{MW_{air}} \quad ()$$

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$$\eta_b = \frac{f_{theoretical}}{f_{actual}} \quad ()$$

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$$\frac{\frac{\Delta P_0}{P_0}}{(\frac{\Delta P_0}{P_0})_d} \approx \frac{\frac{m\sqrt{T_0}}{P_0}^2}{(\frac{m\sqrt{T_0}}{P_0})_d^2} \quad ()$$

[] Walsh

$$\eta_b = -5.4697 \times 10^{-11} \times Load^5 + 3.97923 \times 10^{-8} \times Load^{-14} - 8.73718 \times 10^{-6} \times Load^3 + .000300007 \times Load^2 - .004568246 \times Load + 99.7 \quad ()$$

$$Load = \frac{\dot{m}}{V P^{1.8} 10^{.00145 (T_1 - 400)}} \quad ()$$

V

T1

P

\dot{m}

Load

η_b

Load

η_b

Load

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¹ Firing Temperature :FT

² Turbine Rotor Inlet Temperature : TRIT

³ Convective Cooling

⁴ Film Cooling

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$$M_c = M_g \times \xi \times \frac{Cp_{av}}{Cp_c} \quad ()$$

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$$\xi = ARC \times \left(\frac{\epsilon_c}{\epsilon - \epsilon_c} \right)^{PWR} \quad ()$$

$$\epsilon_c = \frac{T_g - T_b}{T_g - T_{Ci}} \quad ()$$

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TET TIT

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(Finite Diff.)

$$\begin{aligned}\vec{F} &= 0 \\ \vec{X}_{new} &= \vec{X}_{old} + \Delta \vec{X} \\ \Delta \vec{X} &= -J^{-1} \cdot \vec{F}\end{aligned}$$

Siemens V94.2

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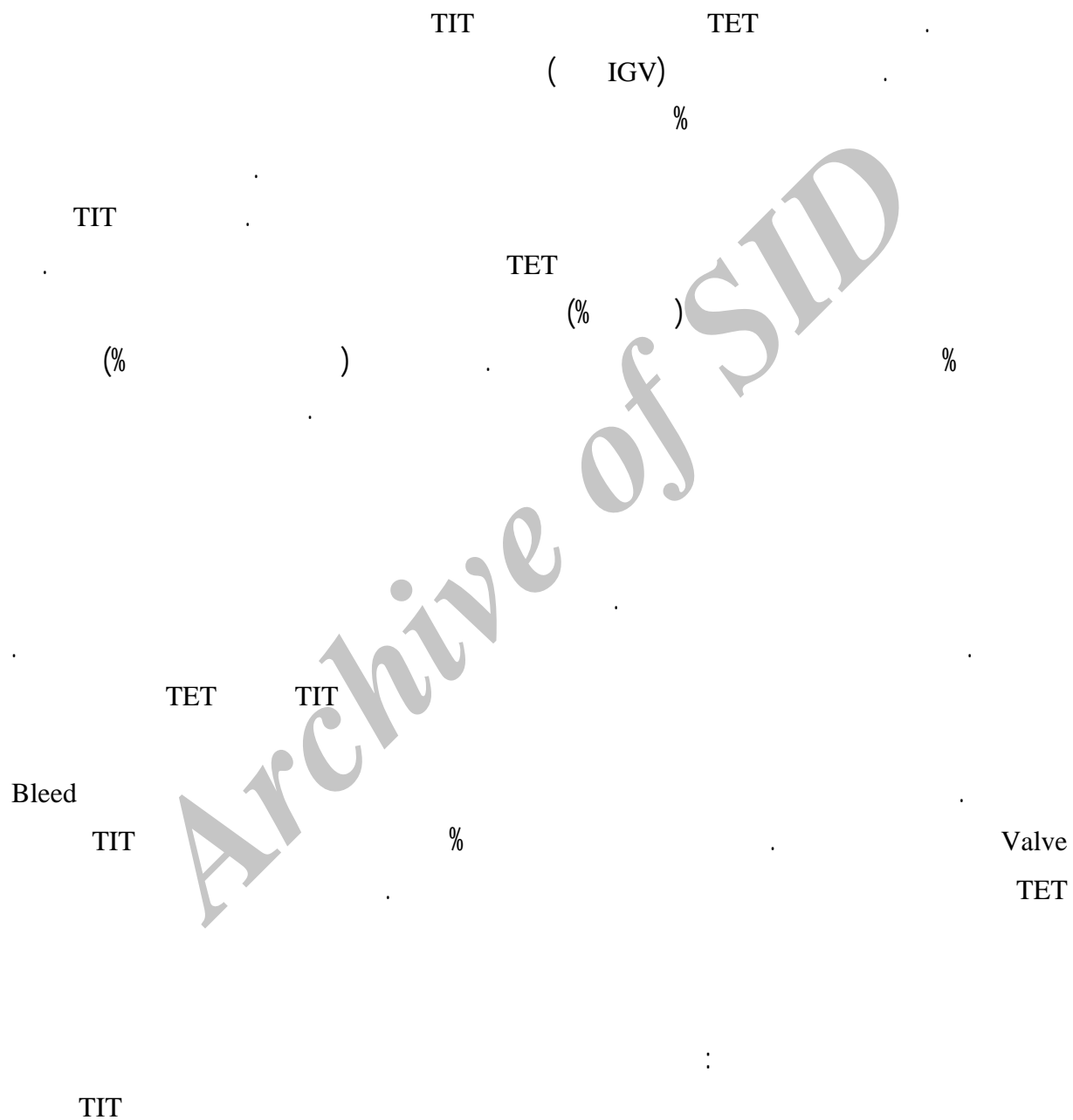
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¹ Equilibrium running line

