Investigation of Relationship Between TGF beta1 Gene and Multiple Sclerosis Disease

Elmira Sanjari¹, Mohammad Ali Sahraiyan², Mitra Ataei¹, Mohammad Hossein sanati *1

1. Medical Genetic Department, National Institute of Genetic Engineering and Biotechnology (NIGEB), Tehran, Iran.

2. Sina Hospital

*Corresponding author: Mohammad Hossein sanati

National Institute of Genetic Engineering and Biotechnology

E-mail: m-sanati@nigeb.ac.ir

Multiple sclerosis (MS) is a neurodegenerative and auto immune disease of the central nervous system (CNS) characterized by inflammation, demyelination, axonal damage and gliosis.

The main cause of Ms is still unclear but studies are confirmed the role of environmental and genetic factors is MS etiology. Researches shows that the risk of acquiring Ms is higher in relatives of a person with the disease than in the general populion.

In this study 21 patients with Ms disease and 21 people as control group were investigated . first , total RNA was extracted from peripheral blood leukocytes of normal and patient groups and then cDNA was synthesized . the expression level of TGF – b1 gere was quantified by Real – time PCR . the results showed that expression level of TGF b1 in patients is upper than the one in normal people (p=0.015). This investigate approved the studies form other scientists.

According to this study, we suggest that TGF –b1 can be used as biomarker for early diagnosis of MS. How ever , more researches are necessary to reach this goal .

Key words: Multiple Sclerosis, Real time PCR, TGF beta 1

12+