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1636 MAIN WATER-SOLUBLE POLYSACCHARIDE FROM EREMURUS SPECTABILIS ROOTS: EXTRACTION, PURIFICATION AND YIELD DETERMINATION

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The *Eremurus* plant, popularly called "serish" in Iran, belongs to the Liliaceae family. Eremurus spectabilis is one of the most important species from this genus. It grows very well in South and Central Asia, including Iran, West Pakistan, Afghanistan, Iraq, Turkey, Palestine, Lebanon, Syria and Caucasus [1]. The people locally use the hypogeal organs (roots) of this plant to cure jaundice, liver disorders, stomach irritation, pimples and bone fractures and even as a glue for industrial application [2]. Roots of medical plants are important resources of interesting bioactive polysaccharide, many of which have been reported to possess various biological functions [3]. In current study a water-soluble crude polysaccharide (CESP) was obtained from the roots of E. by warm-water extraction (60 °C), ethanol spectabilis precipitation and deproteinization. CESP was purified with DEAE-cellulose A52 column and the procedure was monitored by phenol-sulfuric acid method. The main fraction was collected, vacuum-dried and named as ESPS-1. The total yield of ESPS-1 was 4.1% of the dried material.

References

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