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Surge TET TIT •

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[4] Kurzke, J., "Model Based Gas Turbine Parameter Corrections", ASME Turbo Expo, Atlanta, Georgia, USA, (2003).

[5] Kurzke, J., "Advanced User Friendly Gas Turbine Performance Calculations on a Personal Computer", International Gas Turbine and Aerospace Congress, Houston, Texas, USA, (1995).

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- [7] Walsh, Philip P., "*Gas Turbine Performance*", Blackwell Science, Oxford, UK, (2004).
- [8] Cohen, H., Rogers, G.F.C., and Saravanamuttoo, H.I.H., "*Gas Turbine Theory*", Longman Scientific & Technical, UK, (1996).

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: c_{PM}

: T

: P

: R

: Mw

: W_{comp}

: n

: m

: TIT

: TET

: IGV

: CPR

: Pr

: m_f

: η_{sc}

: η_b

: g

: b

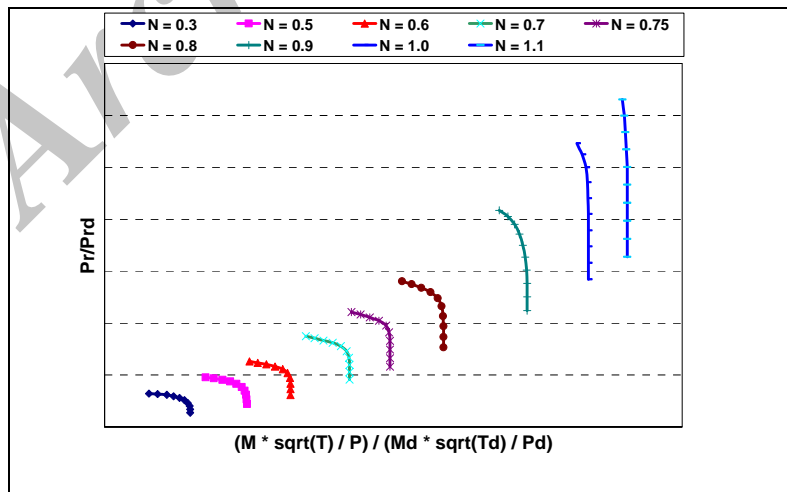
: c

: av

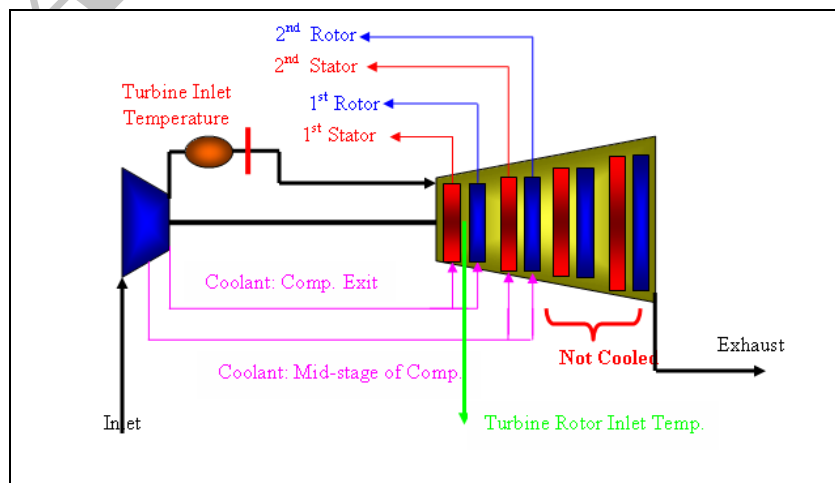
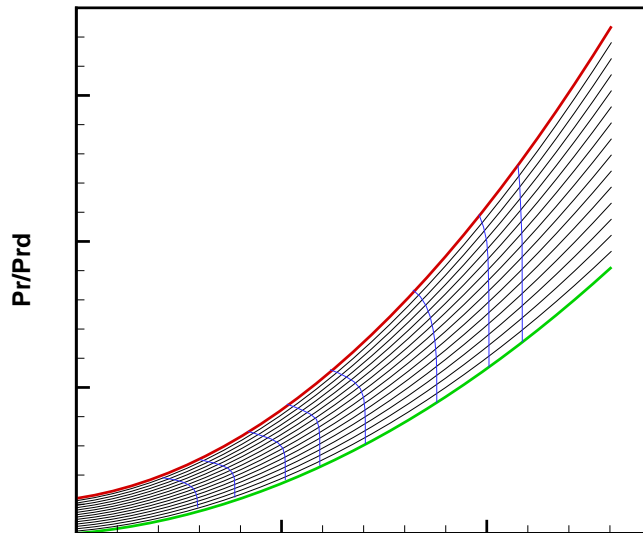
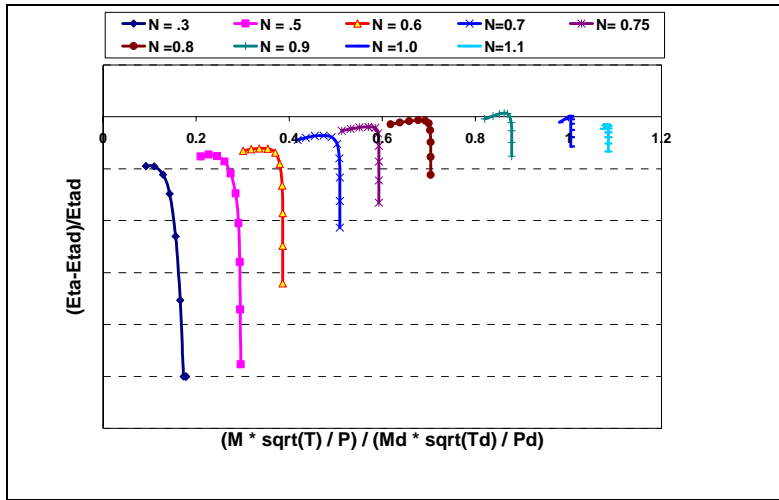
(Siemens V94.2) A

