

Tarbiat Moallem University, 20th Seminar on Algebra,
2-3 Ordibehesht, 1388 (Apr. 22-23, 2009) pp 225-227

AN OPEN PROBLEM ON SEMIPRIME MODULES

M. R. VEDADI

Department of Mathematical Sciences
Isfahan University of Technology
Isfahan, 84156-83111, IRAN mrvedadi@cc.iut.ac.ir

ABSTRACT. An R -module M is called semiprime if it is cogenerated by each of its essential submodules. We investigate when a semiprime module M has the property that for every non-zero submodule $N \leq M$, there exists an R -homomorphism $\theta : M \rightarrow N$ such that $\theta(N) \neq 0$. It is partially solved an open problem posed in [2].

1. INTRODUCTION

All rings are associative with unit elements and all modules are unitary right modules. It is easy to verify that a ring R is semiprime (i.e. R has no non-trivial nilpotent ideals) if and only if R is cogenerated by each of its essential right ideals (i.e. if A is an essential right ideal of R , there exists a family of R -modules $\{A_i\}_{i \in I}$ such that each A_i is isomorphic to A and R_R embeds in $\prod_{i \in I} A_i$). Motivated by this, an R -module M is called *semiprime* if it is cogenerated by each of its essential submodules, see [4, pp. 100] for transferring semiprimeness conditions from rings to modules. A proper subclass of the class of semiprime modules is the class of modules X which embed in each of their essential submodules. Such modules X was called *essentially compressible* and studied in [3]. In [2, open problem(2), p.92], it is asked whether there exists a semiprime module M which is not *weakly compressible*. Recall that a module M_R is weakly compressible if for any non-zero submodule N of M_R there exists an R -endomorphism $\varphi : M \rightarrow N$ such that $\varphi|_N \neq 0$. Clearly weakly compressible modules M are *retractable* (i.e. $\text{Hom}_R(M, N) \neq 0$ for every non-zero submodule N of M). Retractable modules have been investigated by several authors (see, [1] for a recent work on the subject). In order to study semiprime modules by prime modules, there exists the natural question:

“ *when is a semiprime module a subdirect product of prime modules?* ”

In [2], it is proved that every weakly compressible module is a subdirect product of prime modules where a module M_R is said to be prime whenever $R/\text{ann}(M) \in \text{Cog}(N)$ for all $N \leq M_R$. In this note, in section 1, we investigate conditions under which a semiprime module is weakly compressible and in section 2, we show that over certain rings, semiprime modules are weakly compressible. We

2000 Mathematics Subject Classification: 16D10, 16D90.

keywords and phrases: Duo module, essentially compressible, semiprime module, weakly compressible.

introduce and investigate two classes of modules such that the class of weakly compressible modules lies between them. In the above definition of weakly compressible modules, suppose that N is an essential submodule of M , then we call M *essentially weakly compressible*. We also introduce *semi-essentially compressible* modules X (i.e. $Y \leq_e X_R$ implies $X \hookrightarrow Y^{(\Lambda)}$ for some set Λ). If a semiprime module X has the property that $Y \leq_e X$ when $X \in \text{Cog}(Y)$, then we call X *good semiprime*. Modules whose submodules are fully invariant are called *duo*. Any terminology not defined here may be found in [4].

2. MAIN RESULTS

In the following Lemma we observe that semiprime modules are (at least) essentially weakly compressible.

- Lemma 2.1.** (i) *The class of weakly compressible modules is closed under direct sums and taking submodules.*
 (ii) *Any product of weakly compressible modules is an essentially weakly compressible.*
 (iii) *Semiprime modules are essentially weakly compressible.*

Using the known fact that torsionless modules over semiprime rings are weakly compressible, we can prove that nonsingular semiprime modules are weakly compressible.

Theorem 2.2. *Nonsingular semiprime modules are weakly compressible.*

It is easy to verify that if R is a duo ring, then every right ideal with zero annihilator is an essential right ideal. Next result extends this to modules.

Theorem 2.3. *Good semiprime modules are weakly compressible.*

Following Lemma give examples of good semiprime modules.

Lemma 2.4. *Duo semiprime modules are good semiprime.*

Corollary 2.5. *Duo semiprime modules are weakly compressible.*

By lemma 2.1(i) and the fact that any product of simple modules is a weakly compressible, we have:

Theorem 2.6. *If $\text{Soc}(M) \leq_e M$ and M is semiprime, then M is weakly compressible.*

We now investigate semi-essentially compressible modules and give a characterization of them and show that they are weakly compressible. This extends [3, Theorem 3.1]

Theorem 2.7. Consider the following conditions for M_R .

- (a) M is a semi-essentially compressible R -module.
- (b) $\forall N \leq M, \exists \alpha : M_R \rightarrow N_R^{(I)}$ for some set I such that $N \cap \ker \alpha = 0$.
- (c) \hat{M}_R has no proper fully invariant essential submodules.

Then (a) \Leftrightarrow (b) \Rightarrow (c) and all conditions are equivalent if M_R is Σ -projective.

Corollary 2.8. Semi-essentially compressible modules are weakly compressible.

3. WEAKLY COMPRESSIBLE MODULES OVER CERTAIN RINGS

By Theorem 2.6, we give a positive answer to the open problem when R is a semi-Artinian ring.

Theorem 3.1. If R is a semi-Artinian ring, then every semiprime module is weakly compressible.

Since the class of semiprime modules is closed under taking essential submodules, we can conclude the following by Lemma 2.1.

Theorem 3.2. If R is a commutative full semiprime ring, then every semiprime module lies in a product of weakly compressible modules.

Finally, we give a criteria for the weakly compressibility of a semiprime module over a ring with Krull dimension, in particular over Noetherian rings.

Theorem 3.3. If R is a commutative ring with Krull dimension, then a semiprime R -module M is weakly compressible if and only if there exists $f : M \rightarrow C$ with $f(C) \neq 0$ whenever $C \leq M_R$ is a critical compressible submodule whose Krull dimension is minimal among all Krull dimensions of critical compressible submodules.

The following conjecture states that the study of semiprime modules which are weakly compressible reduces to the study of such modules when they are singular.

Conjecture. A semiprime module is a weakly compressible module if and only if its singular submodule is a weakly compressible module.

REFERENCES

- [1] A. Haghany and M. R. Vedadi, *Study of semi-projective retractable modules*, Algebra Colloq. 14 (2007) 489-496.
- [2] C. Lomp, *Prime elements in partially ordered groupoids applied to modules and Hopf algebra actions*, J. Algebra Appl. 4(1) (2005) 77-97.
- [3] P. F. Smith and M. R. Vedadi, *Submodules of direct sums of compressible modules*, Comm. Algebra 36 (2008) 3042-3049.
- [4] R. Wisbauer, *Modules and Algebras Bimodule Structure and Group Actions on Algebras*, Pitman Monographs 81 Longman, Harlow (1996).