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Starch supported HClO₄: a mild and efficient recyclable catalyst for one-pot synthesis of polyhydroquinoline *via* the Hantzsch reaction under solvent-free conditions

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In recent years, an increasing interest has been focused on the synthesis of 1,4-dihydropyridyl compounds owing to their significant biological activity [1]. Generally, the basic skeleton of DHP was first discovered by Hantzsch in 1882 and this classical method involves the three-component coupling of an aldehyde with ethyl acetoacetate and ammonia in acetic acid or in refluxing alcohol [2]. Numerous methods have been reported [3] for the synthesis of polyhydroquinoline derivatives, because of the biological importance associated with 1,4-DHP ring and polyhydroquinoline derivatives. However, these methods suffer from drawbacks such as a long reaction time, an excess of organic solvent, lower product yields, and harsh refluxing conditions.

In recent years, the direction of science and technology has been shifting more towards ecofriendly, natural product resources and reusable catalysts. Thus, natural biopolymers are attractive candidates in the search for such solid support catalysts [4].

The present study describes a convenient and efficient process for the synthesis of polyhydroquinoline derivatives through a four-component coupling of various aromatic aldehydes, 5,5-dimethyl-1,3-cyclohexanedione, ethyl acetoacetate, and ammonium acetate

in a solvent-free media at 100° C using starch supported HClO₄ (starch/HClO₄) as a heterogeneous catalyst. The catalyst is highly active, stable, and could be reused several times without much loss of its activity.

References

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