/		/	
CH_4			(K)
CC FC		/	
-		/	
			(kg/s)
		/	%

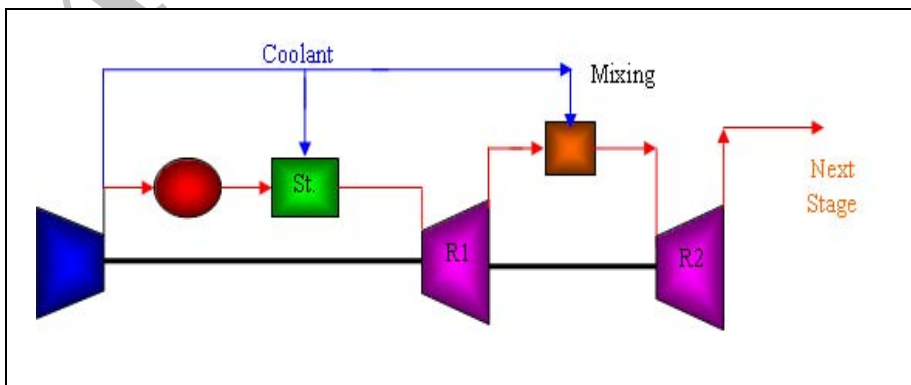
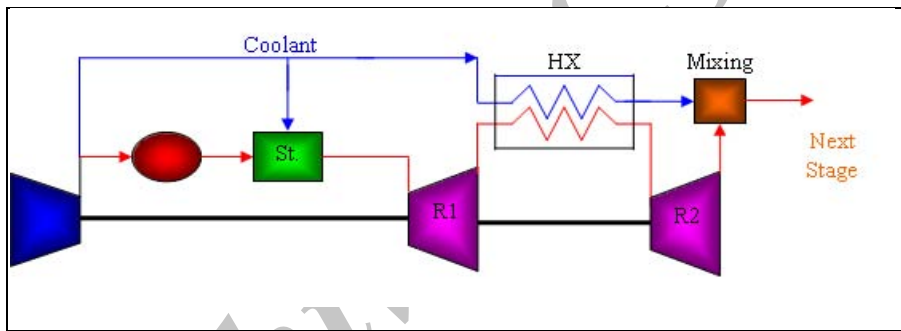
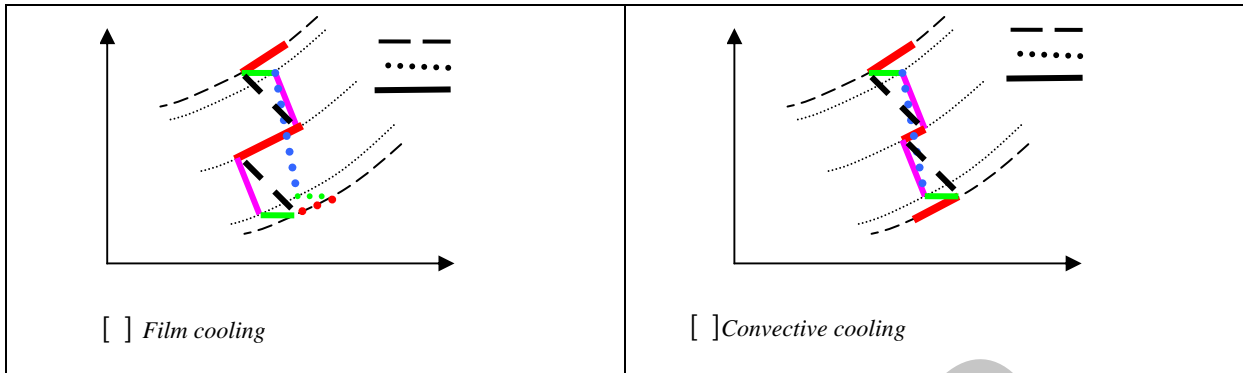
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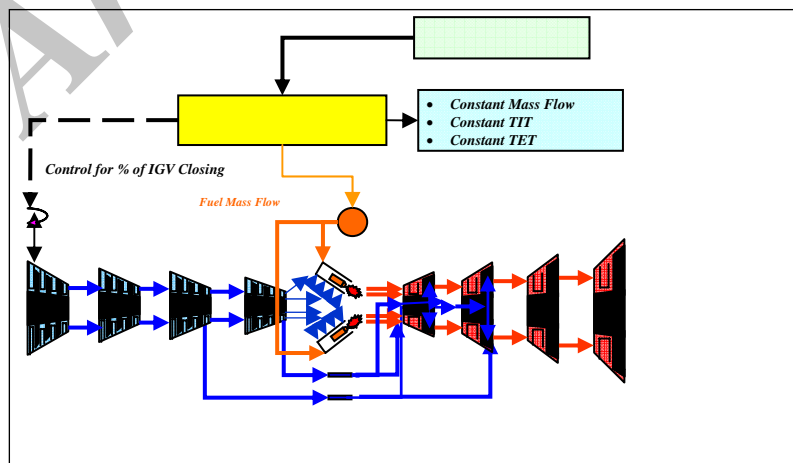
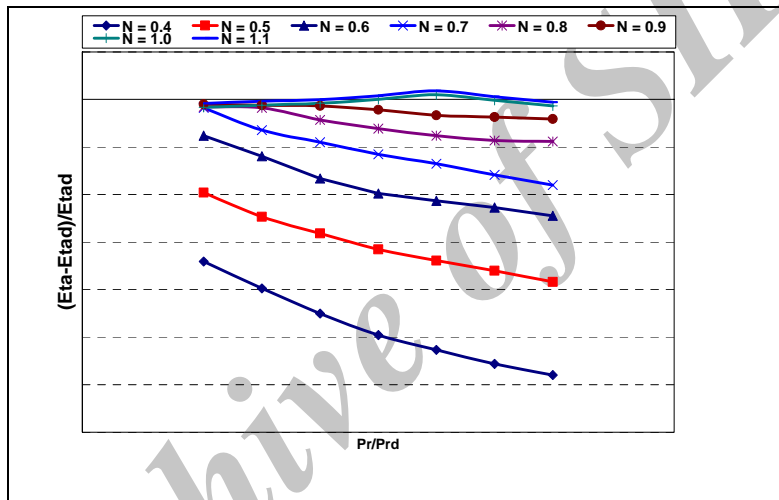
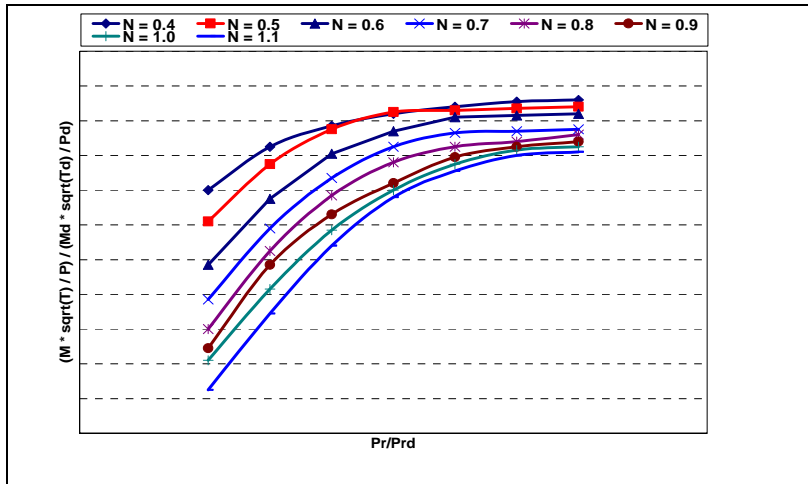


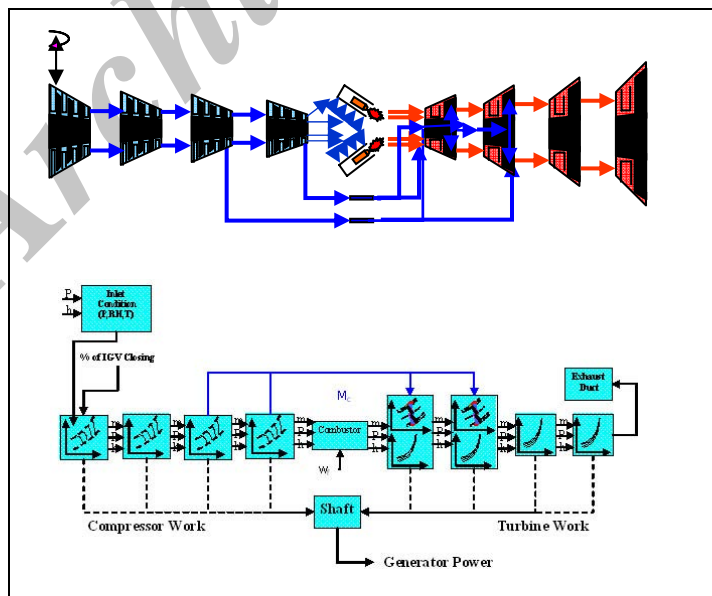
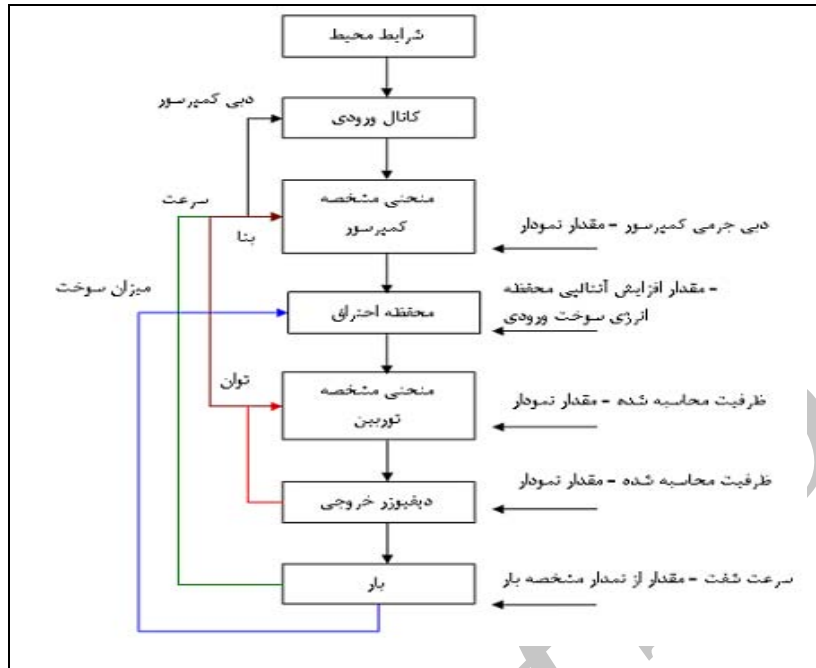
- ¹ Film Cooling
- ² Convection Cooling
- ³ Thermal Barrier Coating (TBC)

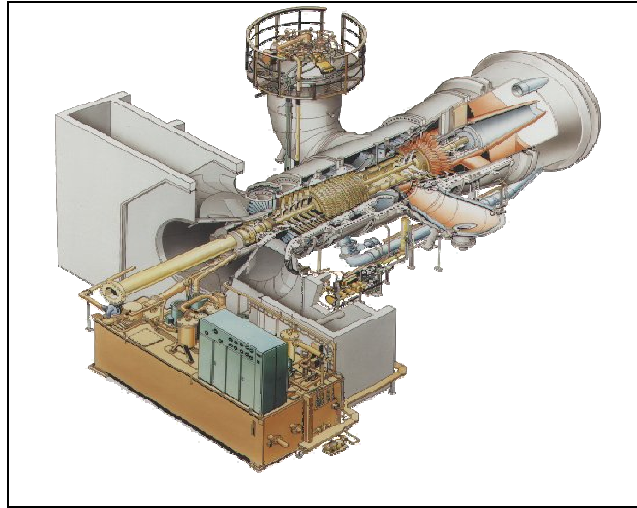


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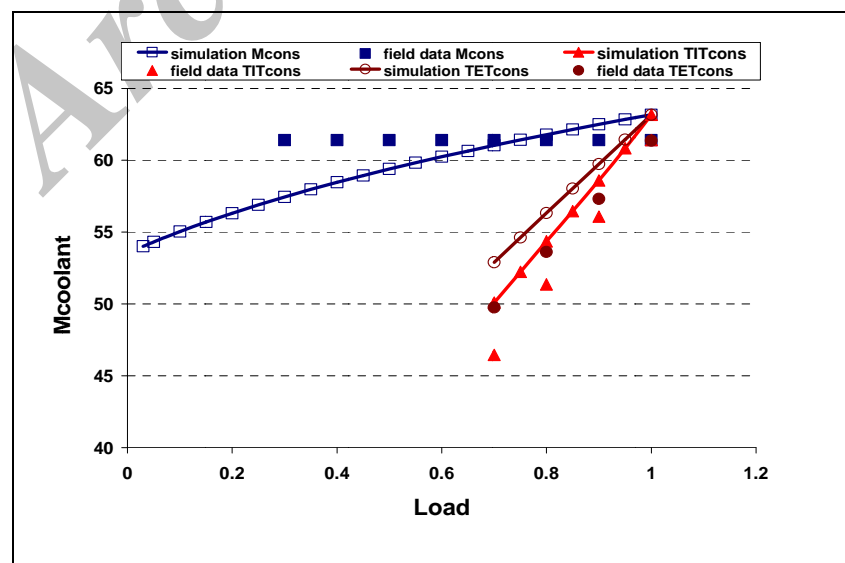
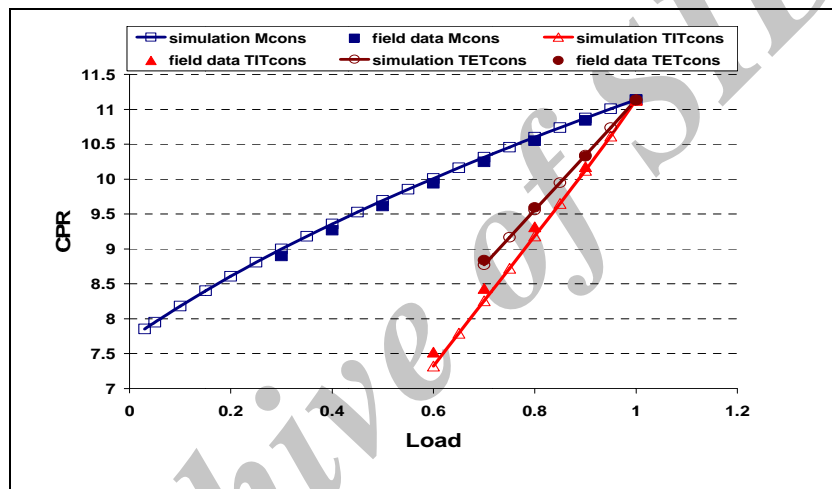


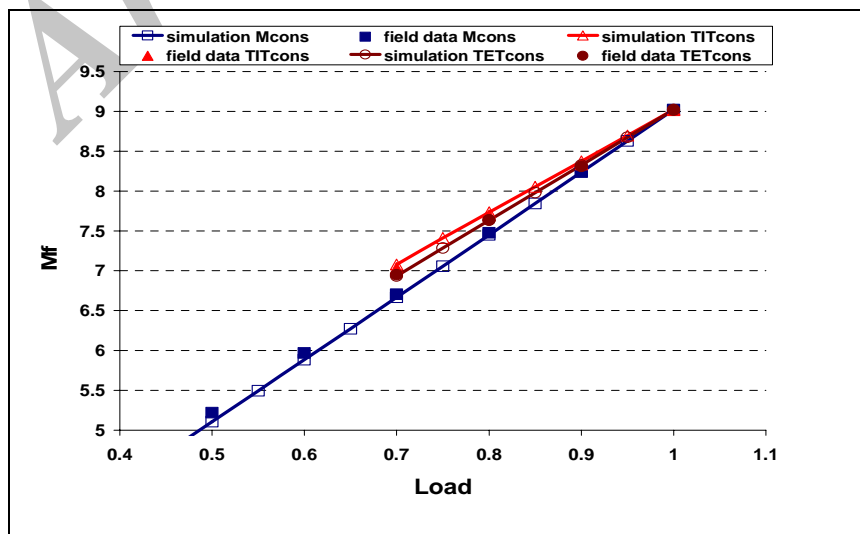
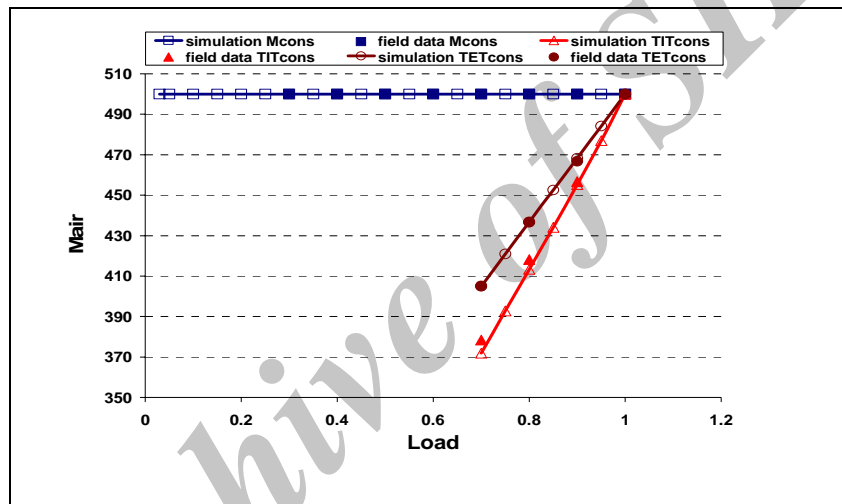
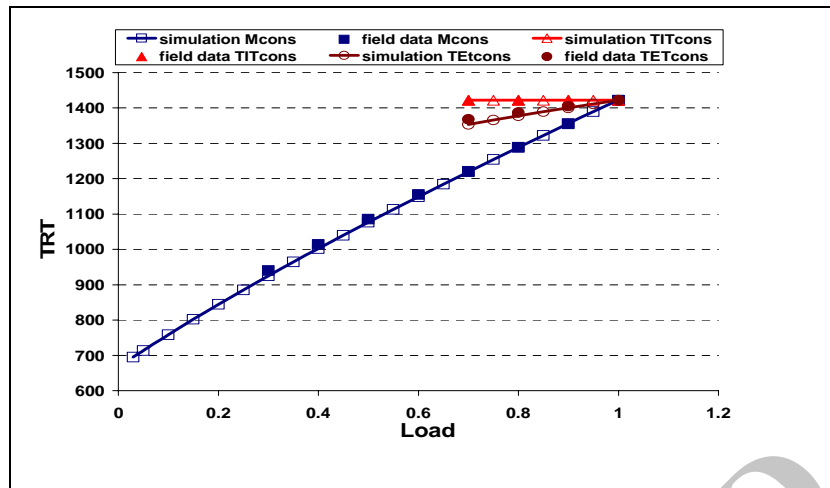


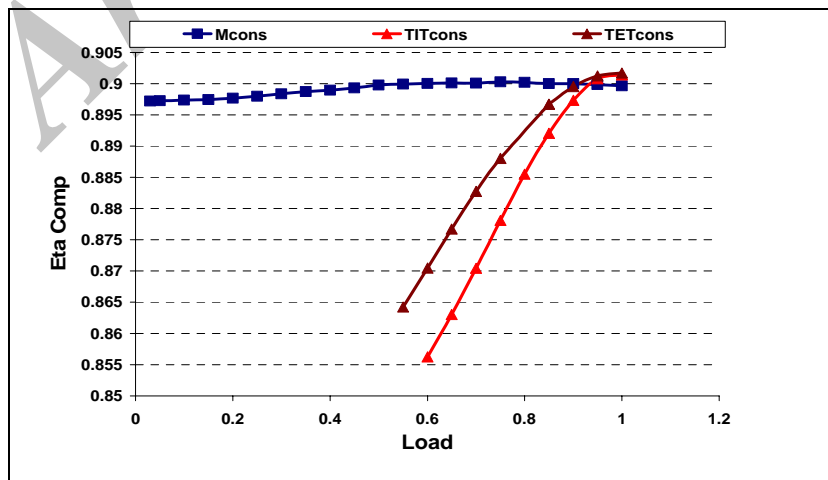
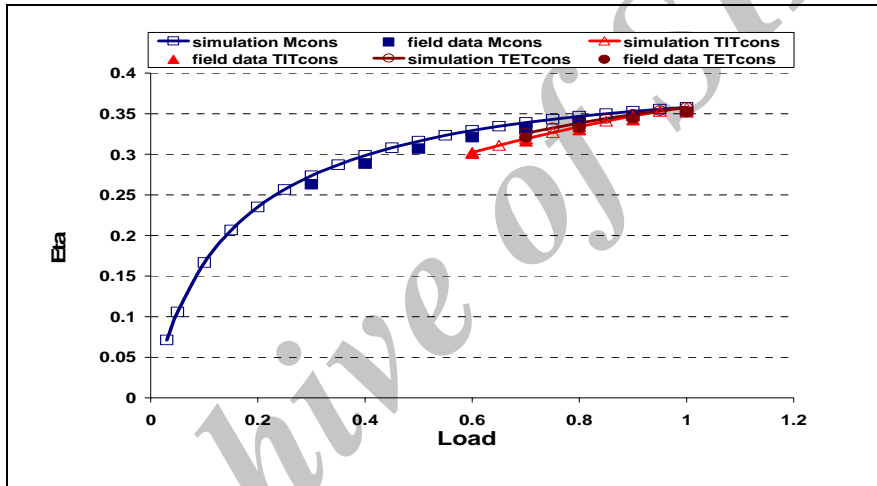
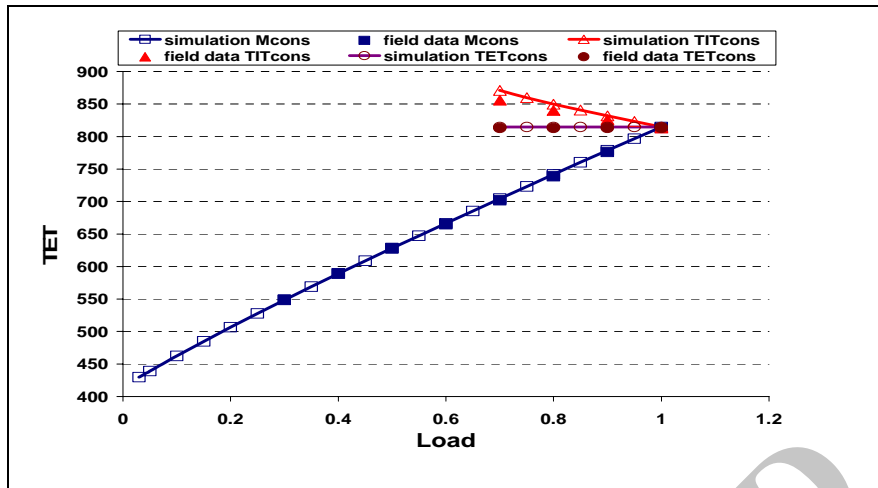


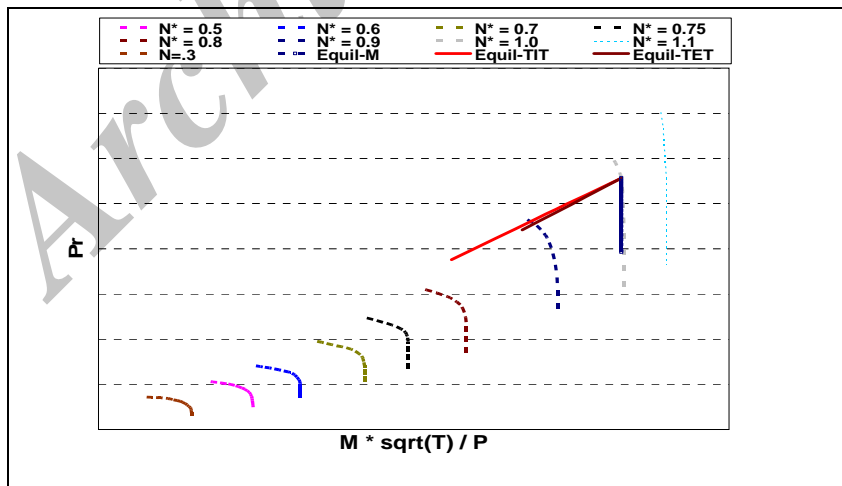
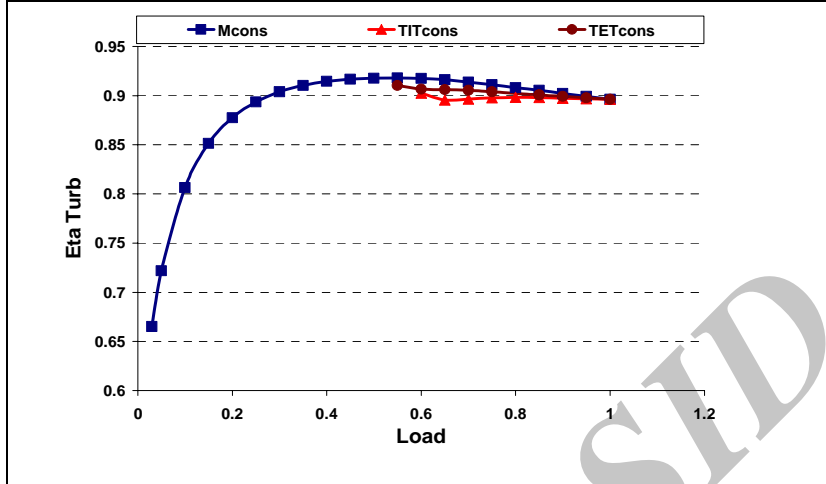


Siemens V94.2









Abstract

In this paper behavior of simple cycle gas turbine at both design and off-design conditions is investigated. A zero dimensional and thermodynamic model is developed based on generalized compressor and turbine map. An accurate method for reading and interpolating these component maps is developed. The turbine blade cooling effect on gas turbine performance is considered with cooling models. The combustion chamber with various fuels is modeled. The model is run for Siemens V94.2 and results are compared by manufacturer data and it is demonstrated that this model is accurate for prediction of gas turbine behavior at off-design conditions. Effect of various control systems – IGV constant, TIT constant and TET constant- is evaluated. These results show that IGV constant control system has highest efficiency and TIT constant has lowest efficiency for a simple cycle gas turbine. Also the results show that the compressor is the most stable and away enough from the surge line with IGV constant control system and has highest efficiency.

This developed model has the ability to be used for gas turbine dynamic model and gas turbine control system design.